

**In The
Supreme Court of the United States**

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SOUTH BAY UNITED PENTECOSTAL CHURCH, AND
BISHOP ARTHUR HODGES III,

Applicants,

v.

GAVIN NEWSOM, in his official capacity as the Governor of California; XAVIER
BECERRA, in his official capacity as the Attorney General of California, SONIA
ANGELL, in her official capacity as California Public Health Officer, WILMA J.
WOOTEN, in her official capacity as Public Health Officer, County of San Diego,
HELEN ROBBINS-MEYER, in her official capacity as Director of Emergency Services,
County of San Diego, and WILLIAM D. GORE, in his official capacity as Sheriff,
County of San Diego

Respondents

—◆—
To the Honorable Elena Kagan, Associate
Justice of the United States Supreme Court and
Circuit Justice for the Ninth Circuit

—◆—
**OPPOSITION OF COUNTY DEFENDANTS TO
PLAINTIFFS' EMERGENCY APPLICATION
FOR WRIT OF INJUNCTION**
—◆—

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Health Officer, County of San Diego, Helen Robbins-Meyer, in her official
capacity as Director of Emergency Services, County of San Diego, and William
D. Gore, in his official capacity as Sheriff, County of San Diego*

JOINDER IN STATE DEFENDANTS' OPPOSITION

The County Defendants—County Public Health Officer, Dr. Wilma J. Wooten; San Diego County Sheriff William D. Gore; and County Emergency Services Director Helen Robbins-Meyer, all sued in their official capacities (the “County Defendants”)—hereby join the Opposition filed by the State Defendants. The County Defendants agree that denial of plaintiffs’ application is appropriate for all the reasons stated therein.

THE COUNTY’S SOCIAL DISTANCING AND SANITATION PROTOCOL

The County Defendants further note that plaintiffs’ request for injunctive relief misunderstands the nature and purpose of the County’s public health protocols. Specifically, plaintiffs’ request assumes that the County’s Social Distancing and Sanitation Protocol (hereinafter, the “Protocol”) (Appendix A¹) was designed to address public health concerns related to *any* organized gathering, no matter the context. In plaintiffs’ view, if adherence to the Protocol by a local business is sufficiently protective of public health, then adherence to the Protocol by a church must be too. *See* Plaintiffs’ Application, at p. 5 (“Plaintiffs seek an injunction as follows: Defendants . . . are restrained and enjoined from enforcing . . . any prohibition on Plaintiffs’ engagement in religious services, practices, or activities at which the

¹ Available at <https://tinyurl.com/qpy9sen> (last visited May 28, 2020).

County of San Diego’s Social Distancing and Sanitation Protocol and Safe Reopening Plan is being followed.”).

In reality, the Social Distancing and Sanitation Protocol was not designed to be sufficient to regulate indoor public gatherings, in which groups of people gather in a singular and undifferentiated space. There was no need for such regulation at the time the Protocol became effective (*i.e.*, April 7, 2020), because such gatherings were prohibited. Indeed, it was not until three weeks after the effective date of the Protocol that the Governor even announced his reopening plan, under which indoor public gatherings—whether secular or religious—would be phased in over time.

The plain language of the Protocol, too, demonstrates that it does not contemplate indoor public gatherings. Rather, it was designed to protect employees and customers of local businesses. It requires “desks or individual work stations” to be separated by at least six feet. Appendix A, p. 3. It requires disinfecting of “shopping carts and baskets,” as well as “payment portals, pens, and styluses.” *Id.* And most tellingly, it makes it mandatory to minimize the number of persons present, by requiring that **“everyone who can carry out their work duties from home has been directed to do so.”** *Id.* at p. 1.

