

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE
NASHVILLE DIVISION**

MEMPHIS A. PHILLIP RANDOLPH
INSTITUTE, *et al.*

Plaintiffs,

v.

TRE HARGETT, *et al.*

Defendants.

Civil No. 3:20-cv-0374
JUDGE RICHARDSON
MAGISTRATE JUDGE FRENSELY

MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, upon the annexed Declarations of Ravi Doshi; Dr. Arthur L. Reingold; Dr. Linton A. Mohammed, Gloria Sweet-Love, on behalf of the Tennessee State Conference of the NAACP; Jeffrey Lichtenstein, on behalf of the Memphis Central Labor Council; Kendra Lee, on behalf of the Memphis A. Philip Randolph Institute; Charlane Oliver, on behalf of The Equity Alliance; and Dawn Harrington, on behalf of Free Hearts, the exhibits attached thereto, the accompanying Memorandum of Law, and all other pleadings and proceedings in this action, Plaintiffs Memphis A. Phillip Randolph Institute (“APRI”), The Equity Alliance (“Equity Alliance”), Free Hearts, The Memphis and West Tennessee AFL-CIO Central Labor Council a/k/a the Memphis Central Labor Council (“MCLC”), and The Tennessee State Conference of the NAACP (“Tennessee NAACP”) (together, the “Organizational Plaintiffs”), together with Plaintiffs Sekou Franklin and Kendra Lee, (collectively, “Plaintiffs”), by and through their undersigned counsel, will, as soon as counsel may be heard, move this Court before the Honorable United States District Judge Eli Richardson for an Order preliminarily enjoining Defendants Tre Hargett, Mark Goins, and Amy Weirich, and granting the relief set forth

in Plaintiffs' accompanying proposed order and such other and further relief that the Court deems just and proper.

As set forth in detail in the Memorandum of Law, Plaintiffs are likely to succeed on the merits of each of their moved-on claims and will suffer irreparable harm absent relief. The balance of the equities moreover favors Plaintiffs. For these reasons, Plaintiffs are entitled to a preliminary injunction and request that the Court enter the proposed order submitted herewith.

Prior to the filing of this Motion, in accordance with Local Rule 7.01(a)(1), Plaintiffs' counsel advised Defendants' counsel of their intention to move for a preliminary injunction. Defendants' counsel indicated that they would oppose the Motion and requested relief.

Dated: June 12th, 2020

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY, pursuant to Local Rule 5.01, that on this 12th day of June, 2020, the foregoing was served via the Court's CM/ECF filing system and by electronic mail on the following:

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Counsel for Defendants

/s William L. Harbison

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE
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MEMPHIS A. PHILLIP RANDOLPH
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TRE HARGETT, *et al.*

Defendants.

Civil No. 3:20-cv-0374
JUDGE RICHARDSON
MAGISTRATE JUDGE FRENSLEY

[PROPOSED] ORDER

WHEREAS, on June 12, 2020, Plaintiffs Memphis A. Phillip Randolph Institute (“APRI”), The Equity Alliance, Free Hearts, The Memphis and West Tennessee AFL-CIO Central Labor Council a/k/a the Memphis Central Labor Council (“MCLC”), and The Tennessee State Conference of the NAACP (“Tennessee NAACP”) (together, the “Organizational Plaintiffs”), together with Plaintiffs Sekou Franklin and Kendra Lee, (collectively, “Plaintiffs”), filed their Amended Complaint, ECF No. ___, alleging that: (1) Tennessee’s enforcement of the Eligibility Criteria for mail-in voting, Tenn. Code § 2-6-201, (2) Tennessee’s enforcement of a statute criminalizing the unsolicited distribution of requests for an application to vote by mail, *see* Tenn. Code § 2-6-202(c)(4), (3) Tennessee’s existing signature verification procedures for mail-in voting, and (4) Tennessee’s requirement that first-time voters who registered to vote by mail must vote in their first election after registering, *see* Tenn. Code § 2-2-115(b)(7), each violate the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution;

WHEREAS, on June 12, 2020, Plaintiffs filed a Motion for a Preliminary Injunction

with supporting declarations and a supporting Memorandum of Law seeking injunctive relief on all claims except their claim that Tennessee's enforcement of the Eligibility Criteria for mail-in voting violates the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution (the "Moved-On Claims"); and

WHEREAS, having considered the papers submitted in support of Plaintiffs' Motion, and the record as a whole, for the reasons set forth therein, and for good cause shown,

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

1. The Court finds and concludes that Plaintiffs are likely to succeed on the merits of their Moved-On Claims, that Plaintiffs are likely to suffer irreparable harm in the absence of preliminary relief, that the balance of equities favors Plaintiffs, and that an injunction is in the public interest.

2. Defendant Weirich shall hereinafter be enjoined from enforcing Tenn. Code § 2-6-202(c)(4);

3. Defendants Hargett and Goins shall hereinafter be enjoined from referring for prosecution or investigation, or participating in any prosecution or investigation, of any alleged violations of Tenn. Code § 2-6-202(c)(4);

4. Defendants Hargett and Goins shall hereinafter be enjoined from enforcing Tenn. Code § 2-2-115(b)(7) against any first-time voter who registered to vote by mail, provided the voter's identity can be verified pursuant to the provisions of the Help America Vote Act;

5. Defendants Hargett and Goins shall forthwith direct all County Election Commissions and their members, agents, employees and representatives to not reject the vote-by-mail application of any first-time voter who registered to vote by mail, provided (1) the

voter's identity can be verified pursuant to the provisions of the Help America Vote Act, and (2) the voter is otherwise eligible to vote by mail;

6. Defendants Hargett and Goins shall forthwith direct all County Election Commissions and their members, agents, employees and representatives who are responsible for verifying a mail-in voter's signature (the "Evaluators"), pursuant to Tenn. Code § 2-6-202(g) (*i.e.*, performing "Signature Matching"), as follows:

- a. No evaluator performing Signature Matching shall, without clear and convincing evidence that signatures on mail-in ballots were not signed by the same individual, reject a ballot;
- b. A ballot may not be rejected either because of a mismatched or omitted signature, without the voter casting the ballot first being promptly notified—using all means are available to contact the voter, including phone numbers, mailing addresses, and email addresses—that their ballot has been tentatively rejected and will not be counted unless the voter is able to verify his or her identity;
- c. A ballot may not be finally rejected unless the voter whose ballot was identified by an Evaluator for rejection, is first provided the opportunity to verify the authenticity of his or her ballot through whatever means possible—including in person, online, by telephone, or by email—and fails to provide verification by the day before the final canvass of votes; and
- d. In any election following the upcoming August 6, 2020 election, County Election Commissions shall not distribute mail-in and provisional ballot materials that do not bear a written warning informing voters (1) that

Signature Matching will be performed to authenticate such ballot and (2) that the ballot may be rejected if an Evaluator determines that such Signature Matching failed to verify the mail-in-voter's signature;

7. Defendant shall not cause to be newly printed, and thereafter authorize the issue of any mail-in ballot materials that do not bear a written warning informing voters (1) that Signature Matching will be performed to authenticate such ballot and (2) that the ballot may be rejected if an Evaluator determines that such Signature Matching failed to verify the mail-in voter's signature;

8. Defendants shall publicize the relief granted by this Court by all reasonable means, including a notice prominently placed on Defendant Hargett's website;

9. The relief set forth herein shall be implemented without delay and so as to be effective for the primary elections scheduled to take place in Tennessee on August 6, 2020.

10. The bond requirement of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 65(c) is waived.

It is SO ORDERED.

Eli Richardson
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

EXHIBIT A

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE
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MEMPHIS A. PHILLIP RANDOLPH
INSTITUTE, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

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TRE HARGETT, et al.,

Defendants.

Civil No. 3:20-cv-0374

JUDGE RICHARDSON
MAGISTRATE JUDGE FRENSLEY

DECLARATION OF RAVI DOSHI

I, Ravi Doshi, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, declare as follows:

1. I am Senior Legal Counsel at the Campaign Legal Center (“CLC”) and counsel for Plaintiffs in this case. I am over 18 years of age, and the testimony set forth in this Declaration is based on first-hand knowledge, about which I could and would testify competently in open court if called upon to do so. This Declaration is submitted in support of Plaintiffs’ Motion for a Preliminary Injunction.

2. Attached as Exhibit 1 is a true and correct copy of the Davidson County Chancery Court’s June 4, 2020 Memorandum and Order Granting Temporary Injunction in *Fisher v. Hargett*, Case No. 20-0435-I(III).

3. Attached as Exhibit 2 is a true and correct copy of the “Epidemiology and Surveillance Data” related to COVID-19 that is published by the Tennessee Department of Health on its website. The data attached hereto was retrieved from the Tennessee Department of Health’s website, <https://www.tn.gov/health/cedep/ncov/data.html>, on June 11, 2020.

4. Attached as Exhibit 3 is a true and correct copy of publicly accessible information found on the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's ("CDC") website on COVID-19 "Cases in the U.S." The information was retrieved from the CDC's web site,

<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/cases-updates/cases-in-us.html>, on June 11, 2020.

5. Attached as Exhibit 4 is a true and correct copy of the "Tennessee Election COVID-19 Contingency Plan," which was prepared by the Tennessee Division of Elections on April 23, 2020. An electronic version of the Plan is available at

<https://assets.documentcloud.org/documents/6889221/TN-COVID-19-Election-Plan.pdf>.

6. Attached as Exhibit 5 is a true and correct printout of the Tennessee Secretary of State's webpage on absentee voting, as it was found on June 11, 2020. The printout was retrieved from <https://sos.tn.gov/products/elections/absentee-voting> on June 11, 2020.

7. Attached as Exhibit 6 is a true and correct copy of a document titled "Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the August 4, 2016 Election as Submitted by the Counties," which was published by the Tennessee Secretary of State, and can be electronically accessed from https://sos-tn-gov-files.s3.amazonaws.com/2016_August_PPP_Turnout.pdf.

8. Attached as Exhibit 7 is a true and correct copy of a document titled "Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the November 8, 2016 Election as Submitted by the Counties," which was published by the Tennessee Secretary of State, and can be electronically accessed from https://sos-tn-gov-files.s3.amazonaws.com/2016_November_PPP_Turnout.pdf.

9. Attached as Exhibit 8 is a true and correct copy of a document titled "Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the August 2, 2018 Election as Submitted by the Counties," which was published by the Tennessee Secretary of State, and can be electronically accessed from <https://sos-tn-gov-files.tnsosfiles.com/2018%20August.pdf>.

10. Attached as Exhibit 9 is a true and correct copy of a document titled “Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the November 6, 2018 Election as Submitted by the Counties,” which was published by the Tennessee Secretary of State, and can be electronically accessed from <https://sos-tn-gov-files.tnsosfiles.com/2018%20November.pdf>.

11. Attached as Exhibit 10 is a true and correct copy of a May 29, 2020 letter issued by the United States Postal Service. An electronic copy of the letter can be retrieved from <https://about.usps.com/newsroom/national-releases/2020/2020-05-29-marshall-to-election-officials-re-election-mail.pdf>.

12. Attached as Exhibit 11 is a true and correct copy of the Davidson County, Tennessee Absentee Ballot Request Form, as it existed on June 11, 2020. The form is publicly available, and was retrieved from <https://www.nashville.gov/Portals/0/SiteContent/ElectionCommission/docs/main/AbsenteeBallotRequest-200806.pdf> on June 11, 2020.

13. Attached as Exhibit 12 is a true and correct copy of the subset of Tennessee state data contained in the Election Administration and Voting Survey (EAVS) Datasets Version 1.2, which was released February 18, 2020. The data may be electronically accessed at <https://www.eac.gov/research-and-data/datasets-codebooks-and-surveys>.

14. Attached as Exhibit 13 is true and correct copy of the Statement of Official Votes Cast in Shelby County, Tennessee for the November 6, 2018 election. The Statement can be electronically accessed at <https://www.shelbyvote.com/sites/default/files/documents/elections/2018/11.06%20State%20General/2018%20Nov%206%20Certified%20SOVC.pdf>.

15. Attached as Exhibit 14 are true and correct copies of logsheets for the legislative sessions related to 2002 Pub. Ch. 698, that were produced to Plaintiffs' counsel by the Tennessee State Library & Archives. Plaintiffs' counsel is presently undertaking to have the relevant portions of the tapes of the legislative sessions transcribed, and will provide certified transcripts to the Defendants' counsel and the Court upon receipt.

16. Attached as Exhibit 15 is a true and correct copy of the Tennessee Mail-In Application for Voter Registration. The document is publicly available from the Tennessee Secretary of State, and was retrieved from <https://sos-tn-gov-files.s3.amazonaws.com/forms/ss-3010.pdf>, on June 11, 2020.

17. Attached as Exhibit 16 is a true and correct copy of Defendants' Response in Opposition to Plaintiffs' Request for a Temporary Injunction, filed in *Fisher v. Hargett*, Case No. 20-0435-I(III), on May 22, 2020, in the Davidson County Chancery Court.

* * *

Executed on June 12, 2020 at Washington, DC.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.



Ravi Doshi

EXHIBIT 1

IN THE CHANCERY COURT FOR THE STATE OF TENNESSEE
TWENTIETH JUDICIAL DISTRICT, DAVIDSON COUNTY, PART III

HUNTER DEMSTER, EARLE J.)
FISHER, JULIA HILTONSMITH,)
GINGER BULLARD, JEFF BULLARD,)
ALLISON DONALD, and)
#UPTHEVOTE901,)

Plaintiffs,)

vs.)

No. 20-0435-I(III)

TRE HARGETT, MARK GOINS,)
WILLIAM LEE, and HERBERT)
SLATERY III, each in his official)
capacity of the State of Tennessee,)

Respondents)

AND

BENJAMIN WILLIAM LAY, CAROLE)
JOY GREENAWALT, and SOPHIA)
LUANGRATH,)

Plaintiffs,)

vs.)

No. 20-453-IV(III)

MARK GOINS, TRE HARGETT, and)
WILLIAM LEE, each in his official)
capacity for the State of Tennessee,)

Defendants.)

MEMORANDUM AND ORDER GRANTING TEMPORARY INJUNCTION TO
ALLOW ANY TENNESSEE REGISTERED VOTER TO APPLY FOR A BALLOT
TO VOTE BY MAIL DUE TO COVID-19

In this time of the worldwide COVID-19 pandemic and its contagion in gatherings of people, almost all states – both Republican and Democrat – are providing their citizens the health protection of a voting by mail option. This includes southern states such as Alabama, South Carolina and Arkansas, and Tennessee’s neighboring state of Kentucky and nearby West Virginia. The governors, state officials and legislators in those states have spearheaded efforts to expand access to voting by mail to protect the health of their citizens during the pandemic.

The Plaintiffs in Case No. 20-453 include some Tennessee registered voters who have or who reside with persons who have autoimmune conditions or other heightened susceptibility to the COVID-19 virus. The Plaintiffs in Case No. 20-435 are all Tennessee registered voters, except for Jeff Bullard. The Plaintiffs in case No. 20-435 do not allege personal conditions of heightened susceptibility. They do allege that they have determined that it is impossible or unreasonable for them to vote in-person at a polling place in upcoming elections due to the risk of contracting or transmitting the COVID-19 virus. None of these Plaintiffs, in either case, qualifies to vote by mail under the Defendant State Officials’ interpretation and application of Tennessee’s law, Tennessee Code Annotated section 2-6-201. Therefore, in upcoming elections, as the pandemic continues, these Plaintiffs must go to a polling place and vote in-person to exercise their right to vote. They are not eligible to vote by mail.

With situations such as those presented by the Plaintiffs, the Defendant State Officials (hereinafter referred to as the “State”) have been asked to implement measures,

like the majority of states, to temporarily suspend, in upcoming elections, restrictive construction and application of voting by mail law to take into account the pandemic. To be clear, the Plaintiffs do not seek for the State to permanently switch to universal and automatic vote by mail in Tennessee. The Plaintiffs instead seek a temporary easing off on the restrictions of voting by mail limited to the time of the pandemic. The State has refused. It is maintaining the requirements for in-person voting. The State's response to the pandemic is to provide social distancing and sanitation measures at polling places. Significantly, however, one of the most prominent features of social distancing—wearing masks—cannot be compelled of voters, but only encouraged, at polling places. Thus persons who choose not to wear masks cannot be denied access to the polling place and present exposure to others.

Having met with refusal by the State, the Plaintiffs have filed these separate lawsuits to obtain during the pandemic access to voting by mail in upcoming elections.

The Plaintiffs rest their case on Article I, section 5 and Article IV, section 1 of the Tennessee Constitution which is more explicit in guaranteeing Tennesseans the right to vote than the counterpart federal Constitution. The Tennessee Constitution provides that, “the right of suffrage, as hereinafter declared, shall never be denied to any person entitled thereto”

The State's position is unapologetic. It claims that unlike the can-do approach of two-thirds of the U.S. States who have for years allowed any voter to vote by mail and eleven more states that have relaxed voting by mail restrictions for the 2020 elections due

to the pandemic, it is impossible for the State of Tennessee, in a state of emergency, to expand access to voting by mail on a temporary basis. The State provides scenarios and calculations of lack of money, personnel and equipment for increased voting by mail, and they cite to their fear of increased voter fraud from voting by mail.

The issue, then, for this Court is whether, in this time of the pandemic, the States' construction and application of Tennessee law constitutes an unreasonable and discriminatory burden on the fundamental right to vote vigorously guaranteed by the Tennessee Constitution.

The Plaintiffs are presently before the Court on applications for a temporary injunction. They seek for the Court to enjoin the States' restrictive application of the law and for a mandate that the State must provide the Plaintiffs access to voting by mail.

On June 3, 2020, a hearing was conducted on the temporary injunction applications based upon evidence filed by all parties and oral argument of Counsel. At the conclusion of the hearing the Court took the matter under advisement.

After studying the evidence and the law, and considering argument of Counsel, the Court finds that the evidence does not support the State's claims that it is impossible for it to provide expanded access to voting by mail. Respectfully, the evidence is that the assumptions the State has employed in its fiscal and resource calculations are oddly skewed and not in accordance with the methodology of its own expert and industry standards. When, however, normal industry-recognized assumptions are used, the

evidence establishes that the resources are there to provide temporary expanded access to voting by mail in Tennessee during the pandemic if the State provides the leadership and motivation as other states have done.¹ As to voter fraud, the State's own expert debunks and rejects that as a reason for not expanding access to voting by mail.

From this evidence and upon using the legal standard of *Anderson-Burdick*,² the Court concludes that the State's restrictive interpretation and application of Tennessee's voting by mail law (Tennessee Code Annotated section 2-6-201), during the unique circumstances of the pandemic, constitutes an unreasonable burden on the fundamental right to vote guaranteed by the Tennessee Constitution. Accordingly the Plaintiffs are entitled to issuance of a temporary injunction.

¹ See, for example, websites in Alabama and West Virginia where banners on absentee voting during the pandemic are displayed with informative links and instructions.

² The Tennessee Supreme Court has explained the *Anderson-Burdick* doctrine as follows:

Notably, however, the United States Supreme Court has rejected the notion that strict scrutiny applies to every statute imposing a burden on the right to vote under the United States Constitution. Instead, addressing claims arising under the First and Fourteenth Amendments, the Court has adopted a "more flexible standard," pursuant to which a showing of important governmental regulatory interests may justify lesser restrictions on the right to vote, whereas strict scrutiny is reserved for laws that impose "'severe' restrictions." *Burdick v. Takushi*, 504 U.S. 428, 434, 112 S.Ct. 2059, 119 L.Ed.2d 245 (1992) (quoting *Norman v. Reed*, 502 U.S. 279, 289, 112 S.Ct. 698, 116 L.Ed.2d 711 (1992)); see also *Crawford v. Marion Cnty. Election Bd.*, 553 U.S. 181, 191, 128 S.Ct. 1610, 170 L.Ed.2d 574 (2008) (plurality opinion) (holding that any burden upon the right to vote "must be justified by relevant and legitimate state interests 'sufficiently weighty to justify the limitation' " (quoting *Norman*, 502 U.S. at 288–89, 112 S.Ct. 698)); *Anderson v. Celebrezze*, 460 U.S. 780, 789, 103 S.Ct. 1564, 75 L.Ed.2d 547 (1983).

City of Memphis v. Hargett, 414 S.W.3d 88, 102 (Tenn. 2013).

It is therefore ORDERED that the Plaintiffs' motion for a temporary injunction is granted to the extent that, until further order of the Court, the Defendants are enjoined from:

- enforcing their current construction of the “excuse requirement” for absentee voting stated in Tennessee Code Annotated section 2-6-201(5)(C) and (D), and

are mandated to:

- provide any eligible Tennessee voter, who applies to vote by mail in order to avoid transmission or contraction of COVID-19, an absentee ballot in upcoming elections during the pendency of pandemic circumstances; and
- implement the construction and application of Tennessee Code Annotated section 2-6-201(5)(C) and (D) that any qualified voter who determines it is impossible or unreasonable to vote in-person at a polling place due to the COVID-19 situation shall be eligible to check the box on the absentee ballot application that, “the person is hospitalized, ill or physically disabled and because of such condition, the person is unable to appear at the person’s polling place on election day; or the person is a caretaker of a hospitalized, ill or physically disabled, person,” and have that absentee voting request duly processed by the State in accordance with Tennessee law.³

In addition it is ORDERED that the Defendants are mandated to:

- prominently post on their websites and disseminate to County Election Officials that voters who do not wish to vote in-person due to the COVID-19 virus situation are eligible to request an absentee ballot by mail or that such voters still have the option to vote in-person during Early voting or on Election Day.

Not ordered herein is a requirement that the State must automatically mail absentee ballots to all Tennessee registered voters, a practice being implemented in some states

³ This wording is derived from election instructions posted on the State of Alabama and West Virginia’s websites.

before and in response to the pandemic. The difference is that the injunction issued above keeps in place and tracks the requirement of Tennessee law that to obtain a mail-in ballot, a voter must first apply for one so that it is only voters who apply to vote by mail that the State must print and mail absentee ballots to as the applications come in.

Also not granted herein is the alternative request for relief in Case No. 20-453 for a Tennessee licensed physician to certify the entire population of a county to be “medically unable to vote” because of the pandemic.

In addition, it is ORDERED that no bond is required to secure this temporary injunction.

The findings of fact and conclusions of law on which this decision is based are as follows.

Tennessee Voting Law

The Tennessee Constitution is more explicit than the federal constitution in guaranteeing Tennesseans the right to vote. Article I, section 5 and Article IV, section 1 of the Tennessee Constitution expressly guarantee the right to vote in federal, state and local elections to all adult persons duly registered in a county district and precinct. As quoted above and requoted herein, the Tennessee Constitution contains the vigorous guarantee that, “The elections shall be free and equal, and the right of suffrage, as hereinafter declared, shall never be denied to any person entitled thereto” Under the

provisions of the Tennessee Constitution, voting is a fundamental right. *Bemis Pentecostal Church v. State*, 731 S.W.2d 897, 901 (Tenn. 1987).

The Legislature has enacted laws to allow for the fundamental right to vote to be exercised by mail-in/absentee ballot, but only for a limited set of circumstances. Tennessee Code Annotated section 2-6-201 provides for voting by mail for nine categories of persons. An otherwise eligible voter who does not fall into one of these enumerated categories as construed by State is not permitted to “vote by mail absentee” and must instead cast their ballot in person. The pertinent category in this case is 5, quoted as follows.

(5) PERSONS OVER 60--PERSONS HOSPITALIZED, ILL OR DISABLED.

(A) A person sixty (60) years of age or older when the person requests to vote absentee;

(B) The person is a voter with a disability as defined in § 2-3-109, and the voter's polling place is inaccessible;

(C) The person is hospitalized, ill or physically disabled, and because of such condition, the person is unable to appear at the person's polling place on election day; or

(D) The person is a caretaker of a hospitalized, ill or disabled person;

State’s Interpretation and Application of Section 2-6-201(5)(C) and (D)

With respect to the pandemic, it is the State’s construction and application of section 2-6-201(5)(C) and (D) that only individuals who have “quarantined because of a

potential exposure [to COVID-19] or who ha[ve] tested positive [for] COVID-19” are considered “ill” for the purposes of “vot[ing] by mail absentee.” Steiner Decl. Ex. 63, Tenn. Sec. of State, *Tennessee Election COVID-19 Contingency Plan*, (April 23, 2020), <https://bit.ly/3g7WrUN>.

Putting aside the ambiguity of the State’s construction of “quarantining” (self-quarantine vs. contact tracing), the issue for the Plaintiffs in this case is the following. Even voters, who are at higher risk of contracting COVID-19 and/or at a higher risk of severe complications should they contract the illness and voters who live with individuals who have pre-existing medical conditions that place them at higher risk for severe complications should they contract COVID-19, such as the Plaintiffs in Case No. 20-453, do not have the option to “vote by mail absentee.” Further rendered ineligible for voting by mail are Tennesseans, like the Plaintiffs in Case No. 20-435, who have determined that it is impossible or unreasonable to vote in-person at a polling place due to the risk of contracting or transmitting the COVID-19 virus. Thus all of the Plaintiffs in the cases before the Court are ineligible to vote by mail during the pandemic based upon the State’s application of Tennessee law.

State’s Justification for Denying Expanded Access to Voting by Mail

The reasons the State has refused to allow more access to voting by mail during the pandemic are (1) that it is not fiscally nor logistically feasible for the State to do so and (2) voter fraud. But the evidence presented to the Court does not support these reasons.

The evidence shows that it is feasible for the State to provide registered voters a vote by mail option and that increased voter fraud is not a material concern. The following are the findings of fact made by the Court based upon the record developed thus far for the temporary injunction.⁴

Evidence on Feasibility

1. Quick Expansion of Voting by Mail in 10 States—Within a timeframe of just a few months, ten states have expanded an “excuse required” statute, like Tennessee’s to “no excuse” absentee rules. These include the neighboring states of: Alabama, Arkansas, South Carolina, Kentucky and Virginia. Three states: Kentucky, Virginia and Indiana have provided this option in a shorter timeframe than is present in this case.

Several of the remaining minority of states that, under normal circumstances, require an excuse to vote by mail have interpreted their disability or illness basis for absentee voting broadly during the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic. For example, West Virginia now permits all registered voters to vote absentee in forthcoming elections due to “[i]llness, injury or other medical reason which keeps [the voter] confined,” defining “other medical reason” as “any threat to a person’s health posed by an epidemic, pandemic, outbreak, disease, virus, or other emergency, which creates potential harm to the public interest, peace, health, safety, or welfare of citizens or voters.” W. Va. Code R. §§ 153-53-2–153-53-3. {{Steiner Decl. Ex. 69, W. Va. Sec’y of State Mac Warner, Admin. Law Div., Notice Of An Emergency Rule (Mar. 20, 2020), <https://bit.ly/2zbwRO3>.}} Further, West Virginia construes “confined” as being “restricted to a specific location for reasons beyond that person’s control, including a recommendation by state or federal authorities for the person to self-quarantine, avoid public places or close contact with other persons.” W. Va. Code R. § 153-53-2. Per issued rules, West Virginia’s action “cannot violate or alter clear statutory requirements” but rather, simply construes existing state law “in favor of enfranchisement, not disenfranchisement.” W. Va. Code R. § 153-53-1. Similarly, Alabama has allowed “any qualified voter who determines it is impossible or unreasonable to vote at their voting place” as a result of COVID-19 to vote by mail in primary runoff elections being held in July by reason that “a physical illness or infirmity [] prevents [the voter’s] attendance at the polls.” {{Steiner

⁴ The findings of fact made herein are preliminary for purposes of issuance of the temporary injunction and are not binding as ultimate findings of fact. Those will be determined in the trial of the case. This is because as the case progresses the parties will develop a complete factual record.

Decl. Ex. 3, Ala. Leg. Servs. Agency, Absentee Voting During State of Emergency, 17-11-3(e) (Mar. 18, 2020), <https://bit.ly/3cUhOqN>; see also Steiner Decl. Ex. 4, Press Release, Alabama Secretary of State, 100 Days Left to Apply for Absentee Ballot for the Primary Runoff Election (Mar. 31, 2020), <https://bit.ly/2ygoArG>; see also Ala. Code § 17-11-3(a)(2).}} And, because of COVID-19, Arkansas has determined that Ark. Code Ann. §§ 7-5-402, which only allows absentee voting for people who are “absent or unable to attend an election due to illness or physical disability,” should be read “so that all eligible qualified electors currently entitled to vote in the March 31, 2020 election may request the appropriate absentee ballots from their county of residence.” {{Steiner Decl. Ex. 6, Governor of Arkansas, Exec. Order No. 20-08, (Mar. 20, 2020), <https://bit.ly/2TheWwc>. }}

Virginia, Delaware, and Massachusetts have likewise clarified that all registered voters in their respective states can use existing reasons related to illness and physical disability to vote by mail in the upcoming elections. {{See Steiner Decl. Ex. 68, *Absentee Voting*, Va. Dep’t of Elections, <https://bit.ly/3dU4YbW> (last visited May 18, 2020) (Virginia Department of Elections statement clarifying that “[v]oters may choose reason ‘2A My disability or illness’” to vote absentee in upcoming elections due to COVID-19); Steiner Decl. Ex. 23, Governor of Delaware, Exec. Dep’t, *Sixth Modification of the Declaration of a State of Emergency for the State of Delaware Due to a Public Health Threat* (Mar. 24, 2020), <https://bit.ly/3bKVfTM> (Delaware executive order providing that for upcoming primary and special elections “the qualification of ‘sick or physically disabled’ [in Delaware vote-by-mail provisions] shall apply to and include any such voter who is asymptomatic of COVID-19 . . . and who herself or himself freely chooses to use such qualification to vote by absentee ballot.); Steiner Decl. Ex. 5, *An Act Granting Authority to Postpone 2020 Municipal Elections in the Commonwealth and Increase Voting Option in Response to the Declaration of Emergency to Respond to COVID-19*, ch. 45 (2020), <https://bit.ly/2LFSZTc> (new Massachusetts law clarifying that “any person taking precaution related to COVID-19 in response to a declared state of emergency or from guidance from a medical professional, local or state health official, or any civil authority shall be deemed to be unable by reason of physical disability to cast their vote in person,” which is one of the reasons set forth in the state constitution that permits a Massachusetts voter to vote by mail).}} And New Hampshire has interpreted its “physical disability provision to “appl[y] equally to voters who are experiencing symptoms of COVID-19 . . . and those who are self-quarantining as a preventative measure.” {{Steiner Decl. Ex. 28, Memorandum from the Sec’y of State and Att’y General to New Hampshire Election Officials re: Elections Operations During the State of Emergency 2 (Apr. 10, 2020), <https://bit.ly/2ZdZ8xV>.}}

2. Sufficient Ballots Are Ready— The Tennessee Secretary of State’s Division of Elections has already accounted for increased mail-in voting for eligible voters (*Goins Declaration*, May 22, 2020, ¶¶ 3-4). The State is already printing 1.4 million ballots for the August 2020 election, and it has on hand four million of the three envelope sets necessary to process these ballots through the mail. (*Goins Decl* ¶ 11).

Thus, even if turnout increased 17% from August 2018, and 100% of voters chose to cast absentee ballots, the State has enough ballots right now.

The facts are that a total of 1.23 million Tennessean—30% of the 4.16 million registered voters in Tennessee—voted in the August 2018 election. Tenn. Sec’y of State, *Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the Nov. 6, 2018 Election as Submitted by the Counties*, available at <https://sos-tn-govfiles.tnsosfiles.com/2018%20November.pdf> (last visited May 22, 2020). This was the highest August turnout in 15 years (Tenn. Sec’y of State *Election Statistics*, available at <https://sos.tn.gov/products/elections/election-statistics> (last visited May 22, 2020)). Conditions which are likely to decrease voting turnout in 2020 are the pandemic and, unlike the August 2018 elections, the August 2020 generally lacks county general elections. Historically, according to Coordinator of Elections Goins, “less than 2.5% of Tennessee voters have voted using the absentee by-mail voting process.” However, as admitted by Coordinator Goins, the State is presently prepared for 1.4 million Tennesseans to vote by mail which represents 36% of the total registered voters.

The situation is little different for November. In the last November presidential election, 2.5 million persons voted, for a turnout of 62%. Tennessee Secretary of State website, *Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the Nov. 8, 2016 Election as Submitted by the Counties*, available at https://sos-tn-gov-files.s3.amazonaws.com/2016_November_PPP_Turnout.pdf (last visited May 22, 2020). If Tennessee prints a total of 4 million ballots, as it has already done for August, see *Goins Decl.* ¶¶ 11-12, it will have enough ballots for every single current active Tennessee voter to vote absentee, assuming 100% turnout and 100% of voters choosing to vote by mail. See *Goins Decl.* ¶ 5 (3,930,381 active Tennessee voters).

3. \$1 Million is Available—The State has received \$10 million in federal funds dedicated to 2020 election costs (*Goins Decl.*, May 22, 2020, ¶ 19), and has \$1 million of that remaining and available to provide expanded access to voting by mail.
4. Measures Already in Place in Some Counties for Expanded Voting by Mail—Some counties have already implemented measure for an increased mail-in vote.

Rutherford County plans to hire two extra full-time and four extra part-time workers solely dedicated to processing absentee ballot requests and prestuffing 50,000 absentee ballot envelopes (*Goins Decl.* May 22, 2020, ¶ 16).

State's Scenarios and Calculations Not Supported by the Evidence

In support of their position that providing expanded access to voting by mail is impossible in Tennessee, the State provided the Declarations of:

- five Election Officials across rural and urban Tennessee,
- Mark Goins, Coordinator of Elections for the State of Tennessee, and
- Kim Wyman, Secretary of State of Washington State.

The State assert these Declarations prove their proposition that the State of Tennessee does not have the money, personnel or equipment to expand voting by mail in Tennessee, and that the only measures that are feasible in Tennessee are to stick to in-person voting and provide social distancing and sanitation at polling places.

This position is not supported by the evidence. That is because the State provided incredible assumptions to the Declarants which assumptions are not supported by the historical voting patterns and turnout in Tennessee, and which do not comport with industry standards on planning for elections. These faulty facts and assumptions are as follows.

- Each of the five Tennessee County Election Officials was told to assume in stating feasibility in their counties that 100% of all registered voters in their county will vote. This has never happened in the entire history of Tennessee voting. The turnout in the Nov. 2018 elections was high and it was 54% of all registered voters. The percentage of turnout for the 2016 presidential election (Trump/Clinton) was 61%. This same unprecedented number of 100% turnout of all Tennessee registered voters was also used by Defendant Goins. Such an extreme assumption carries no weight as evidence. Moreover this skewed assumption so permeates and

underlies the State's calculations that the assumption substantially detracts from the weight of State's entire evidence on lack of feasibility.

- The kind of voting by mail Secretary of State Wyman was told to address is a model where the State initiates the process and automatically sends all registered voters absentee ballots. This is not the model ordered herein. The model used in the above temporary injunction requires the voter to initiate the process. The voter must take the first step to print off a request form and submit it to County Election Officials to be provided a mail-in ballot. This is the model currently in place under Tennessee Code Annotated section 2-6-201. The Plaintiffs are not seeking a permanent change to automatic, universal voting by mail as is the case in Washington State and is addressed in the Wyman Declaration. This distinction is material.

Requiring a voter to request an absentee ballot eliminates many of the change of address or faulty address problems Secretary of State Wyman mentions. Also, requiring a voter to request an absentee ballot saves the State time and money in sending out request forms to all registered voters and provides some governor on demand for absentee ballots.

The difference in the absentee voting model Secretary of State Wyman addresses and the one contemplated by the Plaintiffs and ordered herein is so material that the Wyman opinions on feasibility are not weighty evidence.

The flaws in the State's calculations are well explained by Plaintiffs' Counsel, quoting as follows, and are adopted by the Court.

The fundamental assumption underlying all of the State's arguments that relief in this case would be expensive and impractical is its insistence that it must print enough ballots, and hire enough staff, to accommodate 100% of its voters choosing to vote by mail, and also assuming that 100% of its registered voters participate in each election. *See* Defs.' Resp. at 13; Pls.' Reply, at 27 & n.37 (citing to affidavits attached to State's initial Response). But the State points to no legal requirement for this. And indeed, they acknowledge that they have not been doing it in past elections. Their plan to be ready for all eligible over-60 registered is a new one made in response to the Pandemic. *See* Resp. at 2-3 (acknowledging the Plan

contemplates a “dramatic increase” in absentee voters). This is an entirely discretionary decision that is no less novel than the Virus.

The State says it would be “reckless” to estimate need based on past electoral performance. Sur-Reply 13. But this is precisely what Kim Wyman now advocates, albeit using dubious projections. See Supp. Wyman Decl., ¶11. She estimates the “requested absentee ballot rate” to be between 23% and 60% should an injunction be granted, and she recommends that “[p]lanning and operations for the mail preparation *should be based upon these percentages.*” Wyman Supp. Decl. ¶ 11(emphasis added). It appears that Coordinator Goins’s extreme devotion to over-preparedness is not only just as novel as—[sic]

Even more important, the State’s expert now recommends that “the return ballot processing *should be based upon the projected voter turnout in the August and November elections.*” Wyman Supp. Decl. ¶ 11 (emphasis added); see also *id.* (“For the success of these operations, *it is critical to estimate this turnout...*”) (emphasis added). This is precisely what Plaintiffs have been arguing all along. On this point (basing cost and feasibility estimates based on projected turnout), Plaintiffs’ experts agree. See Supp. McReynolds Decl., ¶ 6.

Based on any reasonable estimate of turnout using historical data, the 1.4 million ballots Tennessee *has already printed* are enough to cover the August election. See Plaintiffs’ Reply, at 27-29. And if the State prints a total of 4 million ballots for November (as it has already done for August), that would be enough for all voters to vote absentee, *even assuming (absurdly high) 100% turnout.* *Id.* Similarly, the State is staffing up to handle 1.4 million absentee votes this August, so staffing will be sufficient as well. See Plaintiffs’ Reply, at 30.

Other logistical overstatements are also influenced by this unwarranted “100%” approach. The State makes much of change-of-address issues, citing Davidson County’s rate of 10% of notifications of polling location changes being returned as undeliverable. Sur-Reply 11–12. But location-change mailings go out to all voters registered within a certain geographical subset of the county. See also Roberts Decl. ¶7 (describing address problem as “Mailing an absentee ballot request form *to every registered voter . . .* would result in a significant amount of undeliverable mail”) (emphasis added). Tennessee’s election-specific absentee-ballot application process would obviate concerns of undeliverable mail: individual voters apply to vote absentee using their

current addresses. This is not the case for absentee voting in Washington State, nor for mass mailings in Davidson County, where the address information relied on may be several years' out of date.

This distinction—between an absentee-application system like Tennessee's and a pure "by-mail voting" system like Washington's—also explains the various allegedly contradictory statements Plaintiffs' expert Amber McReynolds has made. In these statements, she was referring to a pure "vote by mail" system, in which each voter is automatically mailed a ballot, not the "no excuse" system sought by Plaintiffs.

The same flawed assumption colors the State's inflated cost estimates, when it cries budgetary constraints as an excuse to curtail a fundamental right and put voters at risk of their health. Sur-Reply at 14–15. Coordinator Goins estimates a cost of \$34.5 million to implement relief, then acknowledges that assumes "100 percent of registered voters vote by-mail." Goins Supp. Decl. ¶3. But the State fails to acknowledge that it currently has \$55 million in available federal funds dedicated to election costs which could be drawn upon to pay whatever costs the State incurs (above and beyond what it has already spent to be ready for 117% of August 2018's record-high turnout, see Reply at 29). The State has publicly acknowledged that it has portions of this \$55 million amount unencumbered, but wishes to reserve it for later elections.

Plaintiffs' Surreply in Support of Their Application for Temporary Injunction, June 2, 2020, Case No. 20-435, pp. 8-10.

Thus, the evidences does not support the State's claims and calculations that expanded voting by mail is not feasible in Tennessee. To the contrary, Tennessee's track record of voting turnout and the preparations already in place and the \$1 million of available federal funds establish temporarily expanding voting by mail during the pandemic is feasible in Tennessee

Voter Fraud

The evidence established that voter fraud is not a material reason to refuse to expand voting by mail during the pandemic on several bases.

First, many safeguards are already in place. Election officials check to make sure an absentee ballot application is made on behalf of a registered voter at the proper address. Tenn. Code Ann. § 2-6-202(d). They verify that the voter's signature on file matches both the signature on each absentee ballot request, § 2-6-202(b), which must be signed under penalty of perjury, as well as the absentee ballot itself, § 2-6-202(g). To guard against "ballot harvesting," only election-commission employees may distribute absentee ballots, or furnish an unsolicited absentee ballot application, to any person, § 2-6-202(c), and election officials routinely visit nursing homes to personally collect ballots from vulnerable elderly voters, § 2-6-601. In addition, there are numerous criminal laws against various types of voter fraud. See Tenn. Code Ann. §§ 2-19-104 through 2-19-117.

Further, the State's expert witness, Washington Secretary of State Wyman answered explicitly in a recent national news article that she is confident that voter fraud is not a material concern with expanded absentee voting, "Doesn't vote by mail and absentee voting lead to more fraud? I am confident that the answer is no."

There is also the consideration that Tennessee's in-person voting requires showing a picture ID at polling locations to verify identity. Yet the COVID-19 plan for polling locations, promulgated by the State, requires that if a voter is wearing a face covering to mitigate COVID exposure and contagion those face coverings should not be removed in

public. These conditions obscure identity and undercut the defense that in-person voting during the pandemic poses less of a threat of voter fraud.

The Pandemic and In-Person Voting

As to the effect of the pandemic on in-person voting at polling places, the Court makes the following findings of fact based upon the record developed thus far for the temporary injunction.⁵

1. Mail-in voting methods are encouraged by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (“CDC”) to “minimize direct contact with other people and reduce crowd size at polling stations” where mail-in voting is allowed in the jurisdiction (Recommendations for Election Polling Locations, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/electionpolling-locations.html> (last visited May 7, 2020)).
2. The duration of in-person voting in Tennessee is a two week early voting period, and a twelve hour election day.
3. Requiring in-person voters to remain at least six feet apart will elongate lines.
4. Providing broader access to mail-in voting will lessen the number of persons gathering for in-person voting.
5. Other State institutions are using remote participation options to avoid in-person gatherings. The Tennessee State Senate is not assembling. The Tennessee Secretary of State’s customer counter is closed to the public (Tenn. Sec’y of State, <https://sos.tn.gov/> (last visited May 26, 2020)). The State Attorney General is accepting service of process by mail. The State Election Commission is holding meeting by telephone (Tennessee Sec’y of State, *State Election Commission Meetings*, <https://sos.tn.gov/products/elections/state-election-commission-meetings> (last visited May 19, 2020)).

⁵ As stated in an above footnote, the findings of fact made herein are preliminary for purposes of issuance of the temporary injunction and are not binding as ultimate findings of fact. Those will be determined in the trial of the case. This is because as the case progresses the parties will develop a complete factual record.

6. The Pandemic has so far killed over 340 Tennesseans and hospitalized over 1600.⁶ The state experiences over 300 new cases every day. The virus continues to spread. As of May 21, 2020, the State had 18,961 confirmed cases. (Steiner Decl. Ex. 34, *Tenn. Dep't of Health, Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19)*, <https://bit.ly/36ba80L> (last visited May 21, 2020)). As has been the case nationally, Tennesseans of all ages have tested positive for and died from COVID-19. Members of all age groups have contracted the disease.
7. The Court finds the testimony of the following physicians weighty. Dr. Sandra Arnold is Director of the Infectious Disease Department at LeBonheur Hospital in Memphis and on the faculty of the University of Tennessee Health Sciences Center. Arnold Decl. ¶ 2. Dr. James Gurney is an epidemiologist and Dean of the University of Memphis' College of Public Health. Gurney Decl. ¶ 1. Dr. Michael Threlkeld is an infectious-disease specialist and former director of the Infection Control and Employee Health at Baptist, St. Francis, and St. Joseph Hospitals in Memphis. Threlkeld Decl. ¶¶ 1, 2. Dr. Jeff Warren is a general practitioner with several decades' experience who currently serves on the Memphis City Council and the Memphis-Shelby County Coronavirus Response Task Force. Warren Aff. ¶¶ 2, 3. Drs. Arnold and Threlkeld's testimony has guided courts, juries, or both in the past. See Arnold Decl. ¶ 6; Thelkeld Decl. ¶ 3.

All of these doctors support Plaintiffs' requests for temporary and permanent injunctive relief. These doctors maintain that continued enforcement of the excuse requirement during the Pandemic would be "medically inadvisable," Threlkeld ¶ 6; Warren ¶ 6, "would create significant, unwarranted risks to individuals and communities," Arnold Decl. ¶¶ 11, 14, or alternatively, that "it is prudent from a public health perspective to reduce unnecessary gatherings and allow all registered voters to mail ballots . . . if they so choose," Gurney Decl. ¶ 9. All of them conclude that while plexiglass screens, hand sanitizers, instructions to stay six feet apart, and the like may help contain poll-site transmission of the Virus, these measures will not abate the significant, objective medical risk posed by the Virus enough to make voting in person medically reasonable. See Arnold Decl. ¶ 13; Gurney Decl. ¶ 10; Threlkeld Decl. ¶¶ 6, 7; Warren Decl. ¶¶ 6, 8.

These experts opine that although Tennessee is starting to reopen, the Pandemic is still with us, and its severity will persist through the summer, as well as the fall. Dr. Gurney states:

⁶ Tenn. Dep't of Health, *Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19)*, <https://www.tn.gov/health/cedep/ncov.html> (last visited May 26, 2020).

I want to emphasize that the public health situation today is essentially the same as it was in mid-March . . . the [Virus] is still highly virulent and circulating unencumbered through the State's population [D]iagnostic testing is now adequate for those with symptoms or known exposure but not adequate for reaching the general population or for repeat population testing; thus we do not know the true infection rate . . . we do not have a vaccine . . . and we do not yet have an effective treatment for curing those with serious disease symptoms.

. . . .

Unfortunately, *there is little reason to believe that any of the above circumstances* that characterize the severe outbreak in Tennessee, or our ability to combat it, *will change by August when primary voting will occur*. We also *do not expect the COVID-19 pandemic to be resolved by November* when the general elections will take place.

Gurney Decl. ¶¶ 4-6 (emphasis added). *See also* Threlkeld Decl. ¶ 4 (“The [V]irus continues to spread here in Tennessee, requiring ongoing efforts to protect people from exposure. This situation is likely to continue through July and the first week of August.”); Warren Decl. ¶5 (“[T]he threat from COVID-19 continues and is serious. In my opinion, the threat will continue through August of 2020. It is likely there will be a resurgence this fall.”).

The only medical opinion submitted to the Court by the State is the opinion of Dr. Tim Jones who is employed by the State of Tennessee. His testimony is not accorded weight by the Court based upon the following analysis of Plaintiffs’ Counsel which is adopted by the Court.

Only one medical opinion, of the five now before this Court, says that voting in person during the Pandemic will be safe. Only one these five opinions says that the precautions set forth in the State’s COVID-19 Election Contingency Plan (the “Plan”), Goins Decl. Ex. 2, are acceptable precautions, sufficient to protect voters from exposure to the novel coronavirus (the “Virus”). This is the opinion of Dr. Tim Jones, who reports and owes his position to one or more of the named Defendants in this case. An independent opinion would be more persuasive.

Jones opines that because restrictions are being lifted, preventive measures are going unenforced, and many people are not wearing

masks or social distancing, general “congregate environments” may be riskier than polling sites abiding by the Plan’s safeguards. Jones Decl. ¶ 8. This observation may be true, as far it goes. But it is hardly responsive here, because polling places are still unacceptably dangerous from a medical standpoint. See Gurney Supp. Decl. ¶ 3; Arnold Supp. Decl. ¶ 3. Tennesseans have the right to increase their risk of exposure to the Virus if they so choose. All Plaintiffs maintain in this suit is that they also have the right to self-isolate and abide by recommended preventive measures, and that they should not have to abandon these medically recommended guidelines in order to exercise a fundamental right.

Jones also relies on the fact that the CDC has updated its guidance to suggest that contracting COVID by touching a surface or object “isn’t thought to be the main way the virus spreads,” even though such things are still “possible” vectors. Jones Decl. ¶ 7. But airborne infection at the polling place seems more likely than ever, Supp. Arnold Decl. ¶4, especially in light of recent studies [footnote omitted].

And, while correlation is not necessarily causation, correlative epidemiological evidence is still probative. See Supp. Arnold Decl. ¶5. This includes the most recent epidemiological study of the April 2020 Wisconsin election. Here again, what Dr. Jones’s words may strictly be true, but they are beside the point: the Wisconsin study considered more than “one outbreak” which “happens to be associated with a polling site.” See Jones Decl. ¶8. The study involved the measurement of multiple case trajectories throughout the State of Wisconsin, by county, cross-referenced with the rate of absentee voting, and density of polling places, by county [footnote omitted].

Plaintiffs’ Surreply, June 2, 2020, Case No. 20-435 at 2-3.

8. COVID-19 can severely damage lung tissue, cause a permanent loss of respiratory capacity, and also damage tissues in the kidney, heart, and liver. (Steiner Decl. Ex. 15, *Ctrs. for Disease Control & Prevention, Interim Clinical Guidance for Management of Patients with Confirmed Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19)*, <https://bit.ly/3cDvlCN> (last visited May 18, 2020)). COVID-19 also poses greater risks for people with preexisting heart and respiratory conditions, diabetes, individuals with compromised immune systems, and those with many other

conditions. (Steiner Decl. Ex. 12, *Ctrs. for Disease Control & Prevention, Groups at Higher Risk of Severe Illness*, <https://bit.ly/2zKcqrw> (last visited May 18, 2020)).

9. The health consequences of in-person voting are plainly evident after recent primaries. *See, e.g.* Reingold Decl. ¶ 18. During Florida’s recent primary, two Broward County poll workers tested positive for COVID-19, one of whom was handling driver’s licenses as part of the identification verification process. (Steiner Decl. Ex. 65, Anthony Man, *Two Broward poll workers, including one who handled voters’ driver licenses, test positive for coronavirus*, S. FLA. SUN SENTINEL (Mar. 26, 2020), <https://bit.ly/2AGGnZZ>). And on April 13, Chicago officials reported that a poll worker for the city’s March 17 election died of COVID-19, prompting officials to send letters notifying voters, poll workers, field investigators, and cartage companies who were present at the same polling site. (See Steiner Decl. Ex. 32, Mary Ann Ahern, *Poll Worker at Chicago Voting Site Dies of Coronavirus, Election Officials Say*, NBC CHICAGO (Apr. 13, 2020), <https://bit.ly/3dXsxk9>). Likewise, elections held on April 7 in Wisconsin saw multi-hour waits and lines stretching blocks upon blocks in places like Milwaukee and Green Bay. (See, e.g., Steiner Decl. Ex. 24, Kati Anderson, *Green Bay Voters wait in line past midnight to cast ballot in primary election*, WBAY-TV (Apr. 7, 2020), <https://bit.ly/369FVIt>). By April 29, health officials in Wisconsin had identified more than 52 people “who voted in person or worked the polls during the state’s presidential primary” who “tested positive [for COVID-19] in the two weeks after the election.” (Steiner Decl. Ex. 1, Scott Bauer, *52 Who Worked or Voted in Wisconsin Election Have COVID-19*, WUWM (Apr. 29, 2020), <https://bit.ly/3bHdBoI>). On May 5, the Milwaukee County COVID-19 Epidemiology Intel Team issued a report stating they were able to identify 54 county residents who had voted curbside, voted in-person, or who had worked at a polling site during the April 7 primary election who “ha[d] symptom onset or lab report confirmation dates indicating that they could have been infectious or infected at the time of voting.” (Steiner Decl. Ex. 29, *Milwaukee County COVID-19 Epidemiology Intel Team, Descriptive Analysis of COVID-19 Infections in Milwaukee County after the Wisconsin Election and Easter/Passover Holidays*, 4 (May 5, 2020), <https://bit.ly/2Zf2IYQ>). And of those individuals, 29 “did not have any other known potential exposures to COVID-19.” (*Id.* at 5).

From the foregoing, the Court finds that for persons with an autoimmune disease or other conditions or who reside with someone with these conditions, such as the Plaintiffs in Case No. 20-453, they are more susceptible to contracting the virus. For all persons, such

as the Plaintiffs in Case No. 20-435, there are the risks of the higher level of contagion of the virus as compared to others viruses or flu, and that contagion is exacerbated indoors where there are gatherings of individuals. Lastly, for all persons there are various consequences of contracting the virus including fatality or long-term health issues.

The Court therefore concludes that for persons with heightened susceptibility to COVID-19, such as the Plaintiffs in Case No. 20-453, the burden placed on them by the State not providing them the mail-in option is severe. For persons who do not fit into this more susceptible category, including the Plaintiffs in Case No. 20-435, the burden placed on them by the State is in the category of somewhat severe to moderate.

Standing, Justiciability, Ripeness

The Court finds that, with the exception of Jeff Bullard (Case No. 20-435-III) and Joy Greenawalt (Case No. 20-453-III), all the Plaintiffs are registered voters who do not fit within one of the categories of Tennessee Code Annotated section 2-6-201 to qualify to vote by absentee ballot. Thus, all, except Jeff Bullard and Joy Greenawalt, have standing to bring these lawsuits.

In addition, the Plaintiffs' claims are ripe and present a justiciable controversy. The fact that, as testified to by Commissioner Goins, elaborate and lengthy plans have been prepared by the State of Tennessee to mitigate the spread and contraction of the COVID-19 virus at polling places establishes that this is not a hypothetical circumstance. In addition, under the State's COVID-19 plan, these Plaintiffs would currently not be eligible to vote

by mail. Also, the evidence of record is that the majority of states, the CDC, and the National conference of State Legislatures are encouraging and advising absentee voting for the elections in 2020.

There is, then, ample evidence in the record for finding all the Plaintiffs, except Mr. Bullard and Ms. Greenawalt, have standing, and that their lawsuits present ripe, justiciable controversies to proceed in this Court.

Application of Anderson-Burdick Test

The Tennessee Supreme Court has not yet ruled on whether courts must apply strict scrutiny to restrictions placed on voting where the State must use the least intrusive means to further its interest. *City of Memphis v. Hargett*, 414 S.W.3d 88, 102 (Tenn. 2013). If there are less restrictive, comparably effective means, the law fails strict scrutiny. *Bemis Pentecostal Church v. State*, 731 S.W.2d 897, 903 (Tenn. 1987).

Because the Tennessee Supreme Court has not yet ruled that the standard this Court is to apply is a strict scrutiny analysis, the Court has not done so to avoid error on appeal. The Court has instead applied the more flexible *Anderson-Burdick* test (which in part also involves strict scrutiny) as stated by the Tennessee Supreme Court in *City of Memphis v. Hargett*, which provides,

Notably, however, the United States Supreme Court has rejected the notion that strict scrutiny applies to every statute imposing a burden on the right to vote under the United States Constitution. Instead, addressing claims arising under the First and Fourteenth Amendments, the Court has adopted a “more flexible standard,” pursuant to which a showing of important governmental regulatory interests may justify lesser restrictions on the right to vote,

whereas strict scrutiny is reserved for laws that impose “‘severe’ restrictions.” *Burdick v. Takushi*, 504 U.S. 428, 434, 112 S.Ct. 2059, 119 L.Ed.2d 245 (1992) (quoting *Norman v. Reed*, 502 U.S. 279, 289, 112 S.Ct. 698, 116 L.Ed.2d 711 (1992)); see also *Crawford v. Marion Cnty. Election Bd.*, 553 U.S. 181, 191, 128 S.Ct. 1610, 170 L.Ed.2d 574 (2008) (plurality opinion) (holding that any burden upon the right to vote “must be justified by relevant and legitimate state interests ‘sufficiently weighty to justify the limitation’” (quoting *Norman*, 502 U.S. at 288–89, 112 S.Ct. 698)); *Anderson v. Celebrezze*, 460 U.S. 780, 789, 103 S.Ct. 1564, 75 L.Ed.2d 547 (1983).

414 S.W.3d 88, 102 (Tenn. 2013). This doctrine also provides where the burden on the right to vote is moderate, the court applies an intermediate level of scrutiny weighing the moderate burden against “the precise interests put forward by the State as justification for the burden,” taking into consideration how “necessary” the burden is. *Id.* at 113.

Under *Anderson-Burdick*, the burdens are weighed against the State’s justifications for imposing the burden of in-person voting. Those justifications were shown in this case in the above analysis of the evidence not to exist. The evidence demonstrated that providing a vote by mail option is fiscally and logistically feasible, and that voter fraud is not a material threat. Thus, under these circumstances the State’s actions of requiring in-person voting during the time of the pandemic and not providing an option to vote by mail are an unreasonable burden on the right to vote in violation of the Tennessee Constitution.

Application of Tennessee Injunction Law

In determining whether to issue a temporary injunction courts are instructed to evaluate whether the applicant has demonstrated the following:

- (1) a substantial likelihood of success on the merits;

- (2) immediate and irreparable harm before final judgment can be entered;
- (3) that the equities balance in favor of the applicant; and
- (4) the issuance of the injunction is in the public interest.

South Cent. Tenn. R.R. Auth. v. Harakas, 44 S.W.3d 912, 919 n.6 (Tenn. Ct. App. 2000) (quoting Robert F. Banks, Jr. & June F. Entman, Tennessee Civil Procedure § 4-3(l) (1999)). See also, *Union Planters' Bank & Trust Co. v. Memphis Hotel Co.*, 139 S.W. 715, 718-19 (Tenn. 1911); *Butts v. S. Fulton*, 565 S.W.2d 879, 882 (Tenn. Ct. App. 1977) (citing *Wilson v. Louisville & Nashville L.R. Co.*, 12 Tenn. App. 327 (Tenn. Ct. App. 1930)); *Henry County v. Summers*, 547 S.W.2d 247, 251 (Tenn. Ct. App. 1976) (citing *King v. Elrod*, 268 S.W.2d 103 (Tenn. 1953)); *Kaset v. Combs*, 434 S.W.2d 838, 841 (Tenn. Ct. App. 1968) (citing *Greene County Tire & Supply, Inc. v. Spurlin*, 338 S.W.2d 597 (Tenn. 1960), *Herbert v. W.G. Bush & Co.*, 298 S.W.2d 747 (Tenn. Ct. App. 1956)).

The above findings of fact and conclusions of law establish that the Plaintiffs prevail over the State on every one of these injunction factors. The Plaintiffs therefore are entitled to issuance of a temporary injunction.

No Injunction Bond Required

In concluding that there should be no injunction bond required in this case, the Court is guided by the federal court's interpretation of the bond requirement under Rule 65 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. "[W]hen interpreting our own rules of civil

procedure, we consult and are guided by the interpretation that has been applied to comparable federal rules of procedure.” *Turner v. Turner*, 473 S.W.3d 257, 268–69 (Tenn. 2015) (citations omitted); *see also* *Huntington Nat. Bank v. Hooker*, 840 S.W.2d 916, 921 (Tenn. Ct. App. 1991) (“It is proper that Tennessee courts look to the interpretation given comparable federal rules by the federal courts. The appellate courts of Tennessee do look to the federal courts for guidance when the federal courts have interpreted a rule that has not been interpreted by the Tennessee courts.”) (citation omitted).