Moreover, the Protocol is not designed to account for the unique risks associated with large-scale indoor gatherings involving collective singing and/or

recitation, especially when such gatherings are for sustained periods.² As the Seventh Circuit explained, such gatherings are fundamentally different than ordinary business activity:

The Executive Order’s temporary numerical restrictions on public gatherings apply not only to worship services but also the most comparable types of secular gatherings, such as concerts, lectures, theatrical performances, or choir practices, in which groups of people gather together for extended periods, especially where speech and singing feature prominently and raise risks of transmitting the COVID-19 virus. Worship services do not seem comparable to secular activities permitted under the Executive Order, such as shopping, in which people do not congregate or remain for extended periods.

Elim Romanian Pentecostal Church v. Pritzker, 2020 WL 2517093 (7th Cir. May 16, 2020) (Easterbrook, C.J., Kanne, C.J., Hamilton, C.J.).

Plaintiffs’ request for injunctive relief thus rests on a misunderstanding of the County’s Protocol. When combined with the Governor’s caps on attendance, social distancing measures and sanitation becomes a useful tool for protecting public health in the context of indoor church services. But the Protocol was never intended to be

² The CDC recently published a report detailing how a church choir practice in the State of Washington became a “superspreader event” – a single individual infected up to 52 other choir members (*i.e.*, 86.7% of choir members), *even though there was no physical contact during practice*. CDC, MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY WEEKLY REPORT (Vol. 69, May 15, 2020), available at https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/69/wr/mm6919e6.htm?s_cid=mm6919e6_w (last visited May 28, 2020).

sufficient, standing alone, to regulate indoor public gatherings. Plaintiffs' request for injunctive relief should be denied.

MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS SHOULD NOT BE ENJOINED

With respect to the County Defendants, there is an additional reason to deny the requested relief. The Governor asserted sole authority to decide when the State would move into new stages of its Resiliency Roadmap, and thus when his stay-at-home order would be modified to permit in-person religious services and similar secular gatherings.

On May 25, 2020, the Governor issued its Guidance regarding Places of Worship and Providers of Religious Services and Cultural Ceremonies, which authorized reopening, subject to attendance caps. The Governor again asserted sole authority to set the cap, and did not authorize municipalities to set higher caps. *See* Plaintiffs' Application, Exh. A (Governor's Guidance) at p. 3 ("Places of worship must therefore limit attendance to 25% of building capacity or a maximum of 100 attendees, whichever is lower. This limitation will be in effect for the first 21 days of a county public health department's approval of religious services and cultural ceremonies activities at places of worship within their jurisdiction."). On May 26, 2020, the County adopted the Guidance. Specifically, the County's Order of the Health Officer and Emergency Regulations (Effective May 27, 2020) provides that "religious services and cultural ceremonial activities may be conducted in

conformance with the State Guidance,” provided that they also prepare and post a “Safe Reopening Plan.” *See* Appendix B, ¶¶ 11, 12, 14.

Plaintiffs’ request for injunctive relief should thus be directed at the Governor, who asserted sole authority to determine when in-person religious services would be permitted, and to impose a cap on attendance at such services. The municipal defendants need not and should not be enjoined.

Respectfully submitted,

THOMAS E. MONTGOMERY, County Counsel
COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

/s/ Jeffrey P. Michalowski

JEFFREY P. MICHALOWSKI
Senior Deputy

APPENDIX A

SOCIAL DISTANCING AND SANITATION PROTOCOL

Business Name:

Facility Address:

Businesses must implement all mandatory measures listed in A, B, and F below. Businesses shall select applicable measures listed in C, D, and E below and be prepared to explain why any measure that is not implemented is inapplicable to the business.

A. Signage (Mandatory):

- ☐ Signage at each public entrance of the facility to inform all employees and customers that they should: avoid entering the facility if they have a cough or fever; maintain a minimum six-foot distance from one another; and not shake hands or engage in any unnecessary physical contact.
- ☐ Signage posting a copy of the Social Distancing Protocol at each public entrance to the facility.