Federal Courts, including the Sixth Circuit, have held that the bond requirement under Rule 65 is discretionary and may be waived under certain limited circumstances such as where a plaintiff alleges the infringement of a fundamental constitutional right or when the litigation is in the public interest. *See, e.g., Moltan Co. v. Eagle-Picher Indus., Inc.*, 55 F.3d 1171, 1176, 1995 WL 326573 (6th Cir. 1995) (“While we recognize that the language of Rule 65(c) appears to be mandatory, and that many circuits have so interpreted it, the rule in our circuit has long been that the district court possesses discretion over whether to require the posting of security.”); *Pharm. Soc. of State of New York, Inc. v. New York State Dep’t of Soc. Servs.*, 50 F.3d 1168, 1174 (2d Cir. 1995) (“Rule 65(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure provides in part that ‘[n]o restraining order or preliminary injunction shall issue except upon the giving of security by the applicant, in such sum as the court deems proper.’ Although the rule speaks in mandatory terms, an exception to the bond requirement has been crafted for, *inter alia*, cases involving the enforcement of ‘public

interests” arising out of “comprehensive federal health and welfare statutes.’ This exception was relied upon in *Temple University v. White*, 941 F.2d 201 (3rd Cir.1991), where the court upheld the waiver of the bond requirement in a case in which a hospital had brought suit to ensure that Pennsylvania complied with the Medicaid Act. The court there noted that the hospital had ‘pursued a course of litigation clearly in the public interest, i.e., it seeks to preserve its role as a community hospital serving a disproportionate share of low income patients.’) (citations omitted); *Adams & Boyle, P.C. v. Slatery*, No. 3:15-CV-00705, 2020 WL 1905147, at *7 (M.D. Tenn. Apr. 17, 2020), *aff’d as modified*, 956 F.3d 913, 2020 WL 1982210 (6th Cir. 2020), and *modified*, No. 3:15-CV-00705, 2020 WL 2026986 (M.D. Tenn. Apr. 27, 2020) (“However, “the rule in our circuit has long been that the district court possesses discretion over whether to require the posting of security,” *Moltan Co. v. Eagle-Picher Indus., Inc.*, 55 F.3d 1171, 1176 (6th Cir. 1995) (internal citation omitted), and “a court has no mandatory duty to impose a bond as a condition for issuance of injunctive relief.” *Stooksbury v. Ross*, No. 3:09-CV-498, 2012 WL 12841901, at *6 (E.D. Tenn. Aug. 1, 2012) (citing *NACCO Materials Handling Grp., Inc. v. Toyota Materials Handling USA, Inc.*, 246 F. App’x 929, 952 (6th Cir. 2007)). “When determining whether to require the party seeking an injunction to give security, courts have considered factors such as the strength of the movant’s case and whether a strong public interest is present.” *I Love Juice Bar Franchising, LLC*, 2019 WL 6050283, at *14 (citing *Moltan Co.*, 55 F.3d at 1176).”); *United Utah Party v. Cox*, 268 F. Supp. 3d 1227, 1260 (D. Utah 2017) (“Despite the mandatory nature of the language in the Rule,

trial courts have “wide discretion under Rule 65(c) in determining whether to require security.” This preliminary injunction enforces fundamental constitutional rights against the government. Waiving the security requirement best accomplishes the purposes of Rule 65(c).”) (footnotes omitted)); *Bruner v. Zawacki*, No. CIV.A. 3:12-57-DCR, 2013 WL 2903241, at *4 (E.D. Ky. June 13, 2013) (“The Sixth Circuit has long held that a district court “possesses discretion over whether to require the posting of security.” *Moltan Co. v. Eagle Picher Indus., Inc.*, 55 F.3d 1171, 1176 (6th Cir.1995). The security requirement has been waived where an injunction is not likely to result in harm to the party enjoined, where the exercise of constitutional rights is at issue, and where a suit is brought in the public interest. 13 *Moore's Federal Practice*, § 65.52 (3d Ed.). In addition, other circuits have held that in public-interest litigation, the district court has the discretion to dispense with the security requirement or to require nominal security if requiring security would, in effect, deny access to judicial review. *Save Our Sonoran, Inc. v. Flowers*, 408 F.3d 1113, 1126 (9th Cir.2005).”); *Complete Angler, LLC v. City of Clearwater, Fla.*, 607 F. Supp. 2d 1326, 1335–36 (M.D. Fla. 2009) (“Waiving the bond requirement is particularly appropriate where a plaintiff alleges the infringement of a fundamental constitutional right.”) (citation omitted); *Westfield High Sch. L.I.F.E. Club v. City of Westfield*, 249 F. Supp. 2d 98, 129 (D. Mass. 2003) (“Lastly, the First Circuit has recognized an exception to the security bond requirement in Fed.R.Civ.P. 65(c) in ‘suits to enforce important federal rights or public interests.’”) (citation omitted); *Lamar Advantage GP Co., LLC v. City of Cincinnati*, 114 N.E.3d 805, 831 (Ohio Com. Pl. 2018) (“While Ohio R. Civ. P. 65(C)

appears to require the fixing of a bond in order to effectuate a preliminary injunction, state courts have followed the lead of federal courts holding that the setting of the amount of an injunctive bond is within the discretion of the Court and this includes the discretion to require no bond at all.”).

Based on the foregoing law, the Court concludes that no injunction bond is required to be posted in this case because in issue is the fundamental constitutional right to vote.

Rulings on Motions in Limine

With respect to motions in limine filed by the parties, the Court rules as follows.

Demster v. Hargett (20-435-III)

- May 27, 2020—*Defendants’ Motion in Limine*—**Denied**
- June 3, 2020—*Plaintiffs’ Motion in Limine to Admit Expert Testimony of Alex Padilla and Allison McReynolds*—**Granted**

Lay v. Goins (20-453-III)

- June 2, 2020—*Plaintiffs’ Motion to Strike Pursuant to Tenn. R. Civ. P. 12.06*—**Denied**
- June 3, 2020—*Defendants’ Oral Motion to Exclude Plaintiffs’ June 2, 2020 Reply Brief in Support of Motion for Temporary Injunction* and any supplemental supporting evidence submitted in reply—**Denied**

Conclusion

As stated in the State’s brief, the COVID-19 virus has upended almost all aspects of life—and voting is no exception. The overwhelming response of other states has been to make adjustments in their voting by mail protocol. The Defendants, however, have refused to do this. The effect of the State’s failure to adapt and expand the excuse

requirements for mail-in voting is that it places a severe burden in Case No. 20-453 on the Plaintiffs with heightened susceptibility to the COVID-19 virus and a somewhat severe to moderate burden on all other Plaintiffs, including those in Case No. 20-435. Yet, the State's justifications, for not providing an expansion of voting by mail during the pandemic, are not reasonable, necessary and/or do not exist. Thus, the State's restrictive interpretation and application of Tennessee's voting by mail law (Tennessee Code Annotated section 2-6-201), during the unique circumstances of the pandemic, constitutes an unreasonable burden on the fundamental right to vote guaranteed by the Tennessee Constitution. Accordingly the Plaintiffs are entitled to issuance of a temporary injunction.

s/ Ellen Hobbs Lyle
ELLEN HOBBS LYLE
CHANCELLOR

cc: Due to the pandemic, and as authorized by the *Twentieth Judicial District of the State of Tennessee In Re: COVID-19 Pandemic Revised Comprehensive Plan* as approved on May 22, 2020 by the Tennessee Supreme Court, through June 30, 2020, this Court shall send copies solely by means of email to those whose email addresses are on file with the Court. If you fit into this category but nevertheless require a mailed copy, call 615-862-5719 to request a copy by mail.

For those who do not have an email address on file with the Court, your envelope will be hand-addressed and mailed with the court document enclosed, but if you have an email address it would be very helpful if you would provide that to the Docket Clerk by calling 615-862-5719.

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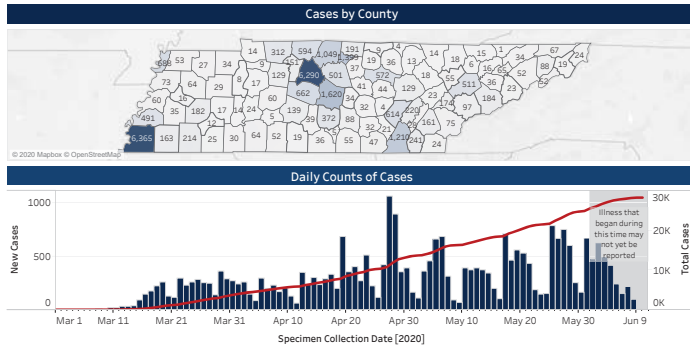
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EXHIBIT 2

Confirmed Cases: 28,340

Total Deaths: 441

Recovered Cases: 18,922



Demographics					Outcomes				
Minimum Age	Average Age		Maximum Age		Ever Hospitalized	Cases	% of Cases		
0	40		106		Yes	2,011	7%		
					No	17,758	63%		
					Pending	8,571	30%		
Age (years)	Cases	% of Cases	Deaths	% of Deaths	Please note for hospitalizations: Information about hospitalization status is gathered at the time of diagnosis, therefore this information may be incomplete. This number indicates the number of patients that were ever hospitalized during their illness, it does not indicate the number of patients currently hospitalized.				
0-10	1,149	4%	1	0%					
11-20	2,421	9%	1	0%					
21-30	5,992	21%	2	0%					
31-40	5,867	21%	10	2%					
41-50	4,838	17%	21	5%					
51-60	3,921	14%	37	8%					
61-70	2,223	8%	87	20%					
71-80	1,092	4%	131	30%					
81+	730	3%	151	34%					
Pending	107	0%	0	0%	Please note for recovered: TDH defines "recovered" as people who 1) have been confirmed to be asymptomatic by their local or regional health department and have completed their required isolation period (or 2) are at least 21 days beyond the first test confirming their illness.				
Recovered	Cases		% of Cases						
Yes	18,922		67%						
Deceased	Cases		% of Cases						
Yes	441		2%						
No	27,899		98%						
Please note for deaths: Some deaths may be reported by health care providers, hospitals, medical examiners, local health departments, or others before they are included in the statewide count.									
				Lab Type				Result	Tests Performed
				Non-State Public Health Lab				Positive	27,087
								Negative	460,580
State Public Health Lab	Positive	1,253							
	Negative	46,176							
		Total	47,425						
Grand Total			535,096						

Please note, these data are meant to provide a rough estimate of testing volume. Due to different source data, numbers may differ slightly from day to day. Laboratory reports of positive cases are reported to metro and local health departments as soon as results are available. State numbers are updated at 2pm daily and there may be a lag in the reporting of cumulative numbers at the state level.

Laboratory Testing			
Lab Type	Result	Tests Performed	
Non-State Public Health Lab	Positive	27,087	
	Negative	460,580	
State Public Health Lab	Positive	1,253	
	Negative	46,176	
		Total	47,425
Grand Total			535,096

Cases and Labs by County				
Patient County	Deceased	Recovered	Total Cases	Negative Labs
Anderson County	2	42	55	5,332
Bedford County	4	263	372	2,752
Benton County	1	7	8	901
Bledsoe County	1	611	614	3,450
Blount County	3	82	97	4,241
Bradley County	2	165	241	3,746
Campbell County	1	17	18	2,034
Cannon County		14	34	708
Carroll County	1	25	29	1,546
Carter County	1	18	19	2,039
Cheatham County		67	151	2,165
Chester County		12	12	708
Claiborne County		9	15	964
Clay County		7	9	542
Cocke County		20	23	1,370
Coffee County		64	88	2,921
Crockett County	3	12	16	594
Cumberland County	2	103	129	4,913
Davidson County	81	4,259	6,290	41,232
Decatur County		13	14	619
DeKalb County		34	41	1,413
Dickson County		71	129	2,591
Dyer County		49	73	1,976
Fayette County	2	124	163	3,352
Fentress County		11	13	975
Franklin County	2	48	55	2,318
Gibson County	1	56	64	2,671
Giles County		11	19	1,297
Grainger County		11	16	859
Greene County	2	49	52	2,706
Grundy County	1	27	32	539
Hamblen County	3	42	65	3,362
Hamilton County	19	505	1,210	14,582
Hancock County		1	1	259
Hardeman County		192	214	5,402
Hardin County	3	13	30	1,982
Hawkins County	2	32	34	2,287
Haywood County	2	26	35	1,053
Henderson County		15	17	1,283
Henry County		29	34	1,829
Hickman County		51	60	1,187
Houston County		7	9	585
Humphreys County	1	7	17	899
Jackson County		19	19	660
Jefferson County		26	36	2,757
Johnson County		17	24	2,060
Knox County	5	362	511	21,800
Lake County		414	688	3,438
Lauderdale County	1	48	60	3,581
Lawrence County		27	52	1,887
Lewis County		3	5	509
Lincoln County		26	36	1,490
Loudon County	1	149	174	2,313
Mason County	3	124	131	1,591
Madison County	2	157	182	5,702
Marion County	1	38	47	1,069
Marshall County	1	28	39	1,250
Maury County	1	83	139	3,632
McMinn County	14	122	161	3,117
McNairy County		16	25	1,084
Meigs County		24	28	618
Monroe County	4	63	75	1,413
Montgomery County	4	137	312	9,291
Moore County		3	5	395
Morgan County		18	18	3,313
Obion County	1	33	53	1,650
Overton County		28	36	1,532
Perry County		12	24	471
Pickett County		3	4	390
Polk County		20	24	723
Rutnam County	6	447	572	5,941
Rhea County		206	220	1,835
Roane County		15	23	3,854
Robertson County	7	319	594	4,433
Rutherford County	29	709	1,620	14,188
Scott County		12	14	882
Sequatchie County		18	21	1,164
Sevier County	2	100	184	5,354
Shelby County	135	4,346	6,365	69,409
Smith County	1	28	37	1,006
Stewart County		5	14	565
Sullivan County	2	58	67	5,363
Sumner County	47	438	1,049	9,173
Tipton County	3	428	491	4,661
Trousdale County	4	1,361	1,399	1,895
Unicoi County		41	52	917
Union County		4	6	611
Van Buren County		3	4	374
Warren County		21	32	2,103
Washington County		74	88	4,757
Wayne County		63	64	2,343
Weakley County		26	27	1,589
White County		30	44	1,656
Williamson County	11	395	662	11,447
Wilson County		501	501	6,230
Yamhill County		165	165	3,578
Pending				

Please note numbers within tables may not add up to total confirmed number of cases due to reporting delays and/or missing data. Percentages may not add up to 100.0% due to rounding.

*There are 198 probable cases that are not included in these reports, but may be included in some CDC reports.

EXHIBIT 3

Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)

Cases in the U.S.

Last updated on June 11, 2020

TOTAL CASES
1,994,283
20,486 New Cases*

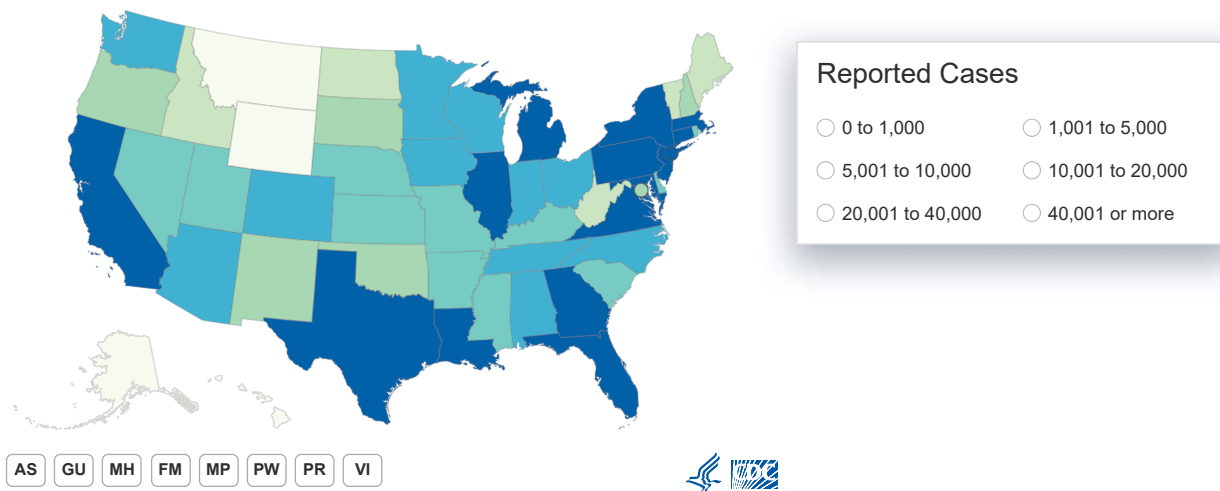
TOTAL DEATHS
112,967
834 New Deaths*



Cases & Deaths by Jurisdiction

37 jurisdictions report more than 10,000 cases of COVID-19.

This map shows COVID-19 cases and deaths reported by U.S. states, the District of Columbia, New York City, and other U.S.-affiliated jurisdictions. Hover over the map to see the number of cases and deaths reported in each jurisdiction. To go to a jurisdiction's health department website, click on the jurisdiction on the map.



Add U.S. Map to Your Website

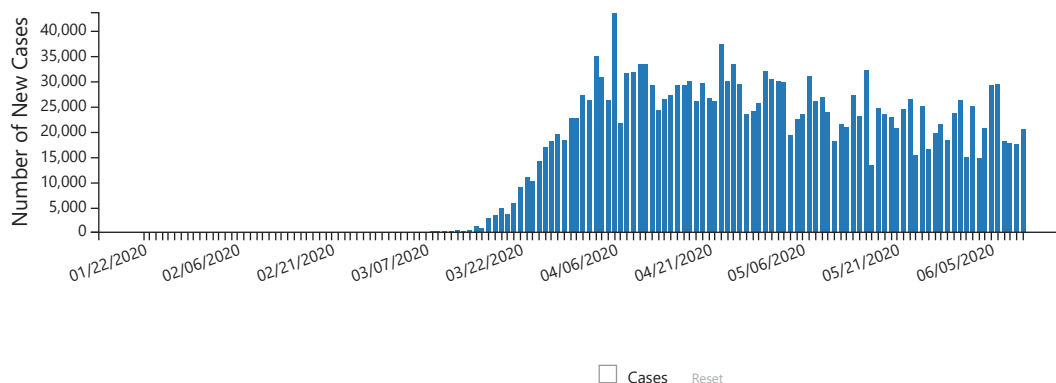
Select a state to view the number of cases and deaths by county. This data is courtesy of [USAFacts.org](https://data.cdc.gov) [↗](#)

Select a State

View County Data

New Cases by Day

The following chart shows the number of new COVID-19 cases reported each day in the U.S. since the beginning of the outbreak. Hover over the bars to see the number of new cases by day.



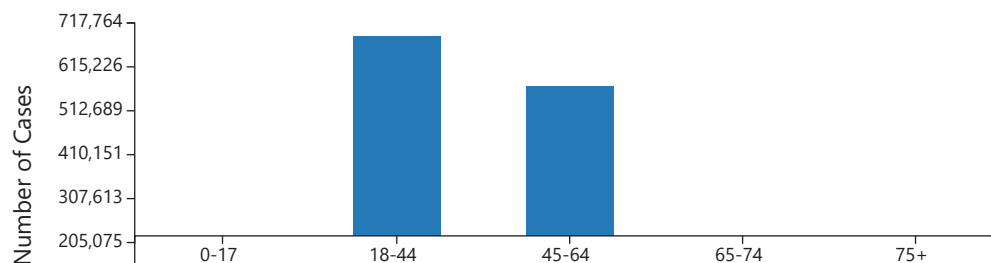
View Data



Cases by Age

The following chart shows the age of people with COVID-19. Hover over each bar or click on the plus (+) sign below the chart to see the number of cases in each age group.

Data were collected from 1,696,923 people, and age was available for 1,694,363 (99.8%) people.



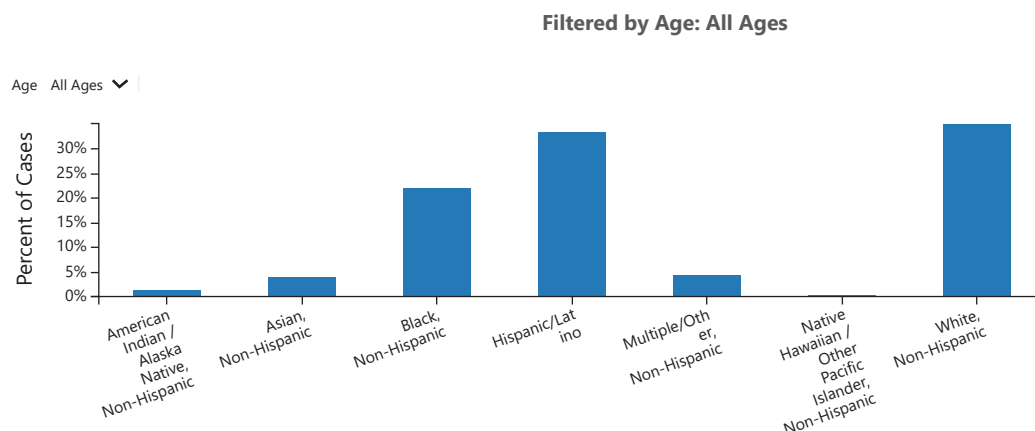
View Data



Cases by Race/Ethnicity

The following chart shows the race/ethnicity of people with COVID-19. Hover over each bar or click on the plus (+) sign below the chart to see the percentage for each race/ethnicity group. Select from the "Age" dropdown list to see the percentage for each age group.

Data were collected from 1,696,923 people, but race/ethnicity was only available for 820,752 (48.4 %) people. CDC is working with states to provide more information on race/ethnicity for reported cases. The percent of reported cases that include race/ethnicity data is increasing.



View Data



These data only represent the geographic areas that contributed data on race/ethnicity. Every geographic area has a different racial and ethnic composition. These data are not generalizable to the entire U.S. population.

If cases were distributed equally across racial and ethnic populations, one would expect to see more cases in those populations that are more highly represented in geographic areas that contributed data.

Cases & Deaths among Healthcare Personnel

Data were collected from 1,696,922 people, but healthcare personnel status was only available for 357,945 (21.1%) people. For the 74,772 cases of COVID-19 among healthcare personnel, death status was only available for 46,826 (62.6%).

CASES AMONG HCP

74,772

DEATHS AMONG HCP

409

Previous Data



CDC has moved the following information to the [Previous U.S. COVID-19 Case Data](#) page.

Case 3:20-cv-00374 Document 40-2 Filed 06/12/20 Page 44 of 1351 PageID #: 210

- Level of community transmission by jurisdiction — last updated May 18, 2020
- Total number of cases by day — last updated April 28, 2020
- Number of cases by source of exposure — last updated April 16, 2020
- Number of cases from Wuhan, China and the Diamond Princess cruise — last updated April 16, 2020
- Number of cases by illness start date — last updated April 15, 2020

About the Data

+

Updated Daily

This page is updated daily based on data confirmed at 4:00pm ET the day before.

Reported by Jurisdiction's Health Department

Data on this page are reported voluntarily to CDC by each jurisdiction's health department. CDC encourages all jurisdictions to report the most complete and accurate information that best represents the current status of the pandemic in their jurisdiction.

Number of Jurisdictions

There are currently 56 U.S.-affiliated jurisdictions reporting cases of COVID-19. This includes 50 states, District of Columbia, Guam, New York City, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and the U.S Virgin Islands. New York State's case and death counts do not include New York City's counts as they are separate jurisdictions.

Confirmed & Probable Counts

As of April 14, 2020, CDC case counts and death counts include both confirmed and probable cases and deaths. This change was made to reflect an [interim COVID-19 position statement](#)   issued by the Council for State and Territorial Epidemiologists on April 5, 2020. The position statement included a case definition and made COVID-19 a nationally notifiable disease. Nationally notifiable disease cases are voluntarily reported to CDC by jurisdictions.

A [confirmed case or death](#) is defined by meeting confirmatory laboratory evidence for COVID-19.

A [probable case or death](#) is defined by one of the following:

- Meeting clinical criteria AND epidemiologic evidence with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID-19
- Meeting presumptive laboratory evidence AND either clinical criteria OR epidemiologic evidence
- Meeting vital records criteria with no confirmatory laboratory testing performed for COVID19

Not all jurisdictions report confirmed and probable cases and deaths to CDC. When not available to CDC, it is noted as N/A.

Accuracy of Data

CDC does not know the exact number of COVID-19 illnesses, hospitalizations, and deaths for a variety of reasons. COVID-19 can cause mild illness, symptoms might not appear immediately, there are delays in reporting and testing, not everyone who is infected gets tested or seeks medical care, and there may be differences in how jurisdictions confirm numbers.

Changes & Fluctuations in Data

Health departments may update case data over time when they receive more complete and accurate information.

The number of new cases reported each day fluctuates. There is generally less reporting on the weekends and holidays.

Differences between CDC and Jurisdiction Data

If the number of cases or deaths reported by CDC is different from the number reported by jurisdiction health departments, data reported by jurisdictions should be considered the most up to date. The differences may be due

More Information

[COVIDView – A Weekly Surveillance Summary of U.S. COVID-19 Activity](#)

[Previous U.S. COVID-19 Case Data](#)

[FAQ: COVID-19 Data and Surveillance](#)

[Testing Data in the U.S.](#)

[World Map](#)

[Health Departments](#)

Page last reviewed: June 11, 2020

EXHIBIT 4



Tennessee Election COVID-19 Contingency Plan

prepared by the
Tennessee Division of Elections

April 23, 2020

Background

This plan is drafted under current Tennessee laws for the purpose of preparing for and administering an election with the coronavirus disease (COVID-19) still a public health issue. This plan may evolve not only by the day but by the hour as we learn more about the epidemic and its effects. This plan was developed after vast research regarding not only elections but the current state of healthcare as well as working with state and county election officials within Tennessee and conference calls with Secretaries of State and Election Directors nationwide. The document incorporates ideas, information and best practices from federal, state and county partners. Tennessee has five (5) voting machine vendors who also participated in working group meetings. Any county Administrators of Elections (AOEs) who volunteered to serve on a working group served on a committee. Their suggestions and assistance have been critical to the development of this working plan. Our sincerest hope is that we would enter the election period having overprepared for a worst-case scenario but knowing that Tennesseans are counting on us to ensure they are able to safely cast their votes as well as instill confidence in the integrity of the process.

Tennessee's next statewide election is August 6. This gives the election officials time to bring public awareness about safety procedures being taken and who is eligible to vote absentee by-mail. Conducting an election under current circumstances will be a difficult challenge. We recognize the need for the intense preparation and training required to give Tennessee voters the best election experience they deserve available under these less than ideal circumstances.

Success for the August and November election cycle has already started by devoting a significant amount of time to develop a comprehensive uniform plan. AOEs will need to master the processes and procedures in this plan. It is presumed that Tennessee will see a significant increase in absentee by-mail ballots. This increase will complicate election preparation and is not simple to plan for. Less than 2.5% of Tennessee voters historically voted absentee by-mail. In conversations with Washington (a vote-by-mail state) they have shared that unless you are currently voting 60% absentee, a conversion for all voters to vote-by-mail period needs to be about five years. Washington Secretary of Secretary Kim Wyman shared that "trying to flip the switch by November would be a heavy lift and could have catastrophic results." Her statements highlight the challenges of preparing for increased vote by-mail preparation. Tennessee election officials have designed election preparation around the habits of the 97.5% of Tennessee voters who vote in-person. Preparing for the increased absentee mail-in ballots will be an extreme challenge. Tennesseans are used to getting results soon after polls close. With the anticipation of a substantial increase in absentee by-mail ballots, voters should be prepared to understand results may be delayed for days. The overall goal of this plan is to be prepared, confident and competent in administering an election in extreme circumstances.

Poll Workers

Recruiting enough poll officials will require local election commissions to devote significant time in order to have enough workers at polling locations. In addition, an increase in absentee by-mail ballots is expected requiring additional absentee by-mail counting board members.

Furthermore, the election commission should have a replacement pool of poll workers who can be deployed to any polling location in the county in order to replace poll workers who are unable to work or to alleviate overburdened polling locations. Getting enough election workers will be a challenge. A recruitment campaign will be conducted jointly by state and local election officials as detailed in another section of the plan. A sample release is included at the end of this section.

Recruiting

To ensure you have enough poll officials and backups, start now! The EAC has some great tips for recruiting poll officials located here: <https://www.eac.gov/election-officials/poll-worker-resources>.

Fortunately, the General Assembly has expanded the pool of poll officials by making the following changes:

- Federal employees can serve as poll officials. Any federal employee wanting to work should check with their HR department to ensure they are eligible.
- County or municipal government employees can serve as poll officials if they do not work directly under the supervision of an elected official who is on the ballot. AOE's should work with county finance officials to make sure county employees can receive payment for their work.
- The minimum age for poll official is lowered from 17 to 16.
- The election commission can hire poll officials (except for the officer of elections) for only part of Election Day. Now poll officials can work in shifts.

Here are some additional tips on recruiting:

- Develop a timeline for contacting existing poll officials to see if they will work.
 - If you think they may say no if you contact them now, wait a few more weeks to see how the situation continues to develop, but do not wait too long.
- Use good judgment in appointing poll officials. If you have poll officials who would typically work but are at a higher risk due to underlying conditions, see if you can find a replacement for this election cycle. We love our poll officials and care about their health.
- Please share with potential poll workers that the State and county are taking measures for their safety, including providing gloves, gowns, face shields and masks to all poll officials. Ask them what additional measures would help them feel more comfortable working.
- Don't overlook potential sources for additional workers:
 - Work with unemployment offices to get additional workers.
 - Contact area colleges and high schools
 - Recruit on social media - Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, etc.
 - We are looking into the National Dislocated Worker Grant, and if we can utilize this resource it will help tremendously – <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/eta/dislocated-workers>
 - This is a federal grant administered through the Tennessee Department of Labor on a county-by-county application basis.
 - This is a great resource to tap into for staff, and the grant covers all employment costs.
- Federal funds may be available to offset the cost for *additional* poll officials. Caution: this only applies to extra poll officials in response to COVID-19. The funds are not meant to cover expenses you would have already incurred.
- Review the number of poll officials your county used in the last presidential election in 2016 listed below and use the number to create a plan for the number of poll officials you will need.
 - Consider any additional poll officials you will need to help prepare, receive, process, and count the substantial increase in absentee ballots.
 - Additionally, you must have a list of extra/backup poll workers to replace any that become sick or report a fever within two weeks of the elections.