B. Measures To Protect Employee Health (Mandatory):

- ☐ Everyone who can carry out their work duties from home has been directed to do so.
- ☐ All employees have been told not to come to work if sick.
- ☐ All desks or individual work stations are separated by at least six feet.
- ☐ Break rooms, bathrooms, and other common areas are being disinfected frequently, on the following schedule:

☐ Breakrooms:

☐ Bathrooms:

☐ Other:

:

- ☐ Disinfectant and related supplies are available to all employees at the following location(s):

- ☐ Hand sanitizer effective against COVID-19 is available to all employees at the following location(s):

SOCIAL DISTANCING AND SANITATION PROTOCOL

B. Measures To Protect Employee Health (Mandatory) Continued:

☐ Soap and water are available to all employees at the following location(s):

☐ Copies of the Protocol have been distributed to all employees.

C. Measures To Prevent Crowds From Gathering (Check all that apply to the facility):

☐ Limit the number of customers in the store at any one time to which allows for customers and employees to easily maintain at least six-foot distance from one another at all practicable times.

☐ Ensure an employee is at the door to monitor that the maximum number of customers in the facility set forth above is not exceeded.

☐ Placing per-person limits on goods that are selling out quickly to reduce crowds and lines.

☐ Optional – Describe other measures:

D. Measures To Keep People At Least Six Feet Apart (Check all that apply to the facility):

☐ Placing signs outside the store reminding people to be at least six feet apart, including when in line.

☐ Placing tape or other markings at least six feet apart in customer line areas inside the store and on sidewalks at public entrances with signs directing customers to use the markings to maintain distance.

☐ Separate order areas from delivery areas to prevent customers from gathering.

☐ All employees have been instructed to maintain at least six feet distance from customers and from each other, except employees may momentarily come closer when necessary to accept payment, deliver goods or services, or as otherwise necessary.

☐ Optional – Describe other measures:

SOCIAL DISTANCING AND SANITATION PROTOCOL

E. Measures To Prevent Unnecessary Contact (Check all that apply to the facility):

☐

Preventing people from self-serving any items that are food-related.

☐

Lids for cups and food-bar type items are provided by staff; not to customers to grab.

☐

Bulk-item food bins are not available for customer self-service use.

☐

Not permitting customers to bring their own bags, mugs, or other reusable items from home.

☐

Providing for contactless payment systems or, if not feasible, sanitizing payment systems regularly. Describe below:

☐

Optional – Describe other measures (e.g., providing senior-only hours):

F. Measures To Increase Sanitization (Mandatory):

☐

Disinfecting wipes that are effective against COVID-19 are available near shopping carts and shipping baskets.

☐

Employee(s) assigned to disinfect carts and baskets regularly.

☐

Hand sanitizer, soap, and water, or effective disinfectant is available to the public at or near the entrance of the facility, at checkout counters, and anywhere else inside the store or immediately outside where people have direct interactions.

☐

Disinfecting all payment portals, pens, and styluses after each use.

☐

Disinfecting all high-contact surfaces frequently.

G. Hospitals/Health Care Facility Only:

☐

Symptoms/temperature checks to ensure any staff or visitors (allowed pursuant to Section 2c of the Order) entering the facility are not ill.

*Any additional measures not included here should be listed on separate pages, which the business should attach to this document.

You may contact the following person with any questions or comments about this protocol:

Name:

Phone Number:

Date of Form Completed:

APPENDIX B



County of San Diego

NICK MACCHIONE, FACHE

AGENCY DIRECTOR

HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES

3851 ROSECRANS STREET, MAIL STOP P-578

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(619) 531-5800 • FAX (619) 542-4186

WILMA J. WOOTEEN, M.D.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICER

ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER AND EMERGENCY REGULATIONS (Effective May 27, 2020)

Pursuant to California Health and Safety Code sections 101040, 120175, and 120175.5 (b) the Health Officer of the County of San Diego (Health Officer) **ORDERS AS FOLLOWS:**

Effective 12:00 a.m. on Wednesday, May 27, 2020 and continuing until further notice, the following will be in effect for San Diego County (county):