County	Poll Officials
Anderson	218
Bedford	101
Benton	46
Bledsoe	75
Blount	362
Bradley	194
Campbell	140
Cannon	60
Carroll	119
Carter	193
Cheatham	111
Chester	65
Claiborne	126
Clay	38
Cocke	116
Coffee	178
Crockett	79
Cumberland	191
Davidson	1,813
Decatur	73
DeKalb	100
Dickson	113
Dyer	112
Fayette	203
Fentress	76
Franklin	125
Gibson	179
Giles	130
Grainger	69
Greene	160
Grundy	60
Hamblen	142

County	Poll Officials
Hamilton	964
Hancock	43
Hardeman	102
Hardin	124
Hawkins	249
Haywood	55
Henderson	90
Henry	64
Hickman	80
Houston	36
Humphreys	70
Jackson	80
Jefferson	94
Johnson	75
Knox	735
Lake	14
Lauderdale	110
Lawrence	150
Lewis	59
Lincoln	167
Loudon	157
Macon	50
Madison	287
Marion	104
Marshall	86
Maury	228
McMinn	133
McNairy	88
Meigs	51
Monroe	83
Montgomery	478
Moore	24

County	Poll Officials
Morgan	78
Obion	75
Overton	77
Perry	41
Pickett	41
Polk	70
Putnam	253
Rhea	100
Roane	151
Robertson	214
Rutherford	386
Scott	90
Sequatchie	60
Sevier	260
Shelby	1,490
Smith	78
Stewart	32
Sullivan	255
Sumner	307
Tipton	201
Trousdale	49
Unicoi	68
Union	84
Van Buren	46
Warren	110
Washington	359
Wayne	70
Weakley	112
White	119
Williamson	609
Wilson	291
Total	17,073

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE:

FOR MORE INFORMATION, CONTACT: AOE's name
May --, -----

[County] Needs Poll Workers!

[County, TN] – [AOE] is calling on residents of [county] willing to serve as poll workers for the [date] election. Due to a recent law change more people than ever before are eligible to work as a poll official.

[County] needs approximately [number] poll workers, who serve at polling places. “We need the people of [county] to step up and help out,” said [AOE]. “If you are a state, county or municipal employee, a teacher, a student or someone who is looking for temporary work, we need your help.”

In Tennessee, poll officials are appointed at the county level. Anyone who is interested in working should call or email [contact information].

The county election commission will provide training for any new poll official before the election. A new law allows poll officials to work a partial day on Election Day.

“Poll officials are extremely important in ensuring Tennessee elections are fair, accurate, and efficient. By working as a poll official you will make a positive impact on the election process,” said Tennessee Secretary of State Tre Hargett.

Additional workers will also be needed to process absentee by-mail absentee ballots.

What are the responsibilities of a poll worker?

Poll workers conduct assigned duties at a polling site on Election Day. Duties can include processing voters, monitoring the voting equipment, explaining how to [mark a ballot or] use the voting equipment, or counting votes. Other positions at a polling place include a greeter who assists with answering questions and directing voters to the voting area.

What are the hours of work?

Polling places are open from [insert hours]. Poll workers can work a full day, or half of the day. Generally, the hours are [insert] until approximately [insert] or later in the case of November elections.

Are poll workers paid or volunteers?

Poll workers are compensated for working at polling places at a rate determined by the county election commission and are also compensated for attending any required training sessions. Poll workers may also choose to volunteer their services, but most are paid.

What are the training requirements for poll workers?

County Election Commissions are required by state law to provide training. This training provides all the necessary information and knowledge to be a successful poll worker.

Where will I be assigned?

Every effort is made to assign a poll worker to their neighborhood voting site. However, poll workers must be willing to be flexible and consider assignments at other sites in the county based on need.

What are the qualifications to be a poll worker?

To be a poll worker, a person must:

- Be able to read and write in the English language
- Not be a candidate
- Be 16 years or older
- Not work directly under the supervision of a county or municipal elected official who is on the ballot
- Not be a close relative of a candidate. Close relatives are defined as the spouse, parent, father-in-law, mother-in-law, child, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece of a candidate on the ballot or a write-in candidate

A poll worker may also:

- Have strong clerical skills
- Be able to solve problems
- Be an effective communicator

How do I become a poll worker?

If you are interested in becoming a poll worker, you should apply by contacting [insert].

May state employees become poll workers? Yes

Poll Worker Safety

- The State is coordinating efforts to procure and distribute personal protective equipment for all election commissioners, staff, and poll officials for the August and November 2020 elections.
 - The State has a commitment of 100,000 masks and 300,000 pairs of gloves by mid-June.
 - The State is also working to secure face shields, gowns, and hand sanitizer.
- Poll officials will be required at a minimum to wear masks.
- Signage will be designed to encourage all voters to wear masks.
- The State is acquiring safety equipment for each county based on the number of poll officials in 2016 listed above, number of office staff, and election commissioners, with extra in anticipation of more working to count absentee by-mail ballots.

Training

- Currently, to comply with CDC guidelines, poll official training must be
 - Online; and/or
 - Labs or workshops in small groups.

- To accommodate training in smaller groups and training backups, start training as soon as possible.
- Use remote training opportunities when available. Look into live platforms like WebEx or similar alternatives but be mindful of security settings to prevent unwanted interruptions.
- Determine who needs to be trained. The law gives you the authority to limit attendance to only those who are inexperienced or otherwise need the training. Because of the new procedures most will require some type of training.
- Training must cover COVID-19 measures, including
 - Frequent handwashing,
 - Gloves and masks must be worn within polling site,
 - The correct way to wear masks,
 - The correct way to remove gloves,
 - Voting machine cleaning, and
 - Voter distance.
- Create and update your training materials immediately.
- Some counties have videos available that you may be able to use or recreate for your own purposes.

Poll Workers Best Practices Quick List

- Communicate with your poll workers who have worked in the past about their willingness to work in the upcoming elections.
- Inform poll workers that precautions will be taken to ensure that they work in a safe and healthy work environment. They will have gloves, masks, gowns, face shields and access to soap and water to wash their hands regularly.
- Train on how to avoid cross-contamination when wearing gloves, how to correctly remove gloves, and how not to reuse gloves. Also train that they are not to touch their faces, even while wearing gloves.
- To recruit poll workers:
 - Reach out to the TN Department of Labor and Workforce and/or your local unemployment office and let them know about paid positions for early voting, election day and counting board positions.
 - Work with Guidance Counselors at the high schools to recruit 16 and 17-year-old workers (Remember to get parental consent.)
 - Use Social media such as Facebook, Twitter, YouTube, etc., to advertise positions.
 - Advertise on Google, Yahoo, Indeed, or other web-based job sites.
 - Get local media to run public service announcements.
 - Contact colleges to recruit college students.
 - Reach out to corporate programs to help recruit tech-savvy workers.
 - Ask corporate organizations to list poll worker jobs on HR department posts, or Intranet.
 - Ask corporate organizations to create a link on their website to the recruiting section of your website.
 - Work with your HR department to recruit recently retired government workers.
- Train more workers than you may use.
- Use video training.
- Rotate election day workers responsibilities during early voting shifts to help with training.
- Poll workers should be screened on Election Day each early voting day. They should be asked the following questions:
 1. Have you come in contact with a person known or suspected to have COVID-19?

2. Have you had a fever in the last 24 hours?
 3. Have you had a cough in the last 24 hours?
 4. Have you had any difficulty breathing in the last 24 hours?
 5. Have you had any unexplained body aches in the last 24 hours?
 6. Have you taken any medications that would reduce a fever? (Tylenol, Ibuprofen, Acetaminophen)
- If they answer ‘Yes’ to any of the six questions they should not be allowed to work, and you must be prepared to fill the vacancy.
 - Cross-training staff and poll officials enables shifting resources as necessary to mitigate or avoid bottlenecks. Sometime during the week before, send out a questionnaire to all poll workers regarding whether they’ve had a fever in the past 2 weeks. If a poll worker has been sick or had a fever within past 2 weeks, you must tell them not to come in. Call in backups.
 - Prepare an additional PowerPoint training for backup/emergency workers for quick training.

Absentee Ballots

AOEs must prepare for an increase in the number of voters who vote by absentee ballots for the August and November elections. We are in uncharted territory regarding trying to predict the number of individuals who will vote absentee by-mail. It is better to be overprepared than underprepared. At a minimum, we anticipate many voters who are over the age of 60 who are eligible to vote absentee by-mail who have typically voted in person will choose to vote absentee by-mail instead.

While unlikely, in order to be prepared, we suggest you plan for 100% of voters over the age of 60 voting absentee by-mail. The Division of Elections has ordered four million each of mailing envelopes, return envelopes, and ballot envelopes. We have also arranged for storage of the 12 million envelopes which is over 150 pallets. The mailing envelopes will be self-adhesive. The return envelope and ballot envelope will not be self-adhesive.

Assuming there will not be any logistics or supply chain issues envelopes are scheduled to be delivered mid-May. The 80,000 envelopes that we had ordered for a normal election cycle are being distributed now. Obviously, this is an enormous increase in supplies and storage requirements.

Regarding the mailing of the applications for ballots and the ballots themselves, communicate with your local post office about the increase in volume and coordinate on making sure you receive requests and voted ballots timely. This may involve a combination of delivery to your office and picking up mail at the post office.

Because our voters are used to voting in person and getting an “I Voted” sticker we strongly encourage including an “I Voted” sticker with the absentee ballot supplies to help ease the transition to voting absentee by-mail. The chart below shows the number of currently registered voters who will be 60 or older by the August and November elections by county.

County	By August 6	By November 3
Anderson	18,526	18,751
Bedford	8,660	8,757
Benton	4,618	4,672
Bledsoe	3,244	3,295

County	By August 6	By November 3
Blount	32,511	32,911
Bradley	23,485	23,806
Campbell	9,357	9,455
Cannon	3,206	3,259
Carroll	6,532	6,607
Carter	13,681	13,819
Cheatham	8,255	8,381
Chester	3,624	3,681
Claiborne	7,098	7,191
Clay	2,290	2,311
Cocke	9,104	9,208
Coffee	11,826	11,982
Crockett	3,016	3,067
Cumberland	23,804	23,979
Davidson	114,159	115,926
Decatur	3,119	3,161
DeKalb	4,538	4,597
Dickson	11,617	11,784
Dyer	7,610	7,716
Fayette	11,574	11,740
Fentress	4,975	5,044
Franklin	10,120	10,243
Gibson	10,477	10,614
Giles	6,929	7,023
Grainger	5,429	5,498
Greene	15,609	15,799
Grundy	3,040	3,075
Hamblen	13,552	13,745
Hamilton	79,221	80,255
Hancock	1,734	1,761
Hardeman	5,605	5,671
Hardin	6,607	6,685
Hawkins	12,783	12,950
Haywood	3,901	3,949
Henderson	5,949	6,032
Henry	8,650	8,761

County	By August 6	By November 3
Hickman	5,172	5,246
Houston	1,994	2,021
Humphreys	4,657	4,707
Jackson	3,193	3,230
Jefferson	12,311	12,450
Johnson	4,679	4,721
Knox	90,604	91,825
Lake	1,305	1,323
Lauderdale	4,647	4,706
Lawrence	8,724	8,842
Lewis	3,158	3,204
Lincoln	7,759	7,864
Loudon	18,128	18,294
McMinn	11,376	11,504
McNairy	5,983	6,052
Macon	4,371	4,420
Madison	21,196	21,516
Marion	6,815	6,895
Marshall	6,505	6,592
Maury	20,762	21,039
Meigs	2,917	2,951
Monroe	12,289	12,460
Montgomery	26,770	27,252
Moore	1,958	1,975
Morgan	4,130	4,184
Obion	7,460	7,544
Overton	5,322	5,387
Perry	2,162	2,194
Pickett	1,800	1,820
Polk	5,185	5,244
Putnam	15,900	16,074
Rhea	7,602	7,693
Roane	13,883	14,050
Robertson	14,024	14,263
Rutherford	44,889	45,647
Scott	4,623	4,667

County	By August 6	By November 3
Sequatchie	4,121	4,178
Sevier	25,913	26,246
Shelby	171,803	174,330
Smith	4,095	4,156
Stewart	3,289	3,336
Sullivan	39,239	39,710
Sumner	37,311	37,857
Tipton	11,729	11,908
Trousdale	1,833	1,856
Unicoi	4,564	4,616
Union	4,306	4,370
Van Buren	2,001	2,030
Warren	8,098	8,200
Washington	28,251	28,592
Wayne	3,478	3,520
Weakley	6,643	6,736
White	6,258	6,316
Williamson	47,639	48,479
Wilson	28,674	29,098
Total	1,393,533	1,412,551

Who is eligible to vote absentee by-mail in Tennessee?

In Tennessee, in order to vote absentee by-mail, a voter must have a qualifying reason. The following categories describe the voters who can absentee vote by-mail:

1. The voter will be outside the county of registration during the early voting period and all day on Election Day;
2. The voter or the voter's spouse is enrolled as a full-time student in an accredited college or university outside the county of registration;
3. The voter's licensed physician has filed a statement with the county election commission stating that, in the physician's judgment, the voter is medically unable to vote in person. The statement must be filed not less than seven (7) days before the election and signed under the penalty of perjury;
4. The voter resides in a licensed facility providing relatively permanent domiciliary care, other than a penal institution, outside the voter's county of residence;
5. The voter will be unable to vote in person due to service as a juror for a federal or state court;
6. The voter is sixty (60) years of age or older;
7. The voter has a physical disability and the voter's polling place is inaccessible
8. The voter is hospitalized, ill, or physically disabled and because of such condition, cannot vote in person;

9. The voter is a caretaker of a person who is hospitalized, ill, or disabled;
10. The voter is a candidate for office in the election;
11. The voter serves as an Election Day official or as a member or employee of the election commission;
12. The voter's observance of a religious holiday prevents him or her from voting in person during the early voting period and on Election Day;
13. The voter or the voter's spouse possesses a valid commercial driver's license (CDL) or the voter possesses a valid Transportation Worker Identification Credential (TWIC) card and certifies that he or she will be working outside the state or county of registration during the open hours of early voting and Election Day, and has no specific out-of-county or out-of-state address to which mail may be sent or received during such time.
14. The voter is a member of the military or is an overseas citizen.

Specifically, regarding those who may vote absentee by-mail due to illness, there are two categories – 1) voters who have an ongoing illness that prevents them from voting in-person on a more permanent basis, and 2) voters who are hospitalized, ill, or physically disabled and because of such condition, cannot vote in-person during a particular election cycle.

For the voter who has an ongoing illness that keeps the person from being able to vote in-person, the voter may have a doctor file a physician's statement. The statement says that, in the physician's judgment, the voter is medically unable to vote in-person. The election commission places these voters on a permanent absentee voting list and sends these voters an application for absentee ballot for each election in which the voter is eligible to vote.

For voters who have an illness and only need to vote absentee by-mail in a specific election, they are eligible to request an absentee by-mail ballot for that election. These voters may be hospitalized, ill, or physically disabled, or they may be the caretaker of a voter who is hospitalized, ill, or disabled. A physician's statement is not required to allow these voters to vote absentee by-mail. However, the voter must request an absentee ballot for each election in which the voter wants to participate. A person who is quarantined because of a potential exposure or who has tested positive to COVID-19 should vote absentee by-mail as a person who is ill.

The chart below demonstrates the small percentage of voters who voted absentee by-mail in the last Presidential election.

County	Total Voters	Absentee By-Mail Voters	Percent of By-Mail Votes
Anderson	30,509	1,050	3.44%
Bedford	15,489	282	1.82%
Benton	6,388	163	2.55%
Bledsoe	4,755	163	3.43%
Blount	53,303	1,510	2.83%
Bradley	39,062	766	1.96%
Campbell	12,808	307	2.40%
Cannon	5,359	133	2.48%
Carroll	10,555	251	2.38%

County	Total Voters	Absentee By-Mail Voters	Percent of By-Mail Votes
Carter	21,319	648	3.04%
Cheatham	16,173	329	2.03%
Chester	6,629	177	2.67%
Claiborne	10,940	307	2.81%
Clay	2,951	94	3.19%
Cocke	12,273	324	2.64%
Coffee	20,172	409	2.03%
Crockett	5,458	92	1.69%
Cumberland	26,694	1,060	3.97%
Davidson	252,830	5,571	2.20%
Decatur	4,639	139	3.00%
DeKalb	7,015	205	2.92%
Dickson	19,007	610	3.21%
Dyer	13,428	217	1.62%
Fayette	19,554	307	1.57%
Fentress	7,466	200	2.68%
Franklin	16,556	445	2.69%
Gibson	19,715	324	1.64%
Giles	11,213	244	2.18%
Grainger	8,163	244	2.99%
Greene	23,833	762	3.20%
Grundy	4,847	104	2.15%
Hamblen	20,907	484	2.32%
Hamilton	145,049	4,035	2.78%
Hancock	2,290	77	3.36%
Hardeman	9,405	462	4.91%
Hardin	10,053	222	2.21%
Hawkins	21,004	481	2.29%
Haywood	6,964	337	4.84%
Henderson	10,393	233	2.24%
Henry	13,042	340	2.61%
Hickman	7,944	194	2.44%
Houston	3,250	165	5.08%
Humphreys	7,320	243	3.32%
Jackson	4,511	139	3.08%
Jefferson	19,312	856	4.43%

County	Total Voters	Absentee By-Mail Voters	Percent of By-Mail Votes
Johnson	6,643	239	3.60%
Knox	184,843	5,235	2.83%
Lake	1,994	59	2.96%
Lauderdale	8,131	317	3.90%
Lawrence	15,834	271	1.71%
Lewis	4,677	129	2.76%
Lincoln	13,494	310	2.30%
Loudon	23,861	1,304	5.46%
Macon	7,562	124	1.64%
Madison	38,868	1,137	2.93%
Marion	11,016	291	2.64%
Marshall	11,570	227	1.96%
Maury	35,727	658	1.84%
McMinn	19,134	450	2.35%
McNairy	10,156	244	2.40%
Meigs	4,355	119	2.73%
Monroe	17,445	937	5.37%
Montgomery	58,286	2,699	4.63%
Moore	2,956	55	1.86%
Morgan	6,839	193	2.82%
Obion	12,355	308	2.49%
Overton	8,356	208	2.49%
Perry	2,881	72	2.50%
Pickett	2,662	115	4.32%
Polk	7,107	209	2.94%
Putnam	27,500	696	2.53%
Rhea	11,290	325	2.88%
Roane	22,143	665	3.00%
Robertson	27,374	477	1.74%
Rutherford	108,612	1,826	1.68%
Scott	7,203	260	3.61%
Sequatchie	5,748	92	1.60%
Sevier	36,655	981	2.68%
Shelby	341,731	5,883	1.72%
Smith	7,505	135	1.80%
Stewart	5,336	234	4.39%

County	Total Voters	Absentee By-Mail Voters	Percent of By-Mail Votes
Sullivan	63,449	2,101	3.31%
Sumner	72,251	1,811	2.51%
Tipton	23,687	367	1.55%
Trousdale	3,203	70	2.19%
Unicoi	7,282	214	2.94%
Union	6,306	300	4.76%
Van Buren	2,447	51	2.08%
Warren	13,844	203	1.47%
Washington	50,432	1,418	2.81%
Wayne	5,893	150	2.55%
Weakley	12,365	305	2.47%
White	10,016	255	2.55%
Williamson	108,234	2,762	2.55%
Wilson	57,466	1,003	1.75%
Total	2,545,271	64,199	2.52%

By looking at the chart you can visualize the incredible challenge ahead. Outreach and trusted information will be important. In addition to the state’s engagement efforts detailed in another section of the plan, start immediately engaging your voters regarding election deadlines, dates and who is eligible to vote absentee by-mail. The following steps can be taken to achieve this goal:

- Use social media and the press for outreach to make sure voters are informed and understand what to expect during the absentee by-mail ballot process.
- Encourage voters to submit absentee ballot requests as early as possible before the deadline.
- Encourage voters to send back completed ballots as early as possible prior to Election Day.
- Have simple instructions for requesting and returning absentee ballots on your website and as handouts.
- Use visuals, highlights and color on your forms and instructions.
- Reach out to trusted community groups to help spread the message about absentee by-mail voting.

The following information provides guidance on steps that AOE’s need to take to prepare for the demands of the upcoming elections.

Create a Streamlined Process for Timely Processing

- Think about the “flow” of the process from beginning to end.
 - Make a **timeline** of when you will mail out, receive, open and process ballot requests, applications for ballot and ballots.
 - Look at the **physical space** for how requests, applications and ballots will be mailed out, received, opened and processed.
 - **Plan the “path” of the ballots** – signature checking, opening envelopes, preparing for counting, etc.

- Prepare all different forms and envelopes you will be using.
 - If you have any questions about what forms to use, the envelope size/design, postage, etc., check with the State.
 - Double check that the instructions sent with the ballots are very clear to the voter.
- Check with the local Post Office you plan to use and work out all details, including whether you are using correct postage for the weight of the ballots supplies, etc.
- For those on the permanent absentee list, have all the envelopes prepared and mail them out on day 92.
 - This will maximize usage of the full 90 days by getting those requests in the pipeline from the beginning, before the influx of over 60+ requests.

Third Party Vendors

For those considering outsourcing absentee ballot request fulfillment, you should:

- Make sure any vendor you work with has quality controls in place and they can validate that the right ballot gets put in the right packet.
- Ask about their experience with election mail.
- Ask whether they have the proper equipment to do data matching to make sure the right ballot goes in the right envelope.
- Make sure they can handle the data – addressing, working with USPS, etc.
- Ask them about their quality control for printing. If everything is not printed in-house, you will have two different vendors. When print and mail gets separated you need to make sure that those entities have worked together successfully because you need them to maintain the chain of custody.
- Make sure they have controls on the quality of the paper – with junk mail, variations in the quality of the paper does not really matter, but in elections, it is not just about keeping costs low –you must make sure that the paper works with the tabulator. Many mail shops are not used to their packets being so important.
- Make sure you’re asking about physical storage. They cannot leave ballots on pallets by themselves in an unsecured manner.
- Ask them about whether they are certified by any tabulation vendors. For a list of vendors, contact Coordinator Goins.

Sending Ballot Requests

- Be prepared to take information needed to mail requests over the phone. Most AOE's will need additional help to answer calls, process requests, and respond to questions about ballot processing status.
- Put a fillable PDF version of the form on your website so the form can be filled out legibly and easily printed.
- Take advantage of Voter Central's ability to prepopulate the request form for requests received over the phone.
- Highlight required fields to help guide the voter through the form and minimize need for follow-up with the voter. This will be particularly important for the party selection field for August.
- Have a plan for how you will efficiently alert applicants of any deficiencies with their application. Make sure you have a letter template available for quick communication.

Processing Absentee Requests

- Make every step as streamlined and automated as possible.
 - Use barcoding whenever possible.
 - Consider Voter Central data entry.
 - Consider UOCAVA voters and special issues.
 - Place an “I Voted” sticker in every ballot that you mail out. For those using the commemorative 19th Amendment state provided “I Voted Sticker,” the State will distribute some pre-cut stickers for you to include.
- **Do not get behind on mailing out requests, applications or ballots.**
 - Process and send requests received that day.
 - Process and send applications received that day.
 - Process and send ballot supplies received that day.
- The first day to receive requests for absentee ballots is 90 days before Election Day (May 8 for August and August 5 for November).
- For MicroVote counties, obtain enough ballot cards. MicroVote is stocking up and should have adequate supplies available. You can buy extra ballot cards now and whatever is not used may be used in November. For other counties, ensure you have enough printed ballots.
- Have step-by-step instructions available for those who will be processing requests.
- Make it harder for voters to make mistakes
 - Example: For Social Security number, print with blanks for each individual number and dashes included, so voters know they cannot just put the last 4 digits.
- Validating signatures
 - Check the quality of the signature you have. Make sure everyone verifying signatures has completed validating signature training provided by the State.
- Include your county’s email address on ballot request forms.
- Use a system that works best for your county (letting the same people handle the process from A to Z, bubbling cards (MicroVote) with precinct codes in advance, pre-stuffing envelopes, etc.).
- Do you want to outsource any part of the process? See the Third Party Vendor section above. If this is a possibility for your county, contact vendors quickly.
- Make sure first-time voters who registered by-mail understand their options:
 - When you mail the registration card to a first-time by-mail registrant, make it clear that they will need to vote in-person unless they convert their registration to an in-person registration.
 - If a first-time voter who registered by-mail requests an absentee ballot, let them know they can convert their registration to in-person by presenting a valid photo ID in-person to the county election commission office.
- File the applications in a way that ensures none are overlooked and that they are easily accessible for the counting process.

Tracking Absentee Ballots

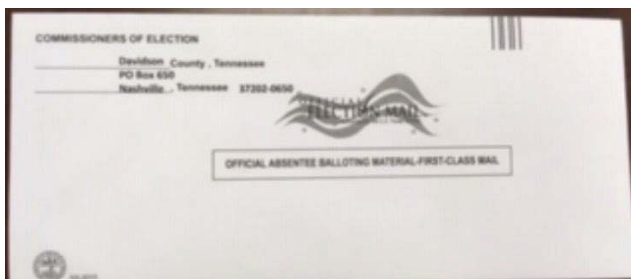
- The State plans to replicate the tracking information available for UOCAVA voters for all absentee voters.
- We are working with Embry Consulting to modify the data extracted from Voter Central, so the data will be sent automatically with your transfers.
- Assuming we can get the necessary IT work completed in time for the August election, voters will

be able to check when their ballot was sent and when it has been received at <https://tnmap.tn.gov/voterlookup/>. At a minimum this service will be available by November. At this point, you should prepare for adequate staffing as though this service is not available for the August election.

Receiving Absentee Ballots

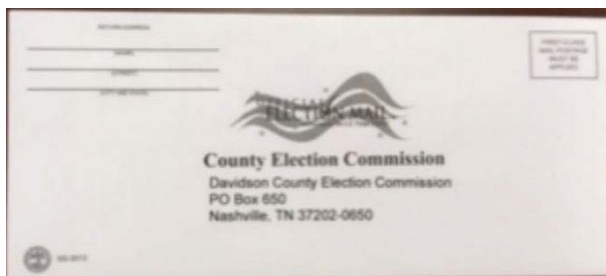
- AOE's need to find a secure place to store ballots as they are returned. Evaluate whether you have enough ballot boxes and locks available.
 - Determine what steps you can take when ballots are returned to minimize the amount of time your absentee counting boards must spend sorting ballots.
 - Use multiple ballot boxes to presort ballots as they are received.
 - Organize returned absentee ballots in a way that will help your absentee counting board process ballots as quickly and efficiently as possible. This can include sorting ballots alphabetically by precinct so they can be quickly found in the voting records. You may also choose to sort by primary, or the combination of precinct and primary. If not sorting by precinct, write it prominently on the back of the envelope so it can be easily identified.
 - Keep UOCAVA ballots separate since they will require extra steps.
 - To speed up the process, some counties may consider buying one or multiple automated envelope slicers. Ensure that the machine does not slice any ballots. Test a batch of 50 ballots and envelopes beforehand. **Caution:** If you use self-adhesive return envelopes, they might get stuck and jam the envelope slicer.
 - Determine how many ballots fit in the ballot boxes you use. (Depending on the size of the ballot box, the number typically ranges from 250 – 500.) Based on the number, figure out how many ballot boxes are needed to handle the number of potential absentee ballots you may receive. If you do not have enough ballot boxes, order the number needed from the State.
 - Order the number of locks needed for additional ballot boxes.
 - With respect to scanning ballots, work with vendors to ensure you have the appropriate number of absentee ballot scanners, large enough space to handle the increased number of scanners, and an increased number of people to do the actual scanning.
 - Have ample number of gloves for absentee counting board members to use.
 - Have poll workers practice hand hygiene frequently.
- Davidson County and Shelby County have the most experience in processing large amounts of absentee by-mail ballots. Shown below are some helpful tips shared by Davidson County for absentee by-mail preparation:

Preparation for Mailing Out Absentee Ballots



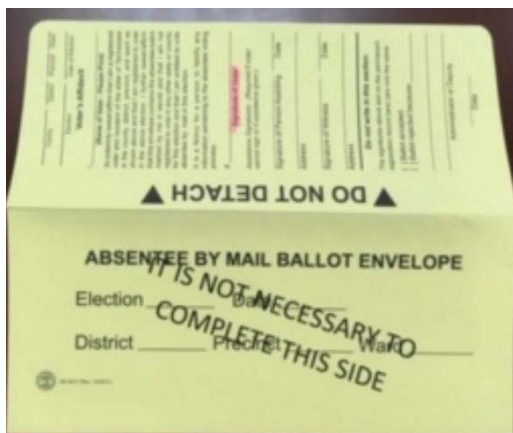
3015 Envelopes

- County's return address is printed on them. After being sent to the printer, it takes between 1 and 2 weeks. For smaller numbers, these can be printed in the office. On an office printer, it takes about an hour to print a box of 500, feeding just a few at a time to keep from jamming the printer.



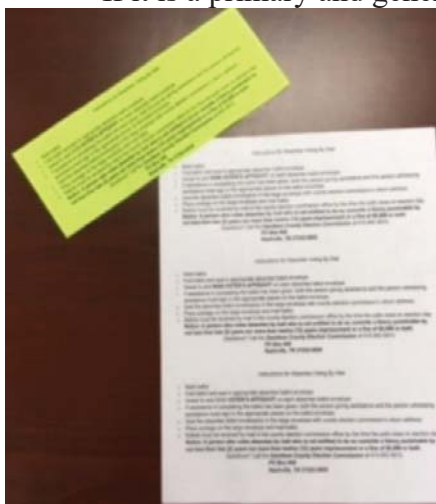
3013 Envelopes

- Office address is pre-printed on them.



3017 Affidavit Envelopes

- Print or put a label on the back (IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THIS SIDE). The data base system provides that information and the voter's name on a label. Without this message, county will receive a multitude of phone calls.
- Fold the envelopes.
- Highlight the signature line so the voter does not forget to sign.
- If it is a primary and general, label all envelopes with R, D, and General.



Instructions to the voter

- Print 3 sets of instructions per page on bright paper. Cut the instructions. Insert the instructions in the affidavit envelope.
- The **military/overseas materials** need the same preparation but since most of those ballots are emailed, the numbers are not as overwhelming.

Considerations for Absentee Counting Board

Absentee ballots can be counted starting when the polls open on Election Day. Although the law allows you to wait until two hours before the close of polls in August and four hours before the close of polls in November, plan now to start earlier to ensure the timely counting of your absentee ballots.

- Determine how many counting boards you will need.
 - AOE's may want to consider having a counting board that will just handle UOCAVA ballots or one that will just handle ballots that need to be remade or other special circumstances.
 - This will allow most of the boards to focus exclusively on getting the rest of the ballots counted without having to slow down to handle exceptions.
- Determine where your counting boards will meet.
 - Spread out enough to reduce confusion in duties and enable counting board members to focus on their tasks without interfering with another person's duties.
 - Plan for enough space to maintain social distancing.
 - Ensure access to scanner and computer.
- Estimate how much time it will take to scan your ballots. Check with your vendor for scanning capacity.
 - For example, MicroVote says the certified scanners are capable of scanning 400 ballots per hour. To estimate how much time, it will take to scan your ballots, use the following formula:

1. Estimated number of absentee ballots:	_____
2. Divide by 400 (ballots per hour):	_____
3. How many scanners will you use?	_____
4. Divide your answer to #2 by your answer to #3:	_____

- This number is how many hours it will take to scan your ballots. This total does not include the time needed to sort, review, and open the ballots. Scanning will most likely be the easy part. Sorting, reviewing, and opening ballots is typically the most time-consuming part of the process.
- Count the number of ballots to be scanned in a batch to ensure all ballots are counted. If you count out 100 ballots, verify the counter shows 100 were scanned when the batch is complete.
- How many additional scanners will you need?
 - Using the MicroVote example, each additional scanner costs \$2,500. Every scanner needs a computer that costs \$1,500 and a \$32 cable to connect them.
 - Only scanners that start with CDT are certified. Scanners that start with 9RS should not

- be used, even as backup because they are not certified.
- o Be prepared to merge results from all scanners. MicroVote has offered training if needed on the merge process.
- o Dominion, MicroVote, and ES&S have supplied the state with each client county's potential hardware needs. Hart and Unisyn are working on supplying that information.
- o Each county must purchase enough scanners to timely process all absentee ballots. Place your orders *immediately* for realistic delivery by the August 6 election. Andrew must be contacted before the order is placed to receive federal funds for the purchase.

Workers and Training

- On Election Day, opening and smoothing out everything takes an extraordinary amount of time. Take this into account when hiring workers.
- Be sure to hire enough workers and train for
 - o People sending out ballots, data entry and answering calls
 - o People receiving/opening ballots
 - o Counting Boards
- Be sure to train all workers on the sanitation process for opening and counting ballots.
 - o Use gloves and masks.
 - o Wash hands frequently.
 - o Do not touch face.
 - o Consider the number of Counting Boards – and Backups when getting supplies ready.

Sample Plan from Rutherford County

Rutherford County has developed a sample plan to review. When this plan was written we had discussed preparing for less than 100 % turnout in the 60 or older category. The plan is an example of how to prepare for the elections. **Note: We now recommend that you plan for 100% participation by those 60 or older.** This will help ensure we have extra supplies since we do not know how many individuals will qualify to vote absentee by-mail because of the other reasons allowed by statute.

Rutherford County's plan for handling the anticipated absentee balloting demands is as follows:

Rutherford County is anticipating a large increase of absentee voters in the August and November elections. Our county has 41,040 voters in the age group of 60 years and older. This group qualifies to vote by absentee by-mail. With the fears of COVID- 19 and this group being mentioned as an AT- RISK group, it is highly probable that 60 percent of these voters could vote absentee by-mail ballot. It is also possible that 80 percent of this group could vote absentee by-mail if fears are still relevant in November 2020.

60 & Over voters

$41,040 \times .60 = 24,638$ potential absentee voters $41,040 \times .80 = 32,832$ potential absentee voters

NOTE: There are numerous assumptions made in this plan. Every detailed step is not written into this plan. These steps are parameters in dividing up the process. More detailed steps will be provided by supervision.

Staffing:

Currently, we have 1 person who processes absentee requests. Added staff will give us two (2) full time processors and an experienced part time processor throughout to process absentee ballot request.

Adding three (3) part time student workers will handle task that will provide more for the processor to fill more request per hour.

Hiring additional staff: one (1) temporary full-time employee, three (3) part-time student workers, and a part-time person who was our former absentee coordinator (nights/weekends).

The November 2016 election had the largest number of 1,829 absentee voters in our history. November 2018 produced 1,222 absentee voters. In anticipation of a large increase the following logistical plan will be implemented to process and vote thousands of absentee ballots.

Our staff will pre-stuff 50,000 absentee envelopes with all absentee supplies including a pre-marked precinct ballot card and they will be stored by precinct.

Permanent Absentee List:

The permanent medical list will be processed and ready for mailing on the 92nd day before the election. These request forms will land in the voter's mailbox on the 90th day.

Our goal is to "prime the pump" and get as many of these requests returned early in the absentee calendar. Our hopes are to utilize as many of the days in the 90-day calendar and mail these ballots out before the influx of absentee by-mail requests from other voters.

The Absentee by-mail processors will review every absentee request for accuracy, verify signature, input information into Voter Central, print the correct ballot guide and labels for envelopes and then pull a pre-stuffed envelope to mark the correct ballot activation and stuff card plus ballot guide. The ballot is ready to be mailed.

Our goal is to increase the number of absentee by-mail requests forms our processor can process per hour. The part-time worker will scan the absentee ballot request into Voter Central and then file the request form. The part-time worker will prepare all absentee ballots to be mailed by placing postage and then mailing ballots.

The permanent full-time staff member will be the only person processing military/UOCAVA ballot request. This will ensure that all guidelines are met and documented.

Ballot Return:

A processor will pull up voter in Voter Central, verify voter's signature and enter voter update information. Update the military/UOCAVA tracking spreadsheet with date received, if applicable.

To expedite the Absentee Counting Board on Election Day, we will have 49 precinct boxes locked, and each returned ballot will be sorted by precinct upon return. All UOCAVA/military emailed

ballots will be deposited into a single locked box exclusive for email ballots.

Counting Board:

The Counting Board will report at 7:00 am on Election Day. We will expand the counting board from our standard 8 members to 24 members to tally the large number of ballots.

The Administrator will report the number of ballots received to the Counting Board. The Counting Board will count the ballots and envelopes to determine if the totals balance.

We currently have two (2) scanners to tabulate absentee votes. We need to purchase five (5) additional scanners to be able to handle the increase of ballots. This will allow for counting teams to take an average of six (6) precincts to scan and tabulate results. This will allow for us to tabulate approximately 2,500 ballots per hour. That will require the counting board to tabulate all day in order to report their results after the polls close.

We have dedicated an area within our office building that will provide the counting board a closed and sequestered workspace.

We also have a Circuit Court Judge election that has the incumbent Judge certified as a write in candidate that will have to be counted by the counting board.

This is a working document that will be amended and revised as needed to meet the requirements under Tennessee state law.

Postage- First class- .55 cents x 25,000 request for ballots mailed= \$13,750

Printing of envelopes to mail ballot request forms plus return envelope- 50,000 envelopes = \$2,416

Paper per Absentee ballot mailing

- ballot guides- 4 pages x 50,000= 200,000 sheets*
- ballot instructions - 1-page x 50,000= 50,000 sheets*
- candidate write in sheet- 3 per page 50,000/3= 16,667 sheets 266,667 sheets of paper- /5,000 sheets per case = 54 cases of 8 ½ x 11 white paper*

Staples paper - \$32.00 per case x 54= \$1,728

Labels- 4 labels per absentee ballot mailed 50,000 x 4= 200,000

200,000/5000 labels per case= 40 cases

40 cases of labels x \$17 per case= \$680

Total Cost \$57,574

Sample Plan from Sullivan County

Sullivan County uses Hart as a vendor and has supplied an example. As noted, we now recommend that you plan for 100% participation by those 60 or older. (Keep in mind the plan below was written without knowledge of the state's ability to pay for certain items.)

- The situations identified are contingent upon the existence of a public health crisis related to COVID-19.
- Certain solutions would be required, others are presented as options for analysis.
- Solutions in bold are recommended for situations that require a solution.

- Each solution requires the availability of the resources required for execution.
- In anticipation of an increase in absentee by-mail voting legislative authority is required and requested to begin processing (scanning) absentee by-mail ballots on the first day of early voting. There isn't enough space or scanners available to enable processing all ballots on Election Day. Currently, we are not allowed to do this.
- Situations and solutions will continue to be added as identified.

SITUATION	SOLUTIONS	RESOURCES	FUNDING
SANITIZING MACHINES <i>(required)</i>	BLEACH WIPE BUTTONS PERIODICALLY OR AFTER EACH VOTER	70,000 BLEACH WIPES	\$2,500
	HAND SANITIZER AVAILABLE BEFORE AND AFTER VOTING	TO BE DETERMINED	TO BE DETERMINED
SIGNING POLL BOOKS <i>(required)</i>	PERMIT REGISTRAR TO INITIAL POLL BOOK FOR VOTER	N/A	N/A
	BLEACH WIPE PENS PERIODICALLY AFTER EACH VOTER	70,000 BLEACH WIPES	\$2,500
	HAND SANITIZER AVAILABLE BEFORE AND AFTER VOTING	HAND SANITIZER	INCLUDED IN SANITIZING MACHINES FUNDING
ELECTION OFFICIAL PROTECTION <i>(required)</i>	DISTANCING OF POLL BOOKS AND MACHINES	N/A	N/A
	BLEACH WIPES FOR HANDS AND SURFACES	70,000 BLEACH WIPES	\$2,500
	HAND SANITIZER	HAND SANITIZER	TO BE DETERMINED
	DISPOSABLE GLOVES	2,000 GLOVES	\$100
VOTER PROTECTION <i>(required)</i>	DISTANCING	N/A	N/A
	BLEACH WIPES	70,000 BLEACH WIPES	\$2,500
	HAND SANITIZER	TO BE DETERMINED	TO BE DETERMINED
INCREASE IN ABSENTEE BY-MAIL VOTING <i>(required)</i>	ORDER ADDITIONAL BY-MAIL BALLOTS (39,000 REGISTERED VOTERS OVER AGE 60 & ESTIMATED 30,000 WILL VOTE)	42,000 ABSENTEE BALLOTS	\$12,600
		POSTAGE X 42,000	\$23,100
		25 CASES OF PAPER	\$750
		TONER	\$4,000
PROCESSING INCREASE IN BY-MAIL VOTING <i>(required)</i>	ADDITIONAL PART-TIME STAFF	4 PART-TIME STAFF	\$50,000
COUNTING INCREASE IN BY-MAIL VOTING <i>(required)</i>	INCREASE IN COUNTING BOARD MEMBERS (EACH 4 PERSON TEAM CAN PROCESS NO MORE THAN 2,000 BALLOTS)	NOT ENOUGH SPACE FOR THE NEEDED 84 COUNTING BOARD MEMBERS AND ASSISTANTS	\$12,000
	ADDITIONAL SCANNERS	LEASE 20 ADDITIONAL SCANNERS (IF AVAILABLE)	\$10,000

SITUATION	SOLUTIONS	RESOURCES	FUNDING
	BEGIN PROCESSING AND SCANNING PRIOR TO ELECTION DAY (<i>legal authority needed</i>)	LEASE 4 ADDITIONAL SCANNERS & APPOINT 16 ADDITIONAL COUNTING BOARD MEMBERS	\$4,300
100% VOTE BY-MAIL (<i>legal mandate required</i>)	ORDER ADDITIONAL BY- MAIL BALLOTS	100,000 ABSENTEE BALLOTS	\$30,000
		POSTAGE X 75,000	\$41,250
		35 CASES OF PAPER	\$1,050
		TONER	\$8,000
PROCESSING 100% VOTE BY-MAIL	ADDITIONAL PART-TIME STAFF	8 PART-TIME STAFF	\$100,000
COUNTING 100% BY-MAIL VOTING	INCREASE IN COUNTING BOARD MEMBERS (EACH 4 PERSON TEAM CAN PROCESS NO MORE THAN 2,000 BALLOTS)	NOT ENOUGH SPACE FOR THE NEEDED 140 COUNTING BOARD MEMBERS AND ASSISTANTS	\$20,000
	ADDITIONAL SCANNERS	LEASE 35 ADDITIONAL SCANNERS (IF AVAILABLE)	\$17,500
	BEGIN PROCESSING AND SCANNING PRIOR TO ELECTION DAY (<i>legal authority needed</i>)	LEASE 6 ADDITIONAL SCANNERS & APPOINT 24 ADDITIONAL COUNTING BOARD MEMBERS	\$7,000
REDUCTION IN ELECTION OFFICIAL AVAILABILITY	REDUCE # PRECINCTS	CONSOLIDATION NOTICES TO EACH VOTER, LEGAL NOTICES	TO BE DETERMINED
	REDUCE # ELECTION OFFICIALS IN EACH PRECINCT TO MINIMUM OF FOUR (4)	N/A	TO BE DETERMINED
	VOTE CENTERS	COMPUTERS, COMMUNICATION INFRASTRUCTURE	TO BE DETERMINED

Considerations for Mailing Absentee Ballots

Mailing ballots to the voters will require careful planning also. You cannot underestimate the impact of the additional volume on the mailing process. Additionally, you cannot underestimate the impact of COVID-19 on the postal system. Below are concerns and steps you should take in preparation of relying

upon the USPS in the absentee voting process.

- AOE or staff should sign up for USPS Industry alerts (IndustryAlert@usps.gov).
- As of April 3, USPS will no longer accept mail going to certain countries. This is temporary, so this list could change, but it is important to note that they will not accept mail going to overseas citizens in these countries because their facilities cannot store it. If USPS receives mail, including ballots, going to these countries, they will return it to sender. **However, military ballots should travel as usual.** Unfortunately, with everything so fluid, we do not know how long this suspension will last or if/when additional countries will be added. The best guidance we have right now is to reach out to your UOCAVA voters, and specifically your overseas citizens, and let them know about their options for receiving and returning a ballot. The countries to which this suspension of mail applies are listed below:
 - o Cayman Islands
 - o Chad
 - o Ecuador
 - o French Polynesia
 - o Honduras
 - o India
 - o Kuwait
 - o Libya
 - o Madagascar
 - o Maldives
 - o Mongolia
 - o New Caledonia
 - o Panama
 - o Peru
 - o Samoa
 - o Saudi Arabia
 - o South Africa
 - o Bolivia
 - o Sri Lanka
 - o Zimbabwe
- As of the writing of this plan, USPS will not permit their carriers to submit to screenings to enter buildings. If your office is requiring people to undergo a temperature check to enter the building, your USPS carriers will not be able to enter, and you will need to contact your local post offices to discuss dropping off or picking up mail.
- We know that foreign postal services are experiencing service outages. Other options to mail ballots include FedEx, UPS, and DHL. You can find guidance about their overseas operations at the following websites:
 - o FedEx: Visit [this page](#) to see current service disruptions (click “see all service impact information”) or [click here](#) to subscribe to service disruption notifications (you can select “service disruptions” from the subscription options so as not to be bombarded).
 - o DHL: Visit [this page](#) to see regular updates about temporary service adjustments.

Nursing Homes/Licensed Facilities

Under current law, voters at licensed facilities are required to vote at the facility or vote in person during early voting or on Election Day. They are not allowed to vote absentee by-mail.

If licensed facilities remain closed to public access, make plans to designate two staff members of the facility as absentee voting deputies. Reach out early to the directors of each facility. After speaking orally with the facility organizer, send a letter asking for a list of residents at the state licensed facility. For the August election, your nursing homes must receive your written request no later than June 27. For the November election, they must receive the written request no later than September 24. Also send voter registration applications for those who need to register to vote.

After receiving a timely written request, facilities are required to send you a list of their residents. Check the list you receive and identify the residents who are registered voters. After your review, send back a list and tell the activities director who the registered voters are in their facility. This gives the activities director time to send in a voter registration form for those who want to register before the registration deadline. Designate a specific person to receive the new registrations so you can track who will be able to vote.

Under the scenario that the licensed facilities will not allow your usual nursing home deputies into the facility, you will have to hire at least two voting deputies from the facility. The deputies you appoint must be registered voters in your county. You must have bipartisan representation by the deputies. Let them know you can pay them. Train the deputies and deputize them by administering the election official's oath to them.

Prepare applications, affidavit envelopes, specific ballots for each voter, and a locked ballot box for the facility to use. During the time for voting licensed facilities, deliver the materials curbside to each location. The delivery process will take some time for middle to larger counties. Include the voter list and, to the extent possible, for each voter, paper clip the applications, affidavit envelope and ballot together. Make sure to send "I VOTED" stickers with each ballot.

If you did not deputize the staff from the facility during training, do so before you hand over the voting supplies. The bipartisan deputies will go to each individual voter together. The voter will sign the application, vote the ballot and seal it in the envelope, sign the affidavit, and place the ballot in the locked ballot box.

The deputies collect the voted and unvoted ballots, all applications and the voter list. Then your office will arrange for curbside pickup of the ballot materials and bring the ballots and materials to the election commission.

Nursing Home Voting Chart

Types of Facilities in County	Gaining Access to the Facilities	Preparing to Vote at the Facilities	Timing to Vote at the Facilities
1. Assisted Care Facility 2. Home for the Aged 3. Nursing Homes Details Matter - <i>If a county does not identify each of the eligible facilities in the county, failure to vote the registered voters of the facility could impact an election and result in a court ordering a new election.</i>	1. File letter from CEC to each facility requesting the names and home addresses of its residents 2. Must be filed no later than 40 days before the election 3. Inform facility that the list is for voting purposes only – <i>the list of names obtained from the facility is not subject to the Open Records Law</i> The list should contain the name and home address of each individual if the address is different from the licensed facility. (Remember, residents of the licensed facility do not have to change their residential addresses to that of the facility. The voter may remain registered at the last address prior to entering the facility.) If the facility refuses to provide the list of names, contact the Election Division	1. Compare the list to see who is an eligible voter for the election 2. From those who are eligible voters in your county, determine the voter's precinct 3. Once the official ballot is prepared, pull the ballots you will need to take with you to the nursing home or prepare your voting machines 4. Prepare applications for ballot - May be preprinted with voter information - Also, send a few blank ones for newly admitted registered voters 5. Assemble voter registration applications, change of address forms and/or fail-safe affidavit to send to the facility	1. Can begin twenty-nine (29) days before the election. T.C.A. §2-6-601(a). 2. Must end five (5) days before the election. T.C.A. §2-6-102(a). <i>The election commission office is only required to vote at the facility on one occasion during that period of time; you are not required to go to the facility on multiple occasions.</i> If you go out a second time to one facility, you may have to go out to others. If the nursing home voter does not vote when the CEC comes to the nursing home, the nursing home voter may vote: • During Early Voting OR • On Election Day at his / her polling location • Not By-Mail

Nursing Home Voting Chart

Appointing Deputies to Vote at the Facilities	Voting at the Facilities – Treat Like a Polling Place	Voting at the Facilities – Items to Bring	Voters in Facilities Outside of County
1. Absentee voting deputy appointed by the majority party 2. Absentee voting deputy appointed by the minority party	1. Mark the 100 ft boundary at the facility – T.C.A. §2-7-111 2. Candidates may appoint poll watchers to the facilities in accordance with T.C.A. §2-7-104. <i>Candidates are not permitted in the facility, within 100’ of its entrances, or to assist voters.</i> 3. The staff at the facility may accompany the deputies in order to identify the residents, but should not enter the room while the voter is voting unless requested by the voter for assistance 4. Persons voting at the facility are entitled to the same assistance as if they appeared on Election Day. T.C.A. §2-6-105 <i>Any person of the voter’s selection or if the absentee deputies assist, both deputies of different political parties must attest to the assistance given on the SS-3001 form. T.C.A. §2-7-116</i>	1. List of eligible voters at the facility 2. Applications for Ballot (SS-3028 or pre-printed) 3. Ballots (by precinct) Early Voting Envelopes 4. Ballot Box with two (2) locks locked by the county election commission members just like the absentee ballot boxes 5. Supply bag, pens, clipboards Details Matter: After voting the registered voters at a licensed facility, the absentee voting deputies must return all election materials to the election commission office.	1. Vote as an absentee voter outside of county or 60 years of age or older. 2. Vote as an absentee voter outside on the permanent absentee voter list <i>County election commissions do not cross county lines to vote registered voters in facilities outside of the county.</i>
Appointments are made during a public meeting by the election commissioners <i>Unless an emergency exists, the county election commission members may not appoint their close relatives or the close relatives of the AOE to serve as absentee voting deputies.</i> <i>Unless an emergency exists, the county election commission members may not serve as absentee voting deputies.</i>			REMINDER: Tennessee’s photo ID law does not apply to voters who vote in a licensed facility.

Polling Locations

In this time where we trying to accommodate appropriate social distancing you must assess your current sites to determine if they are suitable. Re-visit each polling site to plan the “flow” under the current CDC guidelines. Think about how you would manage lines, how you would setup check-in stations, voting equipment, provisional voting and fail-safe tables, all 6 feet apart. Also consider the storage of extra supplies, such as disinfectant wipes, screen wipes, extra hand soap, and paper towels for bathroom. The preferred method is to vote at your normal polling locations. This is not the time to close polling locations for reasons other than COVID-19 issues. Keep in mind with voters six feet apart and keeping the number of people inside a polling station to a minimum. Lines could potentially be longer than you or any of your voters have ever experienced. It will be imperative we prepare voters for what Election Day could look like. Some AOE's may be able to expand the number of early voting sites or polling locations as well as the hours of operation.

Identify backup locations for each precinct so you know who you can call if your usual site is unavailable. Remember Election Day sites within ½ mile of the precinct boundary do not require approval, or you can pick a site within 3 miles of the precinct boundary with the approval of the Coordinator of Elections.

If you decide to change a polling place, the affected voters will need to be notified by mail. (This requirement does not apply to emergency changes within 10 days of Election Day.) Although combining polling places is now allowed in emergencies, it should be a **last resort** under these circumstances to facilitate social distancing. An example of a justifiable emergency change would be if the location was quarantined because of COVID-19.

AOE's will need to stay in contact with the early voting and Election Day facilities to ensure they can be used. Also, stay in contact with your emergency back-up locations..

The threat of contamination at locations that host early voting and Election Day may cause some facility managers to not want us to use their facility.

Wilson County shared this partial plan of action:

Inform the host facilities soon about the precautions and procedures being implemented to protect voters and workers and to protect their facilities from contamination or spread of the virus.

Protect the host facilities by providing a disinfectant, deep cleaning after Election Day at all polls and daily during Early Voting at all sites. Clean floors, walls, bathrooms, doors etc. in combination with our other protocols are critical to maintaining a safe environment for the voters and workers during early voting and on Election Day.

Respect for the host facilities is required to continue to use them as early voting and Election Day polls. In most cases these facilities have been used for elections at no cost to the county. We must recognize the value these organizations are giving the voters of our county.

Additional or Alternative Polling Sites

- Churches
 - Even if a church has not allowed use in the past, consider asking them again. They might be more willing to open their space now that they are closed for services.

- Private venues/spaces
 - Many are not open to the public right now for events and activities, but they could be used for essential services.
 - Consider private schools, convention centers, wedding venues, YMCA/indoor gyms.
 - Try to appeal to their sense of civic duty.
 - Tell them this is great media exposure (the county can post on social media, and the venue also can post), and people voting will consider the venue for their own future events.
 - Tell them about the safety measures that will be in place during the elections and assure them that you will sterilize the venue from top to bottom afterwards.
 - Try using Google Maps to identify other big buildings for potential use.

Polling location set-up

Considering what is known about the spread of COVID-19, attention must be given to how polling places are arranged during early voting and on Election Day. From the entrance to the exit, the polling place should be arranged to remove and minimize the risk of contamination to voters and poll officials. To aid in this goal, the following steps should be taken:

- Keep entrance doors open, if possible, to minimize knobs, handles, etc. that voters have to touch.
- Post signs for voters to read while standing in line, including:
 - Directions to have their photo ID and other documents ready
 - Directions to have their mask and gloves on when they enter the voting area if they have them
 - Directions on the check-in and voting process
- Have directions where the voter can go to the bathroom and wash hands. These directions will need to be furnished by the election commission.
- To comply with current CDC guidelines for COVID-19, voters and poll workers need to stay at least 6 feet apart at all times.
- Consider additional space that will be needed for any extra equipment/machines you are purchasing; and additional supplies (cleaning/sanitizing supplies, disposables, PPE for poll workers, etc.).
- Work to maintain the minimum number of people in the polling place as much as possible and keep them 6 feet apart:
 - Evaluate whether moving your sign-in table out into the hall will assist in the social distancing standards.
 - Tape off lines to keep voters the recommended distance apart and post signage reminding voters to keep their distance.
 - Consider placing a poll official outside to distribute numbers and call in voters in small groups or ask voters for their mobile numbers and text when it's their time to come vote. Because this is how some doctor's offices are handling waits, voters may be familiar with this system.
- Spread machines out at least 6 feet apart to allow for privacy and social distancing
 - Depending on availability of power, you may need to use machines with UPS battery backups.
 - If needed, clear shower curtains could be used to divide rooms or provide separation between stations.
- If the building is large but the voting area/room is too small, try to rearrange the area or get a larger room. For example:
 - If the polling site is at a fire station, request that the trucks are moved outside.

- Be aware of potential issues if the fire trucks' lights and sirens go off, though. Seeing emergency lights might deter individuals from voting.
 - If the polling site is inside a school, re-visit to ask for the use of the entire gym. Some schools may require the use of mats to protect the gym floor.
- Remember that all new, replacement, and backup polling sites (or even a new configuration within an existing polling site) must still be accessible.
 - Complete **accessibility surveys** for any new polling sites and send them to the State.
 - Order any **supplies** or equipment now needed to make the polling site(s) accessible.
 - If a polling site cannot be made accessible, you must include it in your published **notice** of inaccessible sites.
 - For the August 6 election, the publication deadline is June 22, 2020.
 - For the November 3 election, the publication deadline is September 19, 2020.
- Starting at the entrance to the building (if possible), clearly mark off a single route to the voting area and every 6-foot interval within that route. Below are various supplies that can be ordered to aid in this process:
 - Inside
 1. Social distancing tape



<https://www.creativesafety.com/social-distancing-tools/social-distancing-floor-tape/>

2. Social distancing floor signs



<https://www.creativesafety.com/social-distancing-tools/social-distancing-floor-signs/>

3. Social distancing strips



<https://www.creativesafety.com/safety/social-distancing-strips/>

4. A-Frame signs



<https://www.creativesafety.com/social-distancing-tools/social-distancing-a-frame-signs/>

5. Traffic cones or discs



If possible, have the line/route go past at least one bathroom, where you should post signs encouraging handwashing.

- o Outside - In addition to social distancing guidelines, you must keep a long line safe from traffic or cars trying to park.
- o In addition to the items above, you can use any of the following:
 1. Chalk
 2. Washable chalk paint
 3. Washable chalk spray

Check-In Process

- The State recommends buying clear Plexiglass/screen barriers to protect both the voter and the workers for election commission offices used for early voting.
- If possible, use disposable pens or pencils for voters checking in and marking paper ballots.
- Minimize the number of documents the voter must sign.
 - o During early voting, the voter only needs to sign the pre-populated application ballot that you print. Although it may be helpful for reconciliation there is no requirement for the voter to sign a separate signature list.
 - o For counties using electronic poll books in polling places, the voter only needs to sign the application for ballot. There is no requirement for the voter to sign a separate signature list. Although it may be helpful for reconciliation there is no requirement for the voter to sign a separate signature list.
- Poll officials should not handle the voter's photo ID. Poll officials can be trained in one of the following ways:
 - o Look at the photo ID across the table without handling it. If electronic poll books with barcode scanners are used, have the voter place their ID on the scanner themselves instead of the poll official, or
 - o At the poll book table, place a taped off square on the table. Ask the voter to place their

photo ID on the table in the square, then ask them to step 6 feet away to a spot marked on the floor. A poll worker managing the poll book should look at the photo ID without touching it. If the voter is wearing a protective mask, the poll worker does not need to ask the voter to remove the mask. When the poll worker completes the review, they will ask the voter to step forward and retrieve their photo ID.

Voting on the Machine

- Let the voter show the application to the machine operator so they have the information needed to activate the machine and then let the voter deposit it in a box or on a spindle by the machine.
- Use posters on how to use machines to minimize the need for machine operators to explain. Refer questions to the poster and only have the machine operator approach if the question is unresolved.
- Have options to minimize voter contact with machines
 - To avoid damage to touch screens from cleaning products, voters can use disposable styluses like [popsicle/candy sticks](#) or Q-tips, if approved by vendor
 - If voters cannot grip the cotton swab, gloves or even plastic bags could be used as hand coverings.
 - Clear plastic wrap can be pulled over the machine and torn off and replaced after each voter. Be sure and test any potential solution to ensure it will work.
 - If gloves are provided for voters, pre-separate them for quick use.
- Immediately, after each use, follow recommended cleaning practices for your voting system and electronic poll books (if used). Each voting system vendor has provided instructions that are attached to this plan.