1. All persons are to remain in their homes or at their place of residence, except for employees or customers travelling to and from essential businesses, reopened businesses, or essential activities as defined in section 21, below, or to participate in individual or family outdoor activity as allowed by this Order.
2. All public or private “gatherings,” as defined in section 21 below, are prohibited.
3. All businesses not meeting the definition of essential business or reopened business in section 21 below are referred to in this Order as “non-essential businesses” and shall be and remain closed for the duration of this Order. All essential businesses and reopened businesses must comply with the requirements of this Order. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a non-essential business may remain open if its employees and owners can provide its services from home, including by telecommuting, without direct contact with the public.
4. All public or private schools, colleges, and universities shall not hold classes or other school activities where students gather on the school campus, except for research-related activities in colleges and universities and where necessary to train students who will serve as essential workers. Parents of minor children shall take steps to ensure said children are not participating in activities prohibited by this Order.

5. Child daycare and child care providers shall operate under the following conditions: i) child care should be carried out in stable groups of 12 or fewer (“stable” means that the same 12 or fewer children are in the same group each day); ii) children should not change from one group to another; iii) if more than one group of children is cared for at one facility, each group should be in a separate area; iv) groups should not mix with each other; and v) childcare providers should remain solely with one group of children, to the extent possible. Employees of such businesses, and the children being cared for, are not required to wear face coverings as described in section 9 while present at the daycare of child care facility. Child daycare and childcare providers shall establish health check and temperature screening requirements to ensure children and employees with a temperature of 100 degrees or above do not enter the facility. Restroom and other surfaces children regularly contact shall be sanitized with a disinfectant effective against coronavirus on a regular schedule and between groups occupying a particular area.
6. “Non-essential personnel,” as defined in section 21 below, are prohibited from entry into any hospital or long-term care facility. All essential personnel who are COVID-19 positive or show any potential signs or symptoms of COVID-19 are strictly prohibited from entry into hospitals or long-term care facilities. Notwithstanding the foregoing, individuals requiring medical care for COVID-19 or related conditions may be admitted to hospitals or other medical facilities if the hospital or medical facility is appropriate for treating COVID-19 and has adequate precautions in place to protect its patients, medical personnel and staff.
7. Hospitals and healthcare providers, including dentists shall:
 - a. Take measures to preserve and prioritize resources; and,
 - b. May authorize and perform non-emergent or elective surgeries or procedures based on their determination of clinical need and supply capacity, and where consistent with State guidance.
 - c. Nothing in this Order shall prevent physicians and other healthcare providers from conducting routine preventive care provided it conforms to any applicable State guidance.
 - d. Nothing in this Order shall prevent dentists or dental hygienists from conducting routine preventive care provided it conforms to any applicable State guidance.
8. Hospitals, healthcare providers, and commercial testing laboratories shall report all COVID-19 test results to the Public Health Officer immediately after such results are received.