Provisional Voters/Fail-Safe Voters

- Set up a separate table to allow voters to complete the required forms from a safe social distancing spot.
- After completing the forms, the voters can place the form and other documents on the table and step back behind a six-foot line marked on the floor.

Accessibility

- Be sure the route/line from parking to voting is accessible.
- If not, you must provide an alternative route.
- Use disposable headset covers for voters using headsets.



- Establish a plan for voters who request assistance.
- Require the election officials assisting to wear a mask, gloves, full-face shield, and protective

gown.

- Make sure you have enough storage and space for all additional supplies and equipment.

Health Risk at the Polling Location

- If there is a health risk (for example, a known case of COVID-19) to a specific site more than 10 days before election starts:
 - Use the backup/alternative location for the precinct.
 - If no backup is available, shut down the exposed polling site and clean from top to bottom with a professional cleaner who uses the correct cleaning material. Work with the media to assure voters and show them all cleaning efforts.
- If there is a health risk (for example, a known case of COVID-19) to a specific site less than 10 days before the election starts and there is not a suitable alternative location available within a precinct, the election commission can create a supersite by moving or consolidating a polling place.
- If there is an exposure during Early Voting or Election Day that causes a site to close,
 - Tell the State immediately.
 - Evacuate all voters and poll workers.
 - Send home all exposed poll workers.
 - Close all entrances immediately, and do not allow any unauthorized people to enter.
 - Call in backup/emergency poll workers to replace the exposed poll workers.
 - Publicize the new location immediately using media, website & social media.

Early Voting and Election Day Checklist for COVID-19 Procedures

Polling Place Facility Considerations

- Y Keep entrance doors open if possible. Minimize knobs, handles, etc. that voters need to touch.
- Y Larger rooms or facilities recommended where lines for voters to wait can form with at least 6 feet between voters.
- Y Larger rooms or facilities are also recommended to help with spacing out the voting process to maintain 6 feet between voters.
- Y Voters and poll workers should not be allowed to congregate in the building.
- Y Potlucks and bake sales should not be offered. Communal eating, such as pizza or crock pot dishes, should be avoided. Pre-packaged or single serving food or snacks are acceptable.

Poll Worker Considerations

- Y People over the age of 65 or with the following underlying health conditions are considered more at risk of serious infection from COVID-19. Underlying conditions that make an individual susceptible include those who have chronic lung disease, moderate to severe asthma, serious heart conditions, immunocompromised status (e.g., poorly controlled HIV/AIDS, cancer patients), and pregnant women. Therefore, focus on recruiting poll workers who do not fall into these categories.
- Y Poll workers should be screened during early voting and Election Day. They should be asked the

following questions:

1. Have you come in contact with a person known or suspected to have COVID- 19?
2. Have you had a fever in the last 24 hours?
3. Have you had a cough in the last 24 hours?
4. Have you had any difficulty breathing in the last 24 hours?
5. Have you had any unexplained body aches in the last 24 hours?
6. Have you taken any medications that would reduce a fever? (Tylenol, Ibuprofen, Acetaminophen)

If they answer “Yes” to any of the six questions, they should not be allowed to work.

Signage and Line Management

- Y Signage should be posted outside of building or prominently displayed on a window that reads, “HEALTH ALERT! Do not enter this building if you are experiencing any of these symptoms or have been in contact with anyone with these symptoms: shortness of breath, sore throat, achiness, fever (100.4F), nasal congestion, or cough.” Voters who are unable to enter can be offered the opportunity to vote at the election commission office.
- Y A greeter could also be used to ask voters these questions as they enter the building or voting area.
- Y Where lines form, use tape on the floor or other markers every 6 feet to show where voters should stand to maintain proper social distancing.
- Y Signs should be placed in the polling place where lines form that reads: “Please exercise proper social distancing while voting by maintaining at least 6 feet between yourself and other voters and poll workers.”
- Y Limit the number of people allowed in the building to allow for proper social distancing and avoid crowding.
- Y Have a greeter managing the number of people allowed in the building at any one time and then showing them how to form a line using proper social distancing spacing.
- Y Signs could also be used throughout the voting process; for example, signage at the pollbook about the process to follow. “Place ID on square on table and step back behind the line.”
- Y If there are children with the voter, see if there is an alternative to bringing the children in to the polling place (ex. two parents voting take turns while one stays outside with the kids).

Hand Hygiene for Voters and Poll Workers

- Y When sanitizing product is applied to hands or surfaces, it is most effective when it is allowed to air dry and is not wiped. Do not blow on hands or surfaces to dry.
- Y Upon a voter entering the building, they should sanitize their hands using a hand wash station,

hand sanitizer, or alcohol spray sanitizer.

- Y After casting their ballot, voters should sanitize their hands using a hand wash station, hand sanitizer, or alcohol spray sanitizer.
- Y If feasible, poll workers should break to wash their hands or apply sanitizer every 10 minutes. Using soap and water to clean hands for at least 20 seconds is the preferred method.
- Y Poll workers should also avoid touching their eyes, nose and mouth – even when wearing gloves.

Poll Watchers

- Y Poll watchers must observe social distancing standards.
- Y Poll watcher areas should be established at least 6 feet away from voters, poll workers, and other poll watchers.
- Y Poll watchers should be offered hand sanitizer upon entering the facility and upon leaving.
- Y Poll watchers should be asked the same screening questions as those asked of poll workers.

Cleaning Surfaces

- Y Surfaces, such as tables, doorknobs, and voting booths should be wiped down every 10 minutes with either a 70%+ isopropyl alcohol or 60%+ ethanol alcohol cleaner.
- Y Touch screens on voting equipment or electronic poll books should be cleaned after each voter, or as often as feasible (every 10 minutes). Only 70%+ isopropyl cleaning wipes should be used on touch screens. Cleaning shall be done in accordance with vendor provided cleaning instructions.
- Y Pens used by voters to sign the poll book or mark their ballot should either be sanitized between each use, taken by the voter or disposed of.

Polling Place Process Considerations

- Y At the poll book table, place a taped off square on the table. Ask the voter to place their photo ID on the table in the square, then ask them to step 6 feet away to a spot marked on the floor. A poll worker managing the poll book should look at the photo ID without touching it. It is not necessary to ask a voter who is wearing a protective mask to remove the mask. When the poll worker completes the review, they will ask the voter to step forward and retrieve their photo ID.
- Y The poll book or application to vote should be slid forward on the table, and the poll worker should step back when the voter approaches to sign. Signature guides should be used to indicate where the voter signs. The guides need to be sanitized after every 10 voters.
- Y Set up a separate table for provisional voters and fail-safe voters. Voters can complete the required forms from a safe social distancing spot and then place the form and other documents on the table

and step back behind a six-foot line marked on the floor.

Signage (sign designs will be provided at later date):

- 1) Health Alert sign – Post at the entrance and in the windows to the polling place or room used for voting.
- 2) Social Distancing sign – Post anywhere where you expect lines to form to remind voters of social distancing standards.
- 3) Poll Book Table sign – Post at the poll book table. You should also post it at the entrance of the voting room and at places where a line may form, or voters may wait so voters are aware of the 6-foot line and expected procedures.

Thinking Outside the Box

- If disposable styluses are not available, use disposable plastic wrap to cover the voter's fingers while voting.
- Have a "take a number" queue. This means having voters wait in their vehicle and using a messaging system to notify voters when it is their turn to come in the polling place. Large dry erase boards or electronic marquee (where available) could be used to notify voters.

Early Voting Schedule

Evaluate your early voting schedule to make sure you are maximizing opportunities to spread out turnout. If you are a county that is typically open from 9 to 12 on weekdays, could you move one or more days each week to the afternoon/early evening to catch voters who usually would not have a chance to vote early? If you are using satellite sites, can you offer additional hours or days? Like grocery stores, can you have suggested time periods for seniors/higher risk voters to vote (but any voter who appears during this time will get to vote)? We strongly recommend expanding locations and times within current law, particularly for the higher-turnout November Election.

General Best Practices Quick List

- Using vendor-approved cleaning solution, wipe down pollbooks and voting machines after each usage. (See directions from your specific vendor)
- Do not directly wipe down the touchscreens, as it may damage the screen or buttons.
- If available, have voters use disposable styluses. Q-Tips may be used.
- Strategically place voting stations at least 6 feet apart to maintain safe distance.
- Set up tables and voting systems using the 6 feet distancing model.
- Set up tables at doors with hand sanitizer for voters to use before entering voting room.
- Ensure adequate hand sanitizer is available for polling officials throughout the day.
- Use signage to inform voters of the 6 feet distancing practice.
- Mark the 6 feet distancing using tape or fluorescent chalk.
- Contact and work with local EMA/rescue squad organizations and government entities about signage, barricades and other resources to assist in managing traffic, long lines and general crowd control.
- Prominently Post "Health Alert" signs reminding voters experiencing symptoms of COVID-19

not to enter the polling place, but to call the election commission for instructions on voting. Post the signs outside the building and on windows. For voter who admits to having symptoms, have a separate location such as the election commission.

- Ensure bathrooms are supplied with soap, water and drying materials for poll workers and voters.
- Be prepared for increase in provisional voting from voters to whom you issued an absentee ballot, but who come to vote in-person.
- Keep entrance doors open if possible. Minimize knobs, handles, etc. that voters need to touch.
- Limit nonessential persons.
- Conduct time-studies. Knowing how long it takes ballots (for example) to get through each stage of the process will help you make better decisions about how to staff and where to shift your resources (people) when processing at peak demand.
- Use letter openers to open absentee envelopes to minimize contact with envelopes. Larger counties may want to use envelope slicer. (Caveat - Envelope slicers do not work well with self-adhesive envelope flap.) When using either letter openers or envelope slicer, be careful not to cut ballot.
- Use colored mail trays for each stage of the process or use large colored mail tray labels.
- Regarding photo ID, have the voter place the photo ID face up on the table and then step back to a pre-marked spot on the floor 6 feet away from the table. Have the poll worker find the voter in the voter list without touching the photo ID. Compare the photo ID with the individual. It is not necessary to ask anyone wearing a protective mask to remove the mask. After finding the voter, the voter will step up to the table to sign the poll book and pick up the photo ID. Clean the area after each voter picks up their photo ID. Have signage outlining this process.
- Promote early voting to take the strain off Election Day workers.

Budget

Historically, election officials have been excellent stewards of the federal dollars taxpayers have entrusted with us. Admittedly, we are in a worse position than most states for an increase in absentee by-mail ballots because we are on the extreme lower end of people voting by-mail. Local election commissions are being asked to cut their budgets at a time when the election is going to cost substantially more. Fortunately, we have federal funds for this rainy day. Most of the funding for the improvements will come from the CARES Act.

CARES Act

On March 27, 2020, President Donald J. Trump signed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) into law. The Act includes new HAVA emergency funds made available to states to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the COVID-19 for the 2020 federal election cycle. These funds are for this election year and must be spent by December 31, 2020.

The U.S. Election Assistance Commission (EAC) has previously provided guidance on allowable uses of funds related to the pandemic. Those allowable uses include, but are not limited to:

- Printing of additional ballots and envelopes for potential higher levels of absentee or vote by-mail processes

- Registration List Activities to improve the accuracy and currency of registrant addresses
- Upgrades of statewide or local databases to allow for online absentee or mail ballot requests or change of address
- Additional mailing and postage costs, including ballot tracking software
- Acquisition of additional voting equipment, including high speed or central count tabulators and hardware and software associated with signature comparison of returned absentee or mail ballots
- Temporary elections office staffing
- Cleaning supplies and protective masks and equipment for staff and poll workers in early voting, vote center, or Election Day polling places
- Overtime salary and benefit costs for elections staff and poll workers
- Training of poll workers on sanitization procedures for in-person voting
- Public communication of changes in registration, ballot request options, or voting procedures, including information on COVID-19 precautions being implemented during the voting process
- Mailings to inform the public on changes or determination of procedures of COVID-19 precautions, options in voting, and other voting information
- Pre- and post-election deep cleaning of polling places
- Leasing of new polling places when existing sites must be closed
- Additional laptops and mobile IT equipment
- Additional automated letter opening equipment

This list is not exhaustive, and we may encounter other costs. We will work with the EAC to determine allowable costs within the parameters of the CARES Act.

The CARES Act requires that states receiving funding under the Act “shall provide to the Election Assistance Commission, within 20 days of each election in the 2020 Federal election cycle in that State, a report that includes a full accounting of the State’s uses of the payment and an explanation of how such uses allowed the State to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus.” We will provide reports to the EAC by August 26 after the August 6 primary election and by November 23 after the November 3 general election.

The state will be responsible for procuring gloves, masks, gowns, face shields, and sanitizer as well as millions of absentee by-mail envelopes. For the counties, each county will receive up to fifty (50) cents for every registered voter for the August election and one (1) dollar for every registered voter in the county in grant money. AOE’s will have to evaluate how to spend the money within CARES Act guidelines. This money may be used to fund additional employees and costs associated with conducting an election under circumstances caused by COVID 19. More funds may be granted on an as needed basis and based on funds availability. We want to make sure counties have the funds required to be successful.

Daily Tasks

Election Office Hours: Election officials are required to maintain certain office hours related to their election duties. If your office is closed for public health reasons or you are unable to be at your office during the mandatory office hour timeframe, you must post information on how to get in contact with you or your staff for election related information. This may include posting phone numbers, an email address that can receive public inquiries, or even a mailing address that can receive written requests for information. Assign someone to answer the phone and periodically check for voicemails, emails, or mail.

Working remotely requires strict adherence to security protocols to protect voter information. If you have

satellite voting sites, you may be able to use a similar setup to do some tasks remotely. Not all tasks can be performed remotely, like transfers and downloading OVRs. Be sure you have access to backups if your office is quarantined.

For those in the office but in a building that is closed: Post a phone number someone will answer on outside doors or place a bell call outside of your office and operate by appointment as much as possible.

Comply with public health guidance when handling mail:

- Wear gloves, use letter openers, wash hands frequently
- To the extent practicable, let mail remain untouched for a day or two to give virus additional time to die on surface
- Designate one spot in your office to process mail
- Make copies or scans of documents you receive and work with them instead of the originals

Voter Registration Procedures

Stay-at-home orders and office closures may impact voters seeking to obtain voter registration applications. There are several existing options that you should encourage voters to utilize.

Online Voter Registration System: Voter registration, change or address, or name change because of marriage or divorce may be done online if the person has a signature on file with the Tennessee Department of Safety and Homeland Security at GoVoteTN.com.

Printed Voter Registration Applications: If a voter has access to a printer, the voter can print an application from GoVoteTN.com. This application can be completed and mailed to the applicable county election commission.

Voter Registration Application Request: If a voter does not have access to a printer, the voter can request that a blank voter registration application be mailed directly to the voter.

Cybersecurity Concerns

Cyber-security Impacts: If your county is affected by a widespread quarantine or outbreak of COVID-19 your office staff might be mandated to work remotely. In addition, the volume of voters that will start to utilize your internet-based resources will increase. During a crisis, bad actors may try to capitalize on the circumstances to take actions that could compromise the security of your election commission's office. Please remain vigilant about following best practices related to cybersecurity and election security.

Service Interruption: Networks are normally built to sustain high volume traffic, but the magnitude of the COVID-19 crisis presents an increased risk that systems may become compromised. An abnormal increase in network traffic could be misinterpreted as a DOS (Denial of Service) attack which could shut down networks depending on the type of security implementation. This increase may also affect early voting satellite sites or vote centers.

Phishing emails: You have been trained multiple times on phishing emails. Remember - think before you click.

Passwords: Use strong passwords and keep those passwords hidden from disclosure. IT security experts

strongly discourage sharing passwords.

Ransomware: Cybercriminals can infect the computers of government agencies before demanding that they pay a ransom for an encryption key that will free their locked files and records. Ransomware can lock up databases preventing polling places from verifying eligibility and confirming that voters are in the right districts/precincts. Having recent and updated electronic backup of the election database is critical in this situation.

Voter Registration Scams: Voter registration procedures are not conducted over the phone. Be aware of scams that are targeted to steal personally identifiable information from voters and/or election workers. It is especially important not to provide personal information of voters or election workers over the phone if your office is solicited in this manner.

Miscellaneous

Alternate Polling Locations

The AOE shall identify an alternate polling location that can be utilized if a polling location becomes unavailable on Election Day and contact the Coordinator of Elections for approval. Ensure that voting equipment is tested and functions properly or that enough paper ballots are available at the alternate site.

The officer shall contact the county election commission immediately if a polling location cannot be used on Election Day. State law permits the election commission with the approval of the Coordinator of Elections to consolidate polling places within 10 days of an Election Day in an emergency. If no alternative suitable site is available within a precinct, the county election commission may create emergency supersites by moving an unsuitable or unavailable polling place to another polling place in the county. To the extent practicable, the county election commission should choose the nearest available and suitable polling place. The county election commission may designate the county election commission office or other centrally located site or sites for voting by any voter in the county. The county election commission must provide notice of any changes as widely as possible under the circumstances using the media, county election commission website if the county maintains a website, Secretary of State's website, and if possible, signage at each affected polling place.

Emergency is defined as an occurrence, or threat thereof, whether natural, technological, or manmade, in war or in peace, that results in a polling place being unavailable or unsuitable for voting. A natural threat includes disease, outbreaks, and epidemics.

Contact information

The officer shall have a list of contact information. Such list shall include contact information for other poll officials, election commission staff, polling location facility point person, and emergency personnel.

Extra ballots

The AOE shall have an adequate supply of spare ballots. The AOE shall use these ballots at a polling location that requires additional paper ballots.

Emergency supplies

The AOE shall supply emergency supplies for each polling location and provide these to each officer. These emergency provisions shall include, but are not limited to, at least two flashlights, a first aid kit and manual, and extra batteries.

Review of polling locations

One month prior and within one week of Election Day, the AOE or staff shall contact the facility management staff responsible for each polling location, visit each polling location to ensure the location can be accessed, and review the status of the polling location to ensure that all materials are in proper working order. Within one day of the election, ensure that the appropriate person is available to open the polling location, or the officer has obtained the key to the polling location.

Severe weather alert

Starting 10 days before and every day thereafter until Election Day, the AOE shall review the National Weather Service reports. If severe weather is likely to be present on Election Day, the AOE shall be prepared to conduct the election under an emergency contingency plan.

Officer duties prior to opening

The officer of elections plays a critical role in the polling place and has multiple tasks throughout the Election Day. However, the officer is only one person. If an emergency occurs, the officer will need assistance to ensure a safe outcome. Therefore, prior to opening the polls, the officer must do the following:

- Designate another poll worker to oversee the execution of any emergency procedure, in the event the officer is unavailable or otherwise incapacitated.
- Assign accountability for securing voting materials during an emergency. The officer shall instruct the poll worker assigned accountability for securing the voting materials that such poll worker shall secure such materials in the event of an emergency to the extent permitted by time and conditions.
- Point out the location of fire extinguishers, fire alarms, emergency exits, the place of shelter and a predetermined assembly point outside of the polling location.
- Ensure that all emergency exits are free of obstructions.
- If available, identify two fully charged cell phones that shall be used in case of an emergency.

Shortage or absence of poll workers

In the event of a shortage of poll workers, the officer shall perform each of the following:

- (1) Immediately notify the election commission
- (2) Upon the arrival of any replacement poll worker, familiarize the replacement poll worker with the polling location.
- (3) Notify the election commission when the replacement poll worker has arrived or if the replacement poll worker has not arrived in a reasonable amount of time.

Replacement of Officer

If an officer cannot serve, a back-up officer should be available.

Long lines at polling location

In the event of long lines at a polling location, the officer shall perform each of the following:

- (1) Determine if additional lines should be created to alleviate the waiting time.
- (2) If it has been determined that additional lines are appropriate, consult with the election commission to determine if additional poll workers from the replacement pool of poll workers should be deployed to the polling location.

Evacuation procedure

If a polling location needs to be evacuated, the officer shall perform each of the following:

- (1) Alert all individuals present of the emergency and direct them to the predetermined assembly point.
- (2) Get a headcount and use this headcount to make certain everyone present is evacuated from the polling location.
- (3) Identify any individuals with disabilities and ensure that they receive assistance, if needed, to evacuate the polling location.
- (4) Secure voting equipment and materials, if possible.
- (5) If the emergency has been resolved, consult with the emergency personnel and the election commission to determine if the polling location can be re-entered.
- (6) If the polling location can be re-entered, first notify the poll workers to return. Then, notify the voters that they can enter the polling location.
- (7) If it is determined that an alternate location should be utilized, provide poll workers and any voters who have not yet voted with the address of the alternate location.

Loss of power at the polling location

If the polling location loses power, the officer shall perform each of the following:

- (1) Alert everyone present to the situation.
- (2) Contact the election commission.
- (3) In a polling place where DREs are used, if machines are not connected to backup power sources, follow standard shut down procedures before the batteries run out and transition to paper ballots.
- (4) Contact the facility management staff for the polling location to determine whether they can assist with addressing the outage.
- (5) Find an alternate source of light, such as the flashlights provided with the emergency provisions that can be used to continue voting until power is restored.
- (6) If it is feasible, consider using an area of the building where natural light is available or temporary lighting can be directed.
- (7) If the backup power supply for the voting machine has been depleted, connect a generator.
- (8) If the generator is unavailable or runs out of power, continue voting using paper ballots.

Medical emergency procedure

In the event of a medical emergency at the polling location, the officer shall perform each of the following:

- (1) Contact emergency services and follow the instructions given by emergency personnel.
- (2) Stop voting operations until an assessment of the situation can be made.
- (3) Determine if there is a doctor, nurse, emergency medical technician or other certified first aid provider in the polling location that may be able to assist the ill or injured person.
- (4) Keep the ill or injured person as comfortable as possible while waiting for emergency personnel to respond. Do not attempt to move the ill or injured person unless instructed to do so by a certified first aid provider or emergency personnel.
- (5) Provide the responding officer or medical personnel with the details of what happened to the ill or injured person.
- (6) Contact the election commission in a reasonable time.

Smoke, fire or active alarm procedure

In the event of a smoke, fire, fire alarm or other activated alarm, the officer shall perform each of the following:

- (1) Activate the fire alarm, if it is not already activated.
- (2) Alert everyone present to the nature of the situation.
- (3) Evacuate the polling location.
- (4) Contact emergency personnel.
- (5) Consult with the emergency personnel and election commission to determine if original polling location can be utilized.
- (6) If the polling location can be re-entered, first notify the poll workers to return. Then, notify the voters that they can enter the polling location.
- (7) If it is determined that an alternate polling location should be utilized, provide poll workers and any voters who have not yet voted with the address of the alternate location.

Gas leak procedure

In the event of a gas leak, the officer shall perform each of the following:

- (1) Immediately evacuate the polling location. To limit the possibility of an explosion, warn poll workers and voters not to use telephones, fire alarms, light switches and appliances when gas is detected.
- (2) Once safely outside of the building, alert emergency services, election commission, and the gas company.
- (3) Wait for the gas company representative and emergency personnel to arrive in order to assess the situation and determine the viability of continuing voting operations.
- (4) Consult with the responding gas company representative, emergency personnel and election commission to determine if original polling location can be utilized.
- (5) If the polling location can be re-entered, first notify the poll workers to return. Then, notify the voters that they can enter the polling location.
- (6) If it is determined that an alternate location should be utilized, provide poll workers and any voters who have not yet voted with the address of the alternate location.

Disorder at the polling location procedure

In the event of disorder in or around the polling location, including, but not limited to, unlawful protesting, threats of violence or rioting, the officer shall contact emergency services immediately and then follow any instructions provided by emergency personnel. Also, notify the election commission.

Disaster procedure

In the event of any disaster, natural or otherwise, including, but not limited to, chemical emergencies, dam failures, earthquakes, exposure to hazardous materials, floods, extreme heat, tornados, or severe winter weather, the election commission shall follow the emergency contingency plan.

Security threat procedure

In the event of any security threats near the polling location, including, but not limited to, the discovery of a suspicious object, a bomb threat, an explosion, a biological threat, or a chemical threat, the election commission shall follow the emergency contingency plan.

State Staff Plan

The Division consists of only eight employees. The office will develop frequently asked questions (FAQs) and answers from voters, media, and election officials. Staff will have regular meetings to discuss questions being raised. This coordination will ensure answers are uniform and being widely distributed. We will be spending millions of dollars in a short time within strict guidelines from both the federal and state government. Therefore, we have designated a person in the Department of State's fiscal division who will take an expanded role in procuring and paying for expenditures related to conducting the election. Support staff will assist in multiple areas as this will be an all-hands-on-deck expectation and requirement. We may need to hire someone to assist with logistics as shipping supplies has become a challenge with safer-at-home orders in place and the supply chain being disrupted.

Training

Normally, the state conducts comprehensive in-person training in June. We have rearranged our training schedule and training will be conducted during April, May, and June. Training will be given by conference calls, videos, and WebEx. Topics already identified for training are as follows:

- Poll official and voter safety
- Poll official recruitment
- Absentee by-mail
 - Staffing needs
 - Space needs
 - USPS requirements
 - Signature verification
 - Counting Board Procedures
 - Reporting Absentee Totals
- Educating the Public
- Legal Notices
- Poll Watchers
- Funding

Engaging the Public

To succeed in engaging the public, it is necessary to have a good working relationship with state and local media, organizations and local election officials. We recognize that state and local election officials are the trusted sources of election information. During this election, we cannot allow untrustworthy sources to distribute confusing or erroneous information to the public. We will allocate the necessary time to continue to build upon the relationships we have already established with all three key groups. Julia Bruck, Director of Communications for the Office of Tennessee Secretary of State, will be extremely helpful in working with the media. All Division media contacts will be funneled to Ms. Bruck in order to have an organized and orderly media process.

We have identified 1.4 million registered voters who are 60 years or older, (over 30% of Tennessee's registered voters) which enables them eligible to vote by- mail. This group has been identified as a high-risk group by the CDC so we will have a strong media campaign informing them they are eligible to vote absentee by-mail. Increasing absentee by-mail ballots by this group will also decrease the foot traffic at polling locations.

As part of the communications plan, every voter 60 and older will be mailed information about absentee voting. This guide will be mailed to a household in order to keep costs low. Furthermore, working with churches, non-profits, etc. to help inform voters will be a priority. While our engagement efforts will be broad, we will particularly focus our efforts on groups and organizations that serve seniors across our state. Press releases and general news stories will be of great assistance in reaching the public with useful voting information. As the election gets closer, the media will want to report on our efforts.

Recruitment of poll workers may be our biggest challenge. During our outreach campaign we must take advantage of every opportunity to remind the public that counties are hiring poll workers. As discussed in the plan below, a new law change increased the eligible pool of workers. This will be a significant help to our recruitment efforts.

Potential Ways to Get the Word Out – Thinking Outside the Box

We are looking to partner with organizations that are outside of the elections community to increase access to election information. Organizations and methods, used for this purpose are as follows:

- Libraries, including partnerships with TSLA
- Robocalls
- Banks
- Community Centers
- Church Announcements
- Payroll Checks/Statements issued to Private and Public employees
- Community Newsletters
- Utility Bills
- County Officials' communications with taxpayers (renewal notices, registering of deeds, etc.)

Disability Groups

Staff will set up a meeting so we can discuss the procedures being taken to assist voters with disabilities. The meeting will be with organizations that represent individuals with disabilities. We will ask if they will

allow us to create an informational piece that they can then place in their newsletters or transmit electronically. By far, this is the best way to communicate with voters with disabilities. These organizations do a fantastic job of working on behalf of their clients.

Media Awareness

Ms. Bruck will monitor media reports. Sometimes op-eds, news articles, tweets, etc....have misinformation. We will be prepared to respond as needed to clarify these inaccuracies. Periodically, we will provide press releases to state media contacts. Furthermore, we will provide sample press releases for local AOE's to be printed in local media and played on local radio stations. Public Service Announcements will be a tool we will use throughout the election cycle.

Website Enhancement

Since we anticipate more people will vote absentee by-mail we will enhance our absentee by-mail section. Also, we will have a countdown clock for important deadlines that need to be met.

Media Draft Plan Through August Coordinated with Local Election Commissions

We are currently working to develop on a partner distribution list of non-profits, religious, and government organizations statewide. We will also encourage counties to get inserts in local community publications. This effort will culminate in August and resume in preparation for the November election.

May Action Items:

Message 1: Know your absentee by-mail ballot facts.

Message 2: It's easy to safely register to vote online. Register today at GoVoteTN.com.

Message 3: We need poll workers.

Videos:

- "How to request and who can request an absentee by-mail ballot."
- "How to fill out an absentee by-mail ballot request form."
- "Serving as a poll official."

Website:

- We plan to update the website with an increased focus on voting absentee by-mail and poll worker information.

Press Release:

- We plan to create press releases about voting absentee by-mail, and poll worker recruitment.

Social Media:

- Create graphics focused on voting absentee by-mail facts, poll worker recruitment, and online voter registration.

Your Vote Matters Partners (Leverage these relationships to help share our message)

- Work with partners to share information about voting absentee by-mail, poll worker recruitment, and online voter registration.
- Content could include PSA videos, newsletter information, and social media content..

Digital and Print Advertising:

- Research opportunities for digital and print ad placement, including traditional media and social media.

Direct Mail:

- Explore direct mail options about voting absentee by-mail eligibility.

June Action Items:

Message 1: Know your absentee by-mail ballot facts.

Message 2: Register to vote for the August election? Register online today at GoVoteTN.com.

Message 3: We need poll workers

Press Releases:

- Poll worker recruitment
- Absentee by-mail ballot information
- Online voter registration information

Social Media:

- Share videos, graphics, and copy about poll worker recruitment, absentee by-mail facts, and online voter registration.

Digital and Print Advertising:

- Research opportunities for digital and print ad placement, including traditional media and social media.

Radio PSA:

- Explore options for PSAs about voting absentee by-mail, poll worker recruitment, and online voter registration.

Your Vote Matters (Leverage these relationships to help share our new message)

- Work with partners to share information about voting absentee by-mail, poll worker recruitment, and online voter registration.
- Content could include PSA videos, newsletter information, and social media content.

July/August Action Items:

Message 1: Know before you go vote.

Message 2: Absentee by-mail ballot facts.

Message 3: Vote early with precautions being taken for voter safety.

Press Releases:

- Online voter registration information
- Early voting information
- Election Day information
- Absentee by-mail ballot information

Social Media:

- Share videos, graphics and copy about poll worker recruitment, absentee by-mail, online voter registration, early voting and Election Day.

Digital and Print Advertising:

- Research opportunities for digital and print ad placement, including traditional media and social media.

Radio PSA:

- Explore options for PSAs about voting absentee by-mail, poll worker recruitment, and online voter registration.

Your Vote Matters (Leverage these relationships to help share our new message)

- Work with partners to share information about voting absentee by-mail, poll worker recruitment, and online voter registration.
- Content could include PSA videos, newsletter information, and social media content.

Additional Resources

<https://www.nased.org/covid19>

<https://www.tn.gov/governor/covid-19.html>

<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/hcp/ppe-strategy/burn-calculator.html>

<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/election-polling-locations.html>

<https://www.fvap.gov/covid-19>

<https://www.nass.org/resources/issue-briefing-election-emergencies-covid-19>

<https://www.cisa.gov/covid-19-and-elections>

<https://civicdesign.org/tool-kit-for-scaling-up-vbm/>

https://static1.squarespace.com/static/5a665c98017db2b60bc22084/t/5e8f42e95ae63f66b3ab1a26/1586447081587/Inbound-Ballot_Process_final.pdf

https://static1.squarespace.com/static/5a665c98017db2b60bc22084/t/5e8f430052f1a1428efab940/1586447104416/Outbound_Mail-Ballots_final.pdf

U.S. Election Assistance Commission Videos (Very helpful tips from other election professionals who have experience with significant by-mail ballots)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GSvJX0_ln-A

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H9TeKknZt80>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CXWi1lkwmzI>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8M-B30pBmxQ>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CvbP7K4-VoE&t=31s>

Warning found on EAC website

Optical Scan/ Hand Sanitizer WARNING!

If you plan to offer information regarding the use of hand sanitizers at voting precincts, I offer the following suggestion. Never let a voter use hand sanitizer just before they are handed a ballot. In 2009, amid the flu epidemic and concern for minimizing the spread of germs, we sent hand sanitizer out to each voting precinct. A voter dispensed a big dollop on her hands just before she was given her ballot. Her ballot became damp from the sanitizer product left on her hands which in turn became jammed in the optical scan machine when she deposited it. Not only did it jam to the point that we could not readily remove the ballot, it tore into pieces that got into other parts of the machine. Despite waiting for the residue to evaporate and attempting to remove the remains of the ballot, the machine was down for the rest of the day. Only 15 minutes before the close of the polls, the technicians were finally able to clear the slot. The machine had to be sent off for repair and cleaning.

Problems have been seen whenever the card stock that ballots are printed on become damp for any reason. We even caution our officers on rainy elections to ensure voters dry their hands well before handling a ballot.

Penny Limburg, General Registrar City of Bristol VA

Conclusion

This election will create a challenge for state and local election officials to administrate. This plan is a road map to assist Tennessee's voters and poll officials to vote safely under existing Tennessee law.

Acknowledgements

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Joey Williams, Fentress County

Vendors

Adkins Election Services
Dominion Voting Systems
Election Systems & Software
Harp Enterprises, Inc.
Hart InterCivic Voting System
MicroVote
Unisyn Voting Solutions

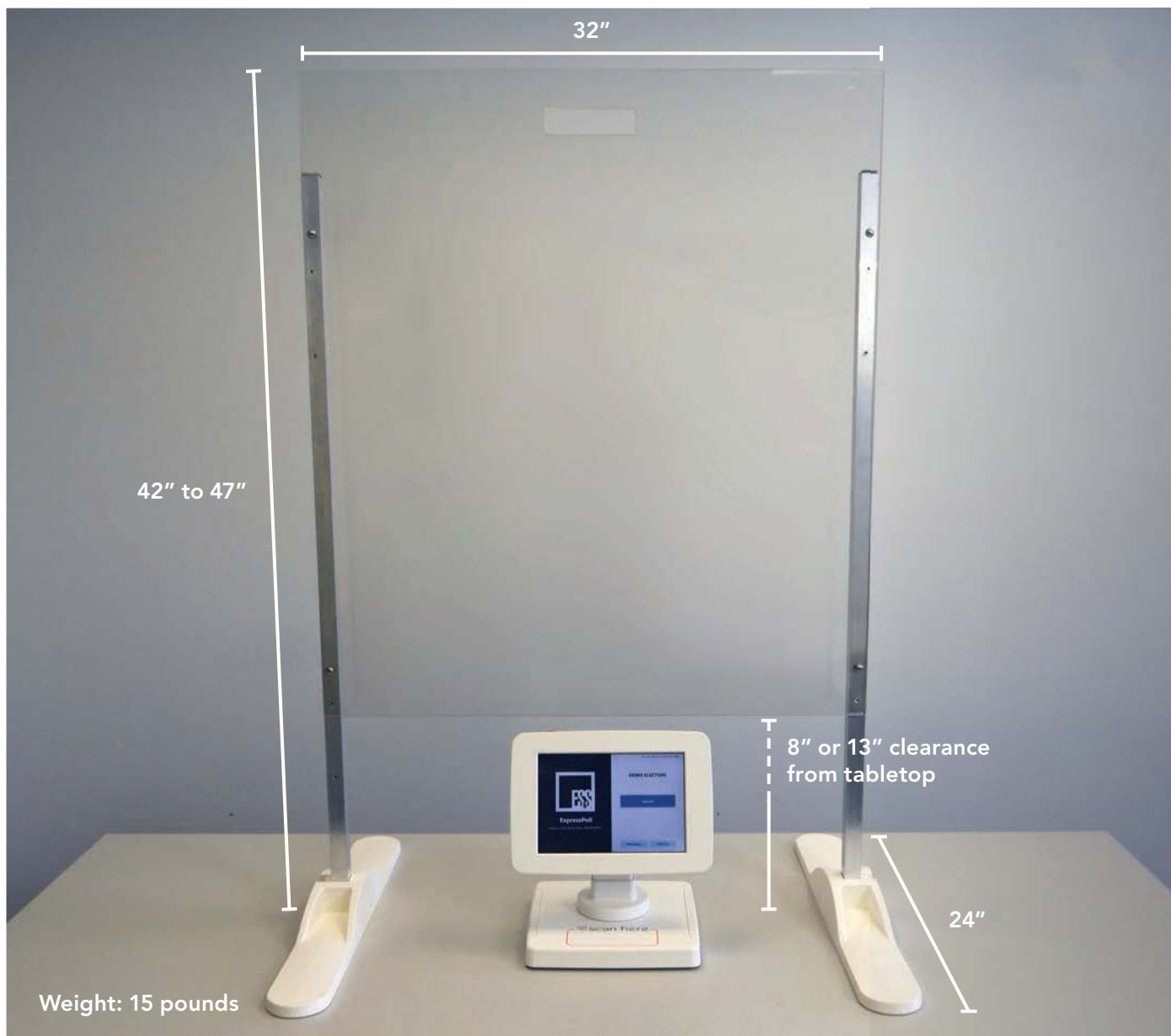
ADDENDUM



Check-In Protective Shield



The Check-In Protective Shield is a clear barrier placed at voter check-in stations. It is designed to support public health measures at polling places.



EASY SET UP

Snap each leg into the plastic foot to assemble.

COMPATIBILITY

Accommodates ES&S, Knowlnk, Tenex and paper pollbooks.

SANITIZING

Surfaces should be cleaned with 70% isopropyl alcohol.

PACKED DIMENSIONS

- Includes two shields
- 48" x 34" x 4"

\$149.95 per shield, sold in packs of two



Coronavirus Disease 2019

Recommendations for Election Polling Locations

Interim guidance to prevent spread of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)

Updated March 27, 2020

Summary of changes:

- Encourage moving election polling locations away from long term care facilities and facilities housing older persons to minimize COVID-19 exposure among older individuals and those with chronic medical conditions.
- Updated EPA COVID Disinfectant link.

Background

There is much to learn about the novel coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) that causes [coronavirus disease 2019](#) (COVID-19). Based on what is currently known about SARS-CoV-2 and about similar coronaviruses, spread from person-to-person happens most frequently among close contacts (within about 6 feet). This type of transmission occurs via respiratory droplets. Transmission of SARS-CoV-2 to persons from surfaces contaminated with the virus has not been documented. Transmission of coronavirus in general occurs much more commonly through respiratory droplets than through contact with contaminated surfaces. Current evidence suggests that SARS-CoV-2 may remain viable for hours to days on surfaces made from a variety of materials. Cleaning of visibly dirty surfaces followed by disinfection is a best practice measure for prevention of COVID-19 and other viral respiratory illnesses in election polling locations.

Purpose

This guidance provides recommendations on the routine cleaning and disinfection of polling location areas and associated voting equipment (e.g., pens, voting machines, computers). It suggests actions that polling station workers can take to reduce the risk of exposure to COVID-19 by limiting the survival of the virus in the environment. This guidance will be updated if additional information becomes available.

Definitions:

- *Community settings* (e.g. polling locations, households, schools, daycares, businesses) encompass most non-healthcare settings and are visited by the general public.
- *Cleaning* refers to the removal of dirt and impurities including germs from surfaces. Cleaning alone does not kill germs. But by removing them, it decreases the number of germs and therefore any risk of spreading infection.
- *Disinfecting* kills germs on surfaces. Disinfecting works by using chemicals to kill germs on surfaces. This process does not necessarily clean dirty surfaces or remove germs. But killing germs remaining on a surface after cleaning further reduce any risk of spreading infection.

Actions for elections officials in advance of election day

- **Encourage voters to use voting methods that minimize direct contact with other people and reduce crowd size at polling stations.**
 - Encourage mail-in methods of voting if allowed in the jurisdiction.
 - Encourage early voting, where voter crowds may be smaller throughout the day. This minimizes the number of individuals a voter may come in contact with.
 - Encourage drive-up voting for eligible voters if allowed in the jurisdiction.

- Encourage voters planning to vote in-person on election day to arrive at off-peak times. For example, if voter crowds are lighter mid-morning, advertise that in advance to the community.
- Encourage relocating polling places from nursing homes, long-term care facilities, and senior living residences, to minimize COVID-19 exposure among older individuals and those with chronic medical conditions.
- Consider additional social distancing and other measures to protect these individuals during voting.

Preventive actions polling workers can take

- **Stay at home if you have fever, respiratory symptoms, or believe you are sick**
- **Practice hand hygiene frequently:** wash hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. If soap and water are not readily available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol.
- **Practice routine cleaning of frequently touched surfaces:** including tables, doorknobs, light switches, handles, desks, toilets, faucets, sinks, etc.
- **Disinfect surfaces that may be contaminated with germs after cleaning:** A list of products [with EPA-approved emerging viral pathogens claims](#)  is available. Products with EPA-approved emerging viral pathogens claims are expected to be effective against the virus that causes COVID-19 based on data for harder to kill viruses. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for all cleaning and disinfection products (e.g., concentration, application method and contact time, use of personal protective equipment).
- **Clean and disinfect voting-associated equipment (e.g., voting machines, laptops, tablets, keyboards) routinely.** Follow the manufacturer's instructions for all cleaning and disinfection products.
 - Consult with the voting machine manufacturer for guidance on appropriate disinfection products for voting machines and associated electronics.
 - Consider use of wipeable covers for electronics.
 - If no manufacturer guidance is available, consider the use of alcohol-based wipes or spray containing at least 70% alcohol to clean voting machine buttons and touch screens. Dry surfaces thoroughly to avoid pooling of liquids.

Preventive action polling stations workers can take for themselves and the general public

Based on available data, the most important measures to prevent transmission of viruses in crowded public areas include careful and consistent cleaning of one's hands. Therefore:

- **Ensure bathrooms at the polling station are supplied adequately with soap, water, and drying materials so visitors and staff can wash their hands..**
- **Provide an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol** for use before or after using the voting machine or the final step in the voting process. Consider placing the alcohol-based hand sanitizer in visible, frequently used locations such as registration desks and exits.
- **Incorporate social distancing strategies, as feasible.** Social distancing strategies increase the space between individuals and decrease the frequency of contact among individuals to reduce the risk of spreading a disease. Keeping individuals at least 6 feet apart is ideal based on what is known about COVID-19. If this is not feasible, efforts should be made to keep individuals as far apart as is practical. Feasibility of strategies will depend on the space available in the polling station and the number of voters who arrive at one time. Polling station workers can:
 - Increase distance between voting booths.
 - Limit nonessential visitors. For example, poll workers should be encouraged not to bring children, grandchildren, etc. with them as they work the polls.
 - Remind voters upon arrival to try to leave space between themselves and others. Encourage voters to stay 6 feet apart if feasible. Polling places may provide signs to help voters and workers remember this.
 - Discourage voters and workers from greeting others with physical contact (e.g., handshakes). Include this reminder on signs about social distancing.

Recommendations for processing mail-in ballots

- Workers handling mail in ballots should practice hand hygiene frequently
- No additional precautions are recommended for storage of ballots

References

- Community Mitigation Guidance for COVID-19 Response in the United States:
[Nonpharmaceutical Interventions for Community Preparedness and Outbreak Response](#)
- [Handwashing: Clean Hands Save Lives](#)
- [Protect Yourself & Your Family](#)

Page last reviewed: March 10, 2020



CUSTOMER NOTIFICATION: COVID-19 ("Coronavirus") Information

March 9, 2020

Dear Election Official:

In light of COVID-19 ("Coronavirus") developments in the U.S. and globally, we want to remind customers of instructions for cleaning and sanitizing your voting equipment.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) [recommends](#) the best way to protect your health while visiting any polling place is to **USE HAND SANITIZER** and **WASH HANDS** as soon as possible. Because the virus enters through the eyes, nose and mouth, frequent and thorough handwashing remains the #1 most effective protection against Coronavirus infection. Voters should use antibacterial hand sanitizer before and after their voting session and be instructed to wash their hands after voting, regardless of what method of voting is in place.

How to Clean & Sanitize Your Voting Equipment

According to the CDC, transmission of Coronavirus to persons from surfaces contaminated with the virus has not been documented. However, cleaning and sanitizing surfaces can help reduce occurrence of viral outbreaks:

- Always follow recommended manufacturer guidelines for cleaning and sanitizing equipment. Using the enclosed guidelines for ICX Touchscreens (see Avalue Cleaning Guidance), ImageCast Precinct or ImageCast Evolution systems (see ImageCAST® Tabulators Surface Cleaning Guide), thoroughly clean all units in every polling place each morning before powering them on. Clean the units again in the evening after they have been powered off. Remind voters to use hand sanitizer and wash their hands in between.
- The CDC's guidelines for polling stations includes a [list of products with EPA-approved emerging viral pathogens claims](#) (NOTE: Some formulations may not be appropriate for your hardware and may cause problems).
- Follow the **CAUTION** information in the enclosed instructions to prevent damage to your voting system touchscreens and tabulators. Cleaning the units while they are powered ON is not recommended. Moist wipes may alter the touch sensitivity of screens until the moisture is removed. Additionally, some screen buttons may be inadvertently activated during wipe down.
- Regular alcohol wipes can be used for cleaning activation cards and non-porous privacy sleeves.

Thank you for your attention to this important matter. If you have questions or need further information, please contact your Customer Relations Manager for guidance.



1201 18th St., Suite 210, Denver, CO 80202
(866) 654-8683 | DOMINIONVOTING.COM

ImageCAST® Tabulators Surface Cleaning Guide

Dominion Voting Systems products are designed to withstand intensive use under operating and environmental conditions outlined in voting standards (VVSG). Normally, surface dirt and fingerprints do not affect the operation of the tabulators. However, from a healthcare aspect, it may be beneficial to clean and sanitize the product before and after use on Election Day. This guide provides the cleaning procedures, along with equipment and supplies required for this purpose.

NOTE: These products are intended solely for cleaning the exterior of the tabulators. Do not apply to the interior components of the system.

A. Recommended Cleaner and Sanitizing Agent:

Dominion recommends using one of the following cleaners/sanitizing agents for ImageCAST Tabulators:

- Mix of isopropyl alcohol and water solution with a ratio of at least 50% alcohol, up to 100% straight isopropyl alcohol.

B. Recommended Cloths and Wipes:

Dominion recommends using one of the following microfiber electronics cleaning cloths or wipes to clean the exterior of your tabulators:

Cloths:

- 3MTM Scotch-Brite® Electronics Cleaning Cloth.
- TECHSPRAY® 2368-2 LCD and Plasma Screen Cleaning Wipes

Disinfectant Wipes:

- KIMTECH® One-Step Disinfectant Wipes.

C. Instructions:

1. POWER OFF the tabulator.
2. Spray a small amount of cleaning / sanitizing agent onto the cloth.
3. Wipe the tabulator in a gentle motion to remove any dirt, dust, or finger marks.
4. Use a dry cloth to wipe any excess moisture.
5. The tabulator is ready to be deployed for use or storage.

CAUTION

Normal household cleaners, cloths and wipes are not safe to use on the LCD glass or displays. Please use only the Dominion recommended solutions. Please consult with Dominion technical support before using any other solutions.

To avoid potentially hazardous situations associated with the use of alcohol or other cleaning / sanitizing agents which may result in personal injury and property damage:

- Be sure to follow all instructions and recommendations in this document and the manual.
- Be sure to follow precautions and directions for any cleaning / sanitizing agent.
- Do NOT use any solutions that contain ammonia, acidic, alkali or other caustic chemicals.
- Do NOT use any vinegar-based solutions.
- Do NOT use coarse cloths or paper towels.
- Do NOT spray cleaning / disinfecting agent directly on the tabulator.

We value the health of our customers and voters. Thank you!



9 Timber Lane, Marlboro, NJ 07746
Tel: (732) 414-6500 Fax: (732) 414-6501

Avalue Touch Panel PC Care and Cleaning Guide

Thank you for using the Avalue Touch Panel PC. Our products are designed to withstand intensive use under all types of applications and require very little maintenance. Normally, dirt and fingerprints do not affect the operation of the Touch Panel PC. However, Avalue recommends that you periodically clean the Touch Panel PC for best visual and operational experience. Certain applications such as medical, healthcare and fitness, etc. may also require disinfecting the product after use. Therefore, we have prepared for you this Touch Panel PC Care and Cleaning Guide. Please read and be sure to follow the instructions outlined when cleaning or disinfecting the Touch Panel PC.

Recommended Cleaner and Disinfecting Agent:

We recommend using one of the following cleaners or disinfecting agents to clean and/or disinfect your Touch Panel PC:

Cleaners:

- 3M CL600 Anti-Static Electronic Equipment Cleaner.
- TECHSPRAY® 1605-6FP LCD and Plasma Screen Cleaner.

Disinfecting Agents:

- Mix isopropyl alcohol and water solution at a ratio of 50:50.
- Straight isopropyl alcohol.

Recommended Cloths and Wipes:

We recommend using one of the following screen safe, microfiber electronics cleaning cloths or wipes to clean your Touch Panel PC:

Cloths:

- 3MTM Scotch-Brite® Electronics Cleaning Cloth.
- TECHSPRAY® 2368-2 LCD and Plasma Screen Cleaning Wipes.

Cleaning Wipes:

- 3MTM CL610 Electronic Equipment Wipes.
- 3MTM CL630 Notebook Screen Cleaning Wipes.
- Fellowes® 99703 Screen Wipes.

Disinfectant Wipes:

- KIMTECH® One-Step Disinfectant Wipes.

Instructions:

1. Turn off the Touch Panel PC and all other attached devices.
2. Spray a small amount of cleaning / disinfecting agent onto the cloth.
3. Wipe the Touch Panel PC in a gentle motion to remove any dirt, dust, or finger marks.
4. Use a dry cloth to wipe any excess moisture.
5. Turn the Touch Panel PC back on.



9 Timber Lane, Marlboro, NJ 07746
Tel: (732) 414-6500 Fax: (732) 414-6501

CAUTION

Normal household cleaners, cloths and wipes may not be safe to be used on the sensitive electronics components. Please use the Avalue recommend cleaning / disinfecting solutions. Please consult with Avalue technical support before using any other cleaning / disinfecting solutions.

To avoid potentially hazardous situations associated with the use of alcohol or other cleaning / disinfecting agents which may result in personal injury and property damage:

- Follow all instructions and recommendations in the manual.
- Be sure to follow cleaning / disinfecting agent manufacturer's precautions and directions.
- Do not use any solutions that contain ammonia, acidic, alkali or other caustic chemicals on the Touch Panel PC.
- Do not use any vinegar-based solutions.
- Avoid using coarse cloths or paper towels.
- Do NOT spray cleaning / disinfecting agent directly on the Touch Panel PC.

Best Practices for COVID-19

Best Practices for Cleaning & Disinfecting Equipment

First and foremost, ES&S shares its concern and empathy regarding the health and safety of all, including U.S. registered voters and poll workers.

To be as helpful as possible in this unprecedented situation, ES&S is reminding customers, below, of instructions for cleaning and disinfecting voting equipment, as well as providing voters and poll workers a link to government recommendations for staying safe while voting.

The [Centers for Disease Control and Prevention](#) (CDC) recommends the best way to protect your health while visiting any polling place is to use hand sanitizer and wash hands as soon as possible. Frequent and thorough hand washing remains the most effective protection against Coronavirus infection, according to the CDC. Voters should use antibacterial hand sanitizer before and after their voting session and be instructed to wash their hands after voting, regardless of what method of voting they use.

With the high volume of voters using a machine, equipment surfaces get smudged and dirty. Use these procedures throughout Election Day to help maintain a sanitary voting environment and keep the equipment operating at maximum efficiency.

CLEANING & DISINFECTING PROCEDURES FOR ES&S EQUIPMENT

These procedures apply to all ES&S devices. Procedures may be used on all surfaces including touch screens, ADA peripherals, input trays, ballot boxes, stands and external surfaces of the equipment. Following these steps will clean and disinfect. These steps may be conducted while the device is running, but must only be applied to external surfaces.

Required Supplies:	Use one of the following options: • Soft, lint-free cloth with isopropyl alcohol (70% or less) • ES&S Touch Screen Cleaning Kit • Alcohol wipes
Required Staff:	One trained poll worker

1. To clean and disinfect the external surfaces of the device:
 - a. Lightly dampen (do not soak) a soft, lint-free cloth with isopropyl alcohol.
 - b. Using gentle pressure and circular motions, wipe the surface until clean. To disinfect, maintain contact with the surface for a sustained duration; between 30 seconds and 10 minutes depending on the product.

Caution

For the ExpressVote XL, the touch screen manufacturer recommends disinfectants do NOT touch the black sensor tracks along the edges of the screen. Exposing the sensors to disinfectants may damage the entire touch screen.

Instead, focus cleaning on the areas where voters come in contact with the touch screen.

Important

Be careful not to scratch touch screens.

ADDITIONAL MANUFACTURER-APPROVED DISINFECTANTS

In addition to the supplies listed in the previous section, the following disinfectants are manufacturer-approved for use as other product options. ES&S is sharing this list directly from our touch screen manufacturers. Inclusion on this list does not guarantee the product is rated for COVID-19.

Important

Products marked with an asterisk meet the EPA's criteria for use against SARS-CoV-2, the cause of COVID-19. Check the [EPA website](#) regularly for an updated list of approved products.

ES&S will continue to update this document as new information becomes available.

For ExpressVote®, DS200®, DS450®, DS850®, ExpressTouch®, EP5000®, AutoMark®, and iVotronic® touch screens:

- Household bleach solution (1/3 cup bleach per gallon of water)*
- Clorox® Disinfecting Wipes
- Clorox® Healthcare Bleach Germicidal Wipes
- Clorox® Commercial Solutions Hydrogen Peroxide Cleaner Disinfectant Wipes
- Lonzagard® Disinfectant Wipes
- Lysol® Brand Clean & Fresh Multi Surface Cleaner (20% cleaner solution to water ratio)
- Purell® Professional Surface Disinfectant Wipes
- Sani-Cloth® Prime Germicidal Disposable Wipes*

For ExpressPoll® touch screens:

- PDI Sani-Cloth® Plus
- Covidien™ Alcohol Prep pads
- CaviWipes™
- Clorox Healthcare® Bleach Germicidal Wipes
- Total Solutions® Disinfectant Wipes

CLEANING PROCEDURES BEFORE AND AFTER STORAGE

When you first bring your equipment out of storage, or when you prepare to return it to storage, additional cleaning procedures may be applied. See the System Maintenance Manual for your product(s) for more information.

CLEANING PRECAUTIONS

To ensure the equipment is not damaged during cleaning, remember these precautions.

Warning 	• Do NOT use full-strength, harsh detergents, liquid cleaners, aerosols, abrasive pads, scouring powders, or solvents, such as benzene, unless otherwise noted. Disinfectant sprays, such as Lysol, are not permitted and will damage the touch screen. • Avoid highly concentrated solutions (alcohol exceeding 70%, bleach or ammonia) as these may cause discoloration. • Liquids should never be applied directly to the unit. • Do not soak the cloth with solution so that moisture drips or lingers on the external surface.
Caution 	• Prolonged exposure to alcohol will disinfect the equipment, but may remove the sheen on plastic surfaces. This will not effect the structural integrity of the equipment. • Do not allow cleaning solutions to come in contact with ballot stock.
Important 	• ES&S cannot make a determination of the effectiveness of a given disinfectant product contained herein in fighting pathogens, such as COVID-19. Please refer to federal and local public health authority's guidance on how to stay safe from potential infection.

APPLICABLE VERSIONS

- All ES&S voting systems



Hart Equipment Cleaning Recommendations

Hart equipment may be wiped with a 50% or higher clear, fragrance-free, isopropyl alcohol solution and a lint-free wipe. Do not use ammonia or detergent-based solutions as these may be harmful to the screen or the plastics surrounding the display. To avoid spotting, make certain that equipment screens are wiped dry (do not leave puddles).

We encourage our customers to:

- Wipe polling place devices and booths with a lint-free cloth that has been slightly dampened with 50% or higher clear isopropyl alcohol (hand alcohol wipes are fine). It is best to do this for every voter.
- Provide hand sanitizer at the voter check-in station (so voters' hands are relatively clean when they go to the equipment).
- Use single-use, disposable, ear covers for device headphones.
- Additionally, poll workers and staff at poll book and laptop workstations should keep their hands clean and equipment wiped down regularly.

Best Practices for Cleaning Hart Voting Equipment

As a result of the Covid-19 pandemic, we've been asked about sanitizing polling place equipment. You that you may wipe Hart equipment with 50% or higher clear, fragrance-free, isopropyl alcohol solution and a lint-free wipe. Do not use ammonia or detergent-based solutions as these may be harmful to the screen or the plastics surrounding the display. To avoid spotting, make certain that equipment screens are wiped dry (do not leave puddles).

We encourage you to:

- Wipe polling place devices and booths with a lint-free cloth that has been slightly dampened with 50% or higher clear isopropyl alcohol (hand alcohol wipes are fine. This should be done for every voter.*
- Provide hand sanitizer at the voter check-in station (so voters' hands are relatively clean when they go to the equipment).*
- Use single use, disposable, ear covers for device headphones.*
- Additionally, poll workers and staff at poll book and laptop workstations should keep their hands clean and equipment wiped down regularly.*

Additional Notes

- Q-Tips can be used as disposable styluses for our Verity customers.
- For Counties who use Voting equipment with Daisy Chain cables, those cables are over 9 ft. long so they can be set up in a manner to comply with social distancing standards.



Providing Election Solutions for 40 years

Cleaning and Disinfecting Infinity Voting Equipment

- Use a soft cloth to clean the case of the unit. Use a mild detergent or isopropyl alcohol if necessary. Avoid using spray and abrasive cleaners. Allow ample drying time after cleaning before operation.
- Clean display area first using a soft dry cloth to remove dust, then spray window or disinfectant cleanser on soft cloth to wipe display surface. Do not spray cleanser directly on display area.
- Clean keyboard and Cast Vote button with soft cloth, sanitizing wipes or keyboard vacuum.
- Voters may use hand sanitizer or be given disposable gloves if desired.

6366 Guilford Avenue, Indianapolis, IN 46220

Tel: 317.257.4900 • Toll Free: 800.257.4901 • Fax: 888.544.9046



Henry M. Adkins & Son, Inc.
331 Independence Ave. | P.O. Box 104 | Clinton, MO 64735
Office: 800.633.5503 | Fax: 660.885.4019
hmadkins@adkins-printing.com | www.adkins-printing.com



Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)

CDC Recommended Precautions for Preventing Spread of COVID-19 in Election Polling Locations, including Cleaning and Disinfection

Preventative action polling workers can take:

- Stay at home if you have a fever, respiratory symptoms, or believe you are sick.
- Practice routine cleaning of frequently touched surfaces: including tables, doorknobs, light switches, handles, desks, toilets, faucets, sinks, etc.
- Disinfect surfaces that may be contaminated with germs after cleaning: Products with EPA-approved emerging viral pathogens claims are expected to be effective against the virus that causes COVID-19 based on data for harder to kill viruses. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for all cleaning and disinfection products (e.g., concentration, application method and contact time, and use of personal protective equipment). Labels contain instructions for safe and effective use of the cleaning product including precautions you should take when applying the product, such as wearing gloves and making sure you have good ventilation during use of the product.
- Practice hand hygiene frequently: wash hands often with soap and warm water for at least 20 seconds. If soap and water are not readily available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol.
- Clean and disinfect voting associated electronics (e.g., voting machines, laptops, tablets, keyboards) routinely using products with the EPA-approved emerging viral pathogens claim. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for all cleaning and disinfection products.