9. All persons two year old or older who are present in the county shall have possession of a face covering described in California Department of Public Health Face Covering Guidance issued on April 1, 2020, (available at: <https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/Face-Coverings-Guidance.aspx>), when they leave their home or place of residence, shall wear the face covering whenever they are in a business or within six feet of another person who is not a member of their family or household. Persons with a medical or mental health condition, or developmental disability that prevents wearing a face covering shall be exempt from this requirement.
10. All essential businesses that allow members of the public to enter a facility must prepare and post a “Social Distancing and Sanitation Protocol” on the form available at: [https://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/dam/sdc/hhsa/programs/phs/Epidemiology/covid19/SOCIAL_DISTANCING AND SANITATION_PROTOCOL_04022020_V1.pdf](https://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/dam/sdc/hhsa/programs/phs/Epidemiology/covid19/SOCIAL_DISTANCING_AND_SANITATION_PROTOCOL_04022020_V1.pdf)), or on a form required by another governmental entity requiring substantially similar information, for each of their facilities open to the public in the county. The Social Distancing and Sanitation Protocol must be posted at or near the entrance of the relevant facility, and shall be easily viewable by the public and employees. A copy of the Social Distancing and Sanitation Protocol must also be provided to each employee performing work at the facility. All essential businesses shall implement the Social Distancing and Sanitation Protocol and provide evidence of its implementation to any authority enforcing this Order upon demand. The Social Distancing and Sanitation Protocol must ensure all required measures are implemented and must identify and require measures necessary to implement social distancing are implemented at each facility that will ensure social distancing and sanitation at that particular facility. If the measures identified and implemented are not effective in maintaining proper social distancing and sanitation, the business shall promptly modify its Social Distancing and Sanitation Protocols to ensure proper social distancing and sanitation. Any business that fails to successfully implement social distancing and sanitation may be required to close.
11. All reopened businesses, with the exception of restaurants providing dine-in services, must prepare and post a “Safe Reopening Plan” on the form available at: https://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/dam/sdc/hhsa/programs/phs/Epidemiology/covid19/Community_Sector_Support/BusinessesandEmployers/SafeReopeningPlanTemplate.pdf for each of their facilities in the county. Restaurants providing dine-in services must prepare and post a “COVID-19 Restaurant Operating Protocol” on the form available at <https://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/dam/sdc/deh/fhd/food/pdf/covid19sdrestaurantoper>

[atingprotocol_en.pdf](#) for each restaurant in the county. The Safe Reopening Plan or COVID-19 Restaurant Operating Protocol must be posted at or near the entrance of the relevant facility, and shall be easily viewable by the public and employees. A copy of the Safe Reopening Plan or COVID-19 Restaurant Operating Protocol must also be provided to each employee performing work at the facility. All reopened businesses shall implement the Safe Reopening Plan or COVID-19 Restaurant Operating Protocol and provide evidence of its implementation to any authority enforcing this Order upon demand. The Safe Reopening Plan or COVID-19 Restaurant Operating Protocol must ensure all required measures are implemented. If the measures identified and implemented are not effective in maintaining proper social distancing and sanitation, the business shall promptly modify its Safe Reopening Plan or COVID-19 Restaurant Operating Protocol to ensure proper social distancing and sanitation. Any business that fails to comply with its Safe Reopening Plan or COVID-19 Restaurant Operating Protocol shall immediately close.

12. When the State of California has issued an industry guidance with mandatory and/or suggested measures to be implemented by a particular type of business or industry, a reopened business must include all mandatory measures as part of its Safe Reopening Plan. The reopened business shall include all suggested measures necessary to maintain proper sanitation, employee screening, social distancing and facial coverings. Any mandatory measures required by this Order must also be included in the Safe Reopening Plan.
13. All restaurants that allow dine-in services shall also be required to ensure their customers comply with all of the following measures and shall immediately close if they are not able to do so:
 - a. Customers shall not stand in the restaurant except in the reception area while waiting for a table or to pick up take-out food. If customers cannot be socially distanced in the reception area they shall wait in their cars or outside of the restaurant in a line with six feet between each customer. All members of the party must be present before seating and the host must bring the entire party to the table at one time. The customers allowed at a table are limited to members of a single household or customers who have asked to be seated together at the time a table is requested.
 - b. Customers shall be allowed in a restaurant only if they are dining in the restaurant or are picking up take-out food.
 - c. No food or beverages shall be served to or consumed by a customer who is not seated at a table designated by the restaurant for dining.
 - d. The bar area of a restaurant may be used for table service of food. Alcoholic drinks

shall only be served as part of food service.

- e. Customers shall wear face coverings at all times other than while at a table.
- f. Tables designated for dining shall be six feet apart, or separated by barriers or partitions that extend above the heads of customers while seated. Customer shall not be allowed to bring additional chairs to the table that interfere with the six foot separation.
- g. Shared entertainment items such as board games, arcade games and vending machines are prohibited and customers shall not have access to game and entertainment areas such as pool tables or darts.
- h. Any customer that refuses to comply with this section shall be subject to enforcement per Health and Safety Code section 120295.

14. Places of Worship – Effective May 27, 2020, religious services and cultural ceremonial activities may be conducted in conformance with the State Guidance pursuant to sections 11 and 12, above. Given the high risk of this activity, outdoor ceremonies are encouraged and vulnerable members of the population (over 65 years old, compromised immune system or underlying condition) are strongly encouraged to participate through streaming or some other form of remote technology.

15. Each essential business and reopened business shall:

- a. Require all employees to wear face coverings as described in section 9 above; and,
- b. Shall conduct temperature screening of all employees prohibiting employees with a temperature of 100 degrees or more from entering the workplace. Symptom screening (prohibiting employees from entering if they exhibit symptoms as described by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention) may be used only when a thermometer is not available.

16. Outdoor Recreation

- a. Each public park and recreation area, shall operate in compliance with the Protocol found at <https://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/dam/sdc/hhsa/programs/phs/Epidemiology/covid19/parks-beaches-social-distancing-protocol.pdf> created and implemented by the operator of the park. The public shall not congregate or participate in active sport activities at a park with the exception of members of a single family or household if authorized pursuant to the Protocol applicable to the park. Any park at which the Protocol requirements cannot be effectively implemented may be required to close.
- b. Campgrounds may be open provided a vacant campsite separates each occupied campsite and each campsite is occupied only by members of the same household.

- c. Recreational boating is allowed provided all occupants of a boat are from the same household.
- d. For Beaches Only - All parking lots at public beaches shall be closed. Beaches shall be used solely for walking, running, hiking, equestrian or bicycle riding (where allowed). The public shall not congregate or participate in active sport activities at said facilities. Swimming, body surfing, boogie boarding, surfing, kite surfing, paddle boarding, kayaking, snorkeling and scuba diving from the shore may be allowed in the ocean and bays connected thereto. Beaches where social distancing requirements cannot be effectively implemented shall close. All other restrictions applicable to beaches pursuant to other sections of this Order shall remain in effect.
- e. To enhance recreational opportunities in the county, private and public golf courses and, other public or private outdoor recreational facilities (other than community pools per State order), including recreational equipment (such as bicycle, boat, kayak, equestrian and surfboard) rentals may be open for limited use.
 - i. The owner or operator of a golf course shall complete and fully implement a Golf Course Physical Distancing & Safety Plan for San Diego County and shall submit a copy of the completed form to the Public Health Officer at least two days prior to opening. Golf courses shall conduct temperature screening of all employees, and anyone with a temperature of 100 degrees or higher shall not be permitted to enter the facility.
 - ii. The owner or operator of an outdoor recreational facility shall limit use of recreational equipment or areas to individuals able to practice social distancing before, during or after the activity, or members of the same household. The owner or operator shall prepare a Safe Reopening Plan pursuant to section 11 which shall include a requirement that all equipment be sanitized with a disinfectant effective against coronavirus immediately after every use.
 - iii. One-on-one outdoor recreation instruction may occur provided the instructor and the student comply with social distancing and face covering requirements in this Order. If equipment is used, it shall not be shared between the instructor and the student, and should be appropriately sanitized, where appropriate.

17. All essential businesses and reopened businesses that remain in operation in accordance with the Order shall make every effort to use telecommuting for their workforces.

18. A strong recommendation is made that all persons who are 65 years old or older, have a chronic underlying condition, or have a compromised immune system self-quarantine themselves at home or other suitable location.
19. All persons arriving in the county from international locations identified on the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Warning Level 2 or 3 Travel Advisory (available at: <https://wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/notices>) shall be subject to 14-day home or other suitable location quarantine and self-monitoring.
20. Persons who have been diagnosed with COVID-19, or who are likely to have COVID-19, shall comply with the Order of the Health Officer titled: "Isolation of All Persons with or Likely to have COVID-19", or as subsequently amended. Persons who have a close contact with a person who either has COVID-19, or is likely to have COVID-19, shall comply with the Order of the Health Officer titled: "Quarantine of Persons Exposed to COVID-19," or as subsequently amended. Both orders are available at: https://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/sdc/hhsa/programs/phs/community_epidemiology/dc/2019-nCoV/health-order.html. If a more specific isolation or quarantine order is issued to a person, that order shall be followed.
21. For purposes of this Order:
- a. "Essential business" is any business or activity (or a business/activity that employs/utilizes workers) designated by the State Public Health Officer as "Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers" set forth in: <https://covid19.ca.gov/img/EssentialCriticalInfrastructureWorkers.pdf>) as that list may be updated from time-to-time, and referenced in Executive Order N-33-20 issued by the Governor of the State of California. For the purposes of this Order, the following businesses in the Food and Agriculture Sector are considered "groceries" or "other retail that sells food and beverages": grocery stores, corner stores and convenience stores, liquor stores that sell food, farmer's markets, food banks, farm and produce stands, supermarkets, big box stores that sell groceries and essentials, or similar business that sell food so long as the store has a current permit related to the sale of food and/or beverages from the San Diego County Department of Environmental Health.
 - b. "Gathering" is any event or convening that brings together more than one person in a single room or single indoor or outdoor space at the same time. A gathering does not include:
 - i. A gathering consisting only of members of a single family or household.
 - ii. Operations at airports, public transportation or other spaces where persons in transit are able to practice social distancing.

- iii. Operations at essential businesses as defined in section 21a above and reopened businesses as defined in 21f below and where the other requirements set forth in this Order are followed.
- c. “Long term care facility” is a facility serving adults that require assistance with activities of daily living, including a skilled nursing facility, and that is licensed by the California Department of Community Care and Licensing, or the California Department of Public Health.
- d. “Non-essential personnel” are employees, contractors, or members of the public who do not perform treatment, maintenance, support, or administrative tasks deemed essential to the healthcare mission of the long-term care facility or hospital. Non-essential personnel do not include first responders, nor State, federal, or local officials, investigators, or medical personnel carrying out lawful duties. Non-essential personnel do not include visitors to hospitals and long-term care facilities who are granted entry by the facility’s director, or designee, because they are family or friends who are visiting a resident in an end of life or similar situation, are parents or guardians visiting a child who is a patient, or because of any other circumstances deemed appropriate by the facility director, or designee, and where appropriate precautions by the facility that follow federal, State, and local public health guidance regarding COVID-19 are followed.
- e. “Social distancing” is maintaining a six-foot separation from all persons except for household members, first responders and medical providers or employees conducting temperature screenings.
- f. “Reopened business” is a business that is not an essential business as stated in section 21a above, and has reopened in conformance with the State of California’s Resilience Roadmap (available at: <https://covid19.ca.gov/roadmap/>), as may be subsequently amended. A reopened business may open immediately when authorized by the State, provided it has complied with the requirements of this Order.

22. This Order is issued as a result of the World Health Organization’s declaration of a worldwide pandemic of COVID-19 disease, also known as “novel coronavirus.”

23. This Order is issued based on scientific evidence regarding the most effective approaches to slow the transmission of communicable diseases generally and COVID-19 specifically, as well as best practices as currently known and available to protect vulnerable members of the public from avoidable risk of serious illness or death resulting from exposure to COVID-19. The age, condition, and health of a significant portion of the population of the county places it at risk

for serious health complications, including death, from COVID-19. Although most individuals who contract COVID-19 do not become seriously ill, persons with mild symptoms and asymptomatic persons with COVID-19 may place other vulnerable members of the public—such as older adults, and those with underlying health conditions—at significant risk.

24. The actions required by this Order are necessary to reduce the number of individuals who will be exposed to COVID-19, and will thereby slow the spread of COVID-19 in the county. By reducing the spread of COVID-19, this Order will help preserve critical and limited healthcare capacity in the county and will save lives.
25. This Order is issued in accordance with, and incorporates by reference: a) the Declaration of Local Health Emergency issued by the Health Officer on February 14, 2020; b) the Proclamation of Local Emergency issued by the County Director of Emergency Services on February 14, 2020; c) the action of the County Board of Supervisors to ratify and continue both the local health emergency and local emergency on February 19, 2020; d) the Proclamation of a State of Emergency issued by the Governor of the State of California on March 4, 2020; e) Executive Order N-25-20 issued by the Governor of the State of California on March 12, 2020 which orders that “All residents are to heed any orders and guidance of state and local health officials, including but not limited to the imposition of social distancing measures, to control COVID-19”; f) Proclamation 9984 regarding COVID-19 issued by the President of the United States on March 11, 2020; g) Executive Order N-33-20 issued by the Governor of the State of California on March 19, 2020; h) the “Interim Additional Guidance for Infection Prevention and Control for Patients with Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19 in Nursing Homes” issued by the CDC; i) COVID-19 guidance issued by the California Department of Public Health on including, but not limited to the Face Coverings Guidance issued on April 1, 2020; and j) the State of California’s “Resilience Roadmap.”
26. This Order is issued to prevent circumstances often present in gatherings that may exacerbate the spread of COVID-19, such as: 1) the increased likelihood that gatherings will attract people from a broad geographic area; 2) the prolonged time period in which large numbers of people are in close proximity; 3) the difficulty in tracing exposure when large numbers of people attend a single event or are at a single location; and 4) the inability to ensure that such persons follow adequate hygienic practices.
27. This Order is issued to provide additional opportunities for recreational activities while also requiring additional protections from the spread of COVID-19 to the public who are taking advantage of these opportunities for recreational activities. And providing additional

protections for employees of essential businesses or reopened business and their customers/clients by increasing facial covering requirements and health checks and temperature screening.

28. This Order is issued to protect the public health as businesses are allowed to reopen by requiring businesses to implement procedures necessary to ensure their employees and customers comply with social distancing, sanitation and screening practices.
29. This Order comes after the release of substantial guidance from the Health Officer, the California Department of Public Health, the CDC, and other public health officials throughout the United States and around the world.
30. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 120175.5 (b) all governmental entities in the county shall take necessary measures within the governmental entity's control to ensure compliance with this Order and to disseminate this Order to venues or locations within the entity's jurisdiction where gatherings may occur.
31. Violation of this Order is subject to fine, imprisonment, or both. (California Health and Safety Code section 120295.)
32. To the extent necessary, this Order may be enforced by the Sheriff or chiefs of police pursuant to Government Code sections 26602 and 41601 and Health and Safety Code section 101029.
33. Once this Order takes effect it shall supersede the Order of the Health Officer and Emergency Regulations dated May 22, 2020.

IT IS SO ORDERED:

Date: May 26, 2020



Wilma J. Wooten, M.D., M.P.H.

Public Health Officer

County of San Diego

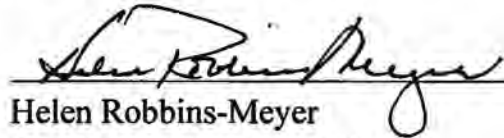
EMERGENCY REGULATIONS

As Director of Emergency Services for the County of San Diego, I am authorized to promulgate regulations for the protection of life and property pursuant to Government Code Section 8634 and San Diego County Code section 31.103. The following shall be in effect for the duration of the Health Officer Order issued above which is incorporated in its entirety by reference:

The Health Officer Order shall be promulgated as a regulation for the protection of life and property.

Any person who violates or who refuses or willfully neglects to obey this regulation is subject to fine, imprisonment, or both. (Government Code section 8665.)

Date: May 26, 2020

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Helen Robbins-Meyer", is written over a horizontal line.

Helen Robbins-Meyer
Chief Administrative Officer
Director of Emergency Services
County of San Diego