Preventive action poll workers can take for themselves and the general public

Based on available data, the most important measures to prevent transmission of viruses in crowded public areas include **careful and consistent cleaning of one's hands**. Therefore:

- Ensure restrooms at the polling station are supplied adequately with soap, water, and drying materials so voters, visitors and poll officials can wash their hands.
- Post signs in all restrooms reminding voters, visitors and poll officials to wash their hands with soap and warm water for at least 20 seconds and dry their hands thoroughly.
- **Provide an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol** for use before or after using the voting machine or the final step in the voting process. Consider placing the alcohol-based hand sanitizer in visible, frequently used locations such as registration desks and exits.

EQUIPMENT CLEANING PROCEDURES

Clean the entire unit, and its peripherals (keypad, headphones, etc.), by wiping with a soft cloth dampened with isopropyl alcohol to remove any dust or fingerprints. This includes all voting equipment and electronic poll books.

- Equipment case—Clean the case with a cloth slightly dampened with isopropyl alcohol. You may also use **BLEACH FREE** disinfectant wipes.
- Touchscreen—Clean the display using a soft, clean microfiber cloth and isopropyl alcohol by applying gentle, even pressure. **DO NOT** use a ketone type material (such as acetone), ethyl alcohol, toluene, ethyl acid, methyl chloride or any product containing bleach to clean any touchscreens. These substances will permanently damage the touchscreen.
- Keypad and headphones—Use a cloth with isopropyl alcohol to wipe down the keypad exterior. Use cotton swabs as desired.
 - **DO NOT** use any chemical containing bleach on any surface of voting equipment, including electronic pollbooks.
 - **DO NOT** use any chemicals other than isopropyl alcohol on any touchscreen surface.
 - **DO NOT** use paper towels or any other abrasive cloth on any touchscreen surface.
 - **DO NOT** use excess force on any touchscreen surface.
 - **DO NOT** use any disinfectant sprays, such as Lysol, on any electronic components.
 - **DO NOT** spray or place any liquids directly on any electronic components. Liquids should be applied to cloth before contacting electronic components.
 - **DO NOT** allow any cleaning solutions, soaps, hand sanitizers or any other liquids to contact ballots or ballot packaging.
 - **DO NOT** contact ballots while hands are wet or damp.
 - **DO NOT** lick fingers to assist in separating ballots and **DO** keep hands away from your mouth and face as much as possible.

Resources:

<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/large-events/election-polling-locations.html>



Preventing the Spread of COVID-19 in Election Polling Locations

Updated 3.9.2020

Unisyn recommends a three-step approach to preventing the spread of acute respiratory illnesses such as COVID-19 and the flu in election polling locations.

The first and most important step is to provide voters, election officials and poll workers with a means to clean their hands. Whether it is using soap and water or an alcohol-based hand sanitizer, clean hands dramatically reduces the spread of germs.

Recommend Hand Cleaning Method

Post signs in the bathroom or handwashing stations to remind voter to wash their hands with soap and hot water for at least 20 seconds and to dry their hands thoroughly prior using the voting equipment. If the polling location does not have a hand washing station, hand sanitizer with at least 65% alcohol must be made available. The hand sanitizer should be placed in obvious and easily accessible location such as the registration desk.

NOTE: Do not handle thermal paper or ballots after using hand sanitizer or other disinfecting wipes as chemicals may degrade legibility.

The second step is to clean the visibly dirty surfaces of the voting equipment. Cleaning does not kill all the germs, but it does decrease the number of germs present and reduces the risk of spreading a virus.

Recommended Cleaning Method

Clean the entire terminal, and its peripherals, by wiping with a soft cloth dampened with a mild detergent solution to remove any dust or fingerprints. Follow this with bleach free household disinfection wipes to disinfect the equipment.

- **Equipment Case** - Clean the case with a slightly damp cloth and mild detergent. Only clean the external areas of the terminal, DO NOT clean any of the internal components. Do not use the mild detergent cleaning solution on any of the exposed areas of the printer.
- **Touchscreen** - Clean the display using a soft, clean microfiber cloth and water, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol), or Hexane. *Do not use ketone type material (such as acetone), ethyl alcohol, toluene, ethyl acid or methyl chloride to clear the panel. These substances may permanently damage the touchscreen.*
- **Keypad** - Use a damp cloth to clean the keypad exterior. Use a cotton swab lightly moistened with water to clean around keys.

The third step is to disinfect the voting equipment using **bleach free** household wipes.

Recommended Disinfecting Method

Disinfecting the equipment will not remove all the germs on surfaces, but it aids in killing the germs that remain on a surface after cleaning and further reduces any risk of spreading infection. Use **bleach free** household wipes to disinfect the voting equipment each time they are used. If necessary, wring excess liquid from the wipe, it should be damp not heavily saturated with cleaner.

Resources:

<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/large-events/election-polling-locations.html>

Cleaning the Surface of the iPad

1. Overview

During Election Day there is a lot of potential for fingerprints, germs, and bacteria to be collected by the iPad while being used by the general voting public. KNOWiNK has reached out to Apple for recommendations for cleaning the iPad surface and those recommendations are below.

Recommendation

Cleaning the iPad Screen:

- Unplug all cables and turn off the iPad.
- Use a soft, slightly damp, lint-free cloth—for example, a lens cloth.
- If material is still present, use a soft, lint-free cloth with warm soapy water.
- Avoid getting moisture in openings.
- Don't use cleaning products or compressed air.

After these initial recommendations, Apple updated the recommendations to allow for certain disinfectants to be used:

Is it OK to use a disinfectant on my Apple product?

Using a 70 percent isopropyl alcohol wipe or Clorox Disinfecting Wipes, you may gently wipe the hard, nonporous surfaces of your Apple product, such as the display, keyboard, or other exterior surfaces. Don't use bleach. Avoid getting moisture in any opening, and don't submerge your Apple product in any cleaning agents. Don't use on fabric or leather surfaces.

Source: https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT204172?mod=article_inline

The iPad has a fingerprint-resistant oleophobic—oil repellent—coating. Cleaning products and abrasive materials will diminish the coating and might scratch the iPad.

The use of isopropyl alcohol (IPA) is approved for use in cleaning systems in situations where the use of a damp, soft, lint-free cloth is insufficient. To do so, apply a small amount of isopropyl alcohol to a soft, lint-free cloth. **Do not apply the isopropyl alcohol directly to the system!**

Warning from Apple:

Don't use window cleaners, household cleaners, compressed air, aerosol sprays, solvents, ammonia, abrasives, or cleaners containing hydrogen peroxide to clean iPad. iPad has an oleophobic coating on the screen; simply wipe iPad's screen with a soft, lint-free cloth to remove oil left by your hands. The ability of this coating to repel oil will diminish over time with normal usage, and rubbing the screen with an abrasive material will further diminish its effect and might scratch your screen.

Stop Germs! Stay Healthy! Wash Your Hands

Keeping hands clean is one of the most important things we can do to stop the spread of germs and stay healthy.



For more details
on handwashing,
visit CDC's Handwashing
Website at
www.cdc.gov/handwashing

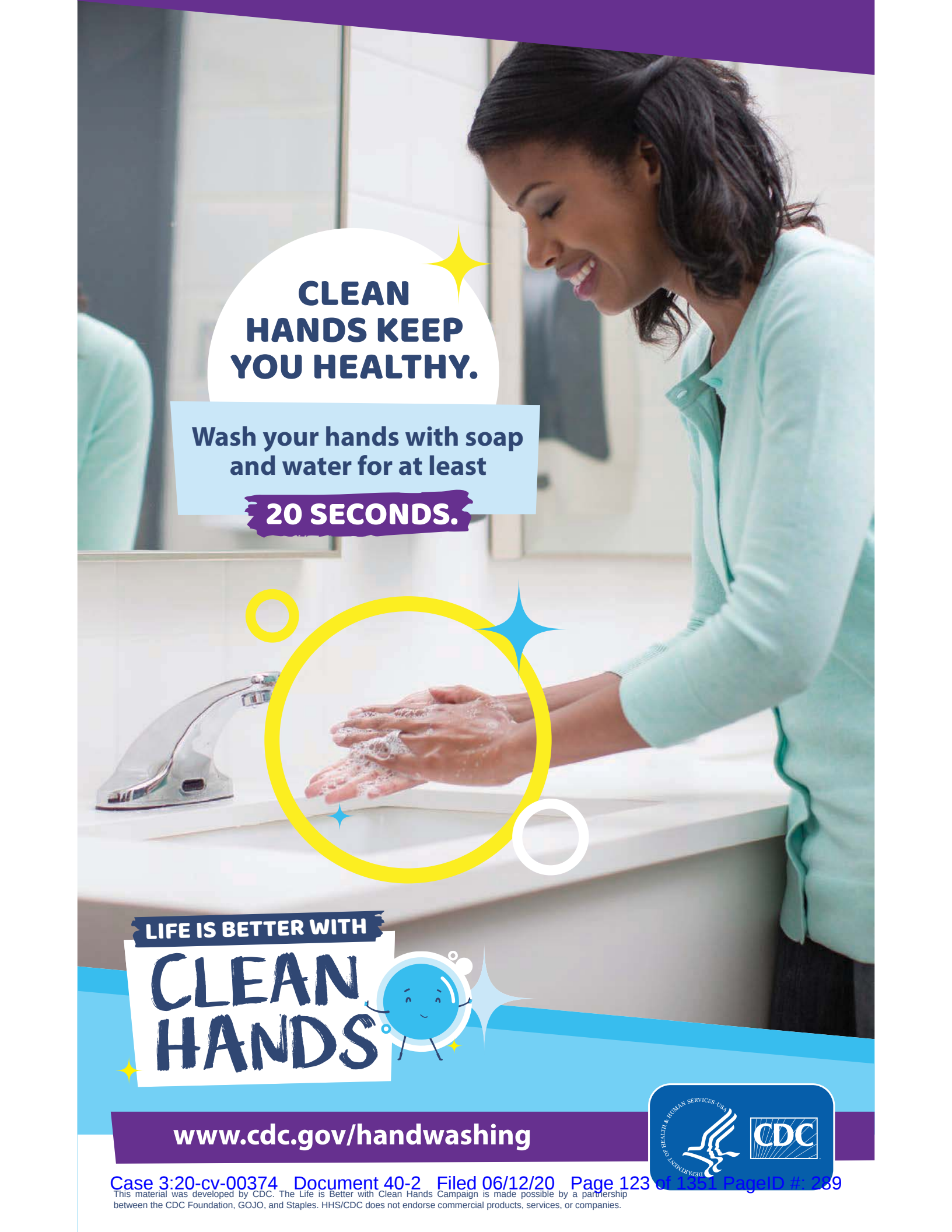
When?

- Before, during, and after preparing food
- Before eating food
- Before and after caring for someone who is sick
- Before and after treating a cut or wound
- After using the toilet
- After changing diapers or cleaning up a child who has used the toilet
- After blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing
- After touching an animal, animal feed, or animal waste
- After handling pet food or pet treats
- After touching garbage

How?

- **Wet** your hands with clean, running water (warm or cold), turn off the tap, and apply soap.
- **Lather** your hands by rubbing them together with the soap. Be sure to lather the backs of your hands, between your fingers, and under your nails.
- **Scrub** your hands for at least 20 seconds. Need a timer? Hum the "Happy Birthday" song from beginning to end twice.
- **Rinse** your hands well under clean, running water.
- **Dry** your hands using a clean towel or air dry them.





**CLEAN
HANDS KEEP
YOU HEALTHY.**

**Wash your hands with soap
and water for at least**

20 SECONDS.

LIFE IS BETTER WITH

**CLEAN
HANDS**



www.cdc.gov/handwashing





**CLEAN
HANDS KEEP
YOU HEALTHY.**

Wash your hands with soap
and water for at least

20 SECONDS.

LIFE IS BETTER WITH

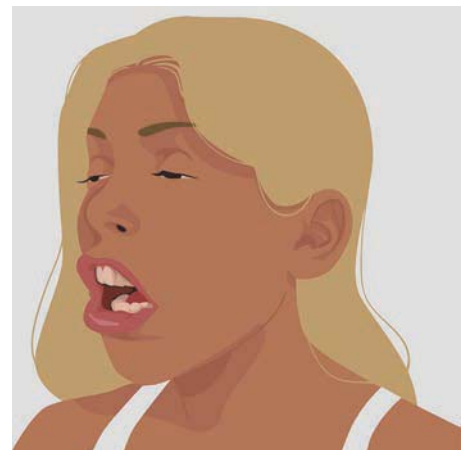
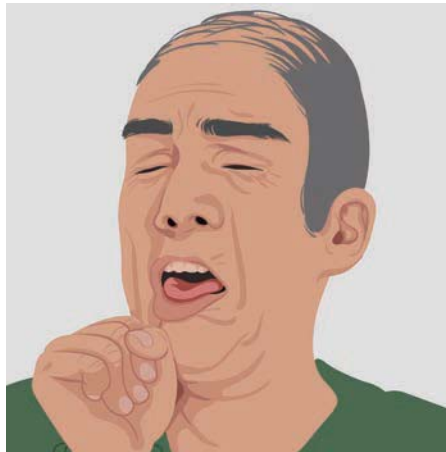
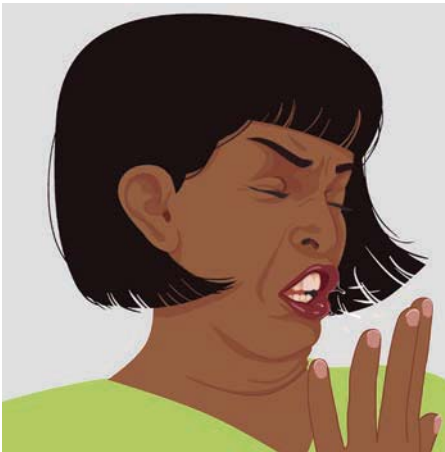
**CLEAN
HANDS**



www.cdc.gov/handwashing



Spreading germs is OUT. Handwashing is IN!



Handwashing is one of the most important things we can do
to avoid getting sick and spreading germs to others.



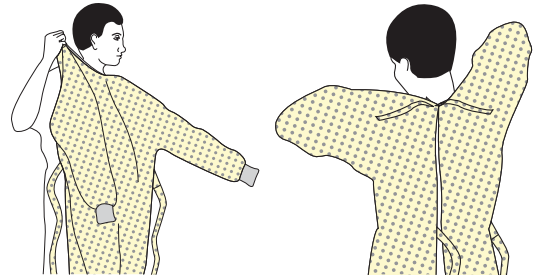
Centers for Disease
Control and Prevention
National Center for Emerging
and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases

SEQUENCE FOR **PUTTING ON** PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

The type of PPE used will vary based on the level of precautions required, such as standard and contact, droplet or airborne infection isolation precautions. The procedure for putting on and removing PPE should be tailored to the specific type of PPE.

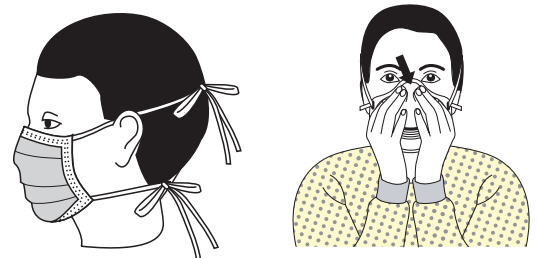
1. GOWN

- Fully cover torso from neck to knees, arms to end of wrists, and wrap around the back
- Fasten in back of neck and waist



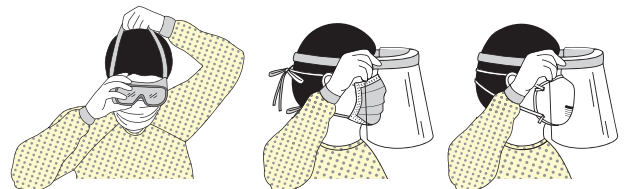
2. MASK OR RESPIRATOR

- Secure ties or elastic bands at middle of head and neck
- Fit flexible band to nose bridge
- Fit snug to face and below chin
- Fit-check respirator



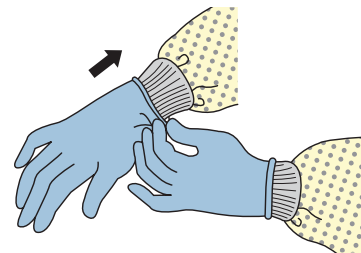
3. GOGGLES OR FACE SHIELD

- Place over face and eyes and adjust to fit



4. GLOVES

- Extend to cover wrist of isolation gown



USE SAFE WORK PRACTICES TO PROTECT YOURSELF AND LIMIT THE SPREAD OF CONTAMINATION

- Keep hands away from face
- Limit surfaces touched
- Change gloves when torn or heavily contaminated
- Perform hand hygiene



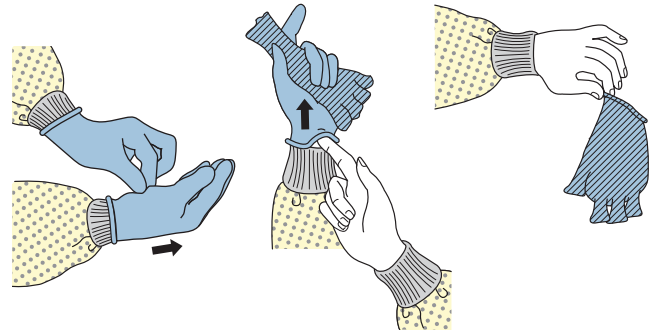
HOW TO SAFELY REMOVE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

EXAMPLE 1

There are a variety of ways to safely remove PPE without contaminating your clothing, skin, or mucous membranes with potentially infectious materials. Here is one example. **Remove all PPE before exiting the patient room** except a respirator, if worn. Remove the respirator **after** leaving the patient room and closing the door. Remove PPE in the following sequence:

1. GLOVES

- Outside of gloves are contaminated!
- If your hands get contaminated during glove removal, immediately wash your hands or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer
- Using a gloved hand, grasp the palm area of the other gloved hand and peel off first glove
- Hold removed glove in gloved hand
- Slide fingers of ungloved hand under remaining glove at wrist and peel off second glove over first glove
- Discard gloves in a waste container



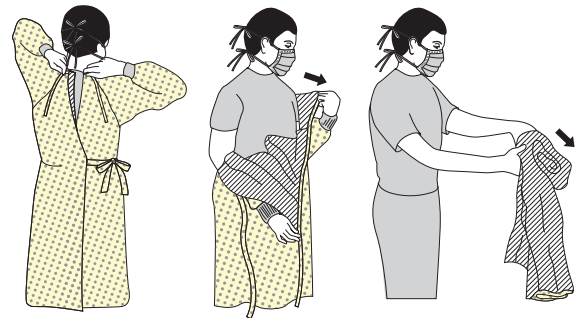
2. GOGGLES OR FACE SHIELD

- Outside of goggles or face shield are contaminated!
- If your hands get contaminated during goggle or face shield removal, immediately wash your hands or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer
- Remove goggles or face shield from the back by lifting head band or ear pieces
- If the item is reusable, place in designated receptacle for reprocessing. Otherwise, discard in a waste container



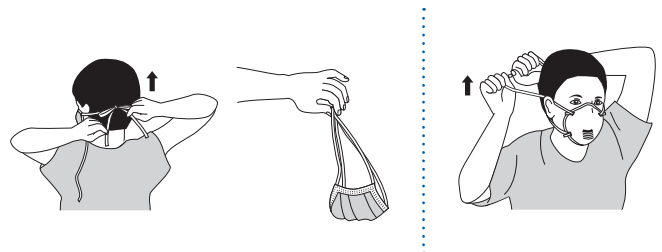
3. GOWN

- Gown front and sleeves are contaminated!
- If your hands get contaminated during gown removal, immediately wash your hands or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer
- Unfasten gown ties, taking care that sleeves don't contact your body when reaching for ties
- Pull gown away from neck and shoulders, touching inside of gown only
- Turn gown inside out
- Fold or roll into a bundle and discard in a waste container

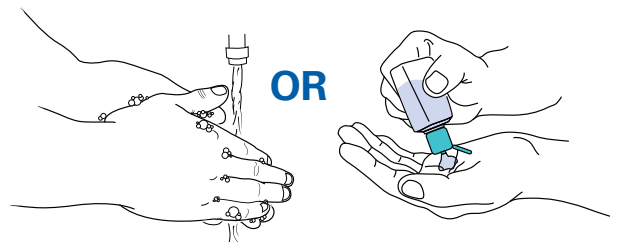


4. MASK OR RESPIRATOR

- Front of mask/respirator is contaminated — DO NOT TOUCH!
- If your hands get contaminated during mask/respirator removal, immediately wash your hands or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer
- Grasp bottom ties or elastics of the mask/respirator, then the ones at the top, and remove without touching the front
- Discard in a waste container



5. WASH HANDS OR USE AN ALCOHOL-BASED HAND SANITIZER IMMEDIATELY AFTER REMOVING ALL PPE



PERFORM HAND HYGIENE BETWEEN STEPS IF HANDS BECOME CONTAMINATED AND IMMEDIATELY AFTER REMOVING ALL PPE



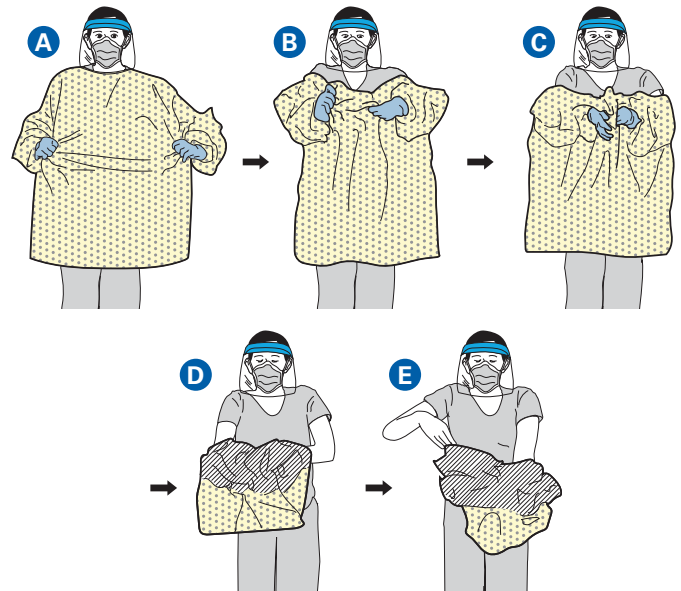
HOW TO SAFELY REMOVE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

EXAMPLE 2

Here is another way to safely remove PPE without contaminating your clothing, skin, or mucous membranes with potentially infectious materials. **Remove all PPE before exiting the patient room** except a respirator, if worn. Remove the respirator **after** leaving the patient room and closing the door. Remove PPE in the following sequence:

1. GOWN AND GLOVES

- Gown front and sleeves and the outside of gloves are contaminated!
- If your hands get contaminated during gown or glove removal, immediately wash your hands or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer
- Grasp the gown in the front and pull away from your body so that the ties break, touching outside of gown only with gloved hands
- While removing the gown, fold or roll the gown inside-out into a bundle
- As you are removing the gown, peel off your gloves at the same time, only touching the inside of the gloves and gown with your bare hands. Place the gown and gloves into a waste container



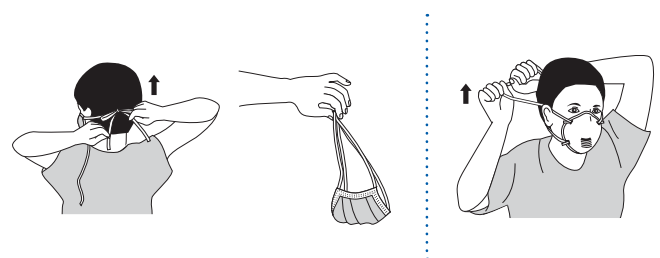
2. GOGGLES OR FACE SHIELD

- Outside of goggles or face shield are contaminated!
- If your hands get contaminated during goggle or face shield removal, immediately wash your hands or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer
- Remove goggles or face shield from the back by lifting head band and without touching the front of the goggles or face shield
- If the item is reusable, place in designated receptacle for reprocessing. Otherwise, discard in a waste container

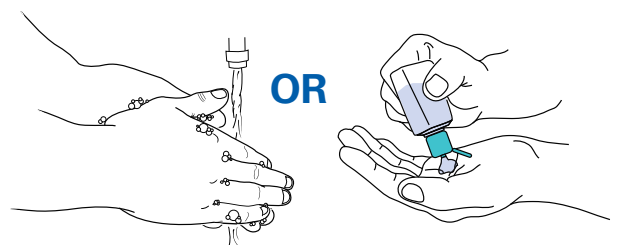


3. MASK OR RESPIRATOR

- Front of mask/respirator is contaminated — DO NOT TOUCH!
- If your hands get contaminated during mask/respirator removal, immediately wash your hands or use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer
- Grasp bottom ties or elastics of the mask/respirator, then the ones at the top, and remove without touching the front
- Discard in a waste container



4. WASH HANDS OR USE AN ALCOHOL-BASED HAND SANITIZER IMMEDIATELY AFTER REMOVING ALL PPE



PERFORM HAND HYGIENE BETWEEN STEPS IF HANDS BECOME CONTAMINATED AND IMMEDIATELY AFTER REMOVING ALL PPE



I request an ABSENTEE BALLOT from the DAVIDSON COUNTY ELECTION COMMISSION for:
State and Federal Primary & County General Election
August 6, 2020

1. PRINT Name: _____ 2. Phone: _____
3. Davidson Co. address where you live: _____ Check if NEW Address ☐
4. Mail my absentee ballot to this address (please PRINT): _____
5. Date of Birth: _____ 6. ENTIRE Social Security number: _____
7. Email (optional, but helpful for communication): _____

8. THIS ELECTION IS A PRIMARY. CIRCLE THE BALLOT YOU WANT TO RECEIVE:

CIRCLE ONE

REPUBLICAN
& County General

or

DEMOCRATIC
& County General

or

County General ONLY

9. My legal reason for voting Absentee is (CHECK ONE):

- ☐ I am over 60 years of age.
- ☐ I am hospitalized, ill, or physically disabled, and I am unable to appear at my polling place for this election.
- ☐ I am a caretaker of a person who is hospitalized, ill or physically disabled.
- ☐ I will be outside of Davidson County during all hours of Early Voting (July 17-Aug 1) and Election Day.
- ☐ I am enrolled as a full-time student or I am the spouse of a student at an institution outside Davidson County.
- ☐ I am a voter with a disability and my polling place is inaccessible.
- ☐ I reside in a licensed facility, outside the county, providing relatively permanent care, i.e. nursing home.
- ☐ I am a candidate.
- ☐ I am on jury duty in a state or federal court.
- ☐ I am serving as an election official or a member or employee of the Election Commission on Election Day.
- ☐ I am observing a religious holiday that prevents me from voting early or on Election Day.
- ☐ I am a member of the **military**, spouse, or dependent ☐; an activated **National Guard** member on state orders ☐; an **overseas citizen** and otherwise qualified to vote in TN ☐ (See #4 above: you must include a mailing address outside Davidson County, even if ballot is emailed) Send military/overseas ballot by: Mail ☐ Email ☐ (Provide email on Line 7)

I swear or affirm, under the penalty of perjury, that all information on this form is true and correct and that I am eligible to vote in the election.

Signature of Voter: _____

Digital Signature NOT Accepted.....Original Signature REQUIRED

First day to receive is 5/8/20.

DEADLINE: completed form
must be in DCEC office for
processing on:

July 30, 2020

If voter cannot sign or if assistance is given, the following is REQUIRED:

Signature and address of person assisting: _____

Signature and address of person witnessing: _____

Mail, Fax, OR Email (with a scanned signature) to:

ATTN: Absentee Department
Davidson County Election Commission
P.O. Box 650
Nashville, TN 37202-0650

Fax: 615-880-1729

Email: moaballot@nashville.gov

For information: (615) 862-8815 | TTY (800) 848-0298 or Relay 711
Download and print additional applications at: www.nashville.gov/vote

Note: Incomplete applications cannot be processed. Any corrected
applications MUST be in the DCEC office for processing on the
seventh (7th) day before the Election.

A new Absentee Ballot Request must be submitted before each election.

EXHIBIT 5

Tennessee Secretary of State (/)

Tre Hargett

[Business Services](#) ▾ [Charitable](#) ▾ [Civics \(/civics\)](#) [Elections](#) ▾ [Publications](#) ▾ [Library & Archives](#) ▾
[Safe At Home \(/safeathome\)](#) [Contact Us \(/contacts\)](#)

I want to...



Pursuant to the June 4, 2020 Order of the Davidson County Chancery Court, if you are a registered voter and do not wish to vote in-person due to the COVID-19 situation, you are eligible to request an absentee ballot by mail. You also have the option to vote in-person during early voting or on Election Day.

Absentee Voting



ABSENTEE BY-MAIL BALLOT INFORMATION



(https://sos-tn-gov-files.tnsosfiles.com/AbsenteeVotingGraphics_Story-Information.png?vrT8Kb3tp3GPfQwuzn.H6RshBxqCnLf1)

Download Absentee Request Form (<https://sos-tn-gov-files.tnsosfiles.com/2020%20Absentee%20Request%20-%20August.pdf>) | Military/Overseas Absentee Request Information (<http://sos.tn.gov/products/elections/militaryoverseas-uocava-absentee-information>)

1. Am I eligible to vote absentee by-mail?

You can vote absentee by-mail if you fall under one of the following categories:

- You will be outside the county where you are registered during the early voting period and all day on Election Day.
- You or your spouse are a full-time student in an accredited college or university outside the county where you are registered.
- You are on the permanent absentee list (see question 4 below).
- You reside in a nursing home, assisted living facility or home for the aged outside your county of residence.
- You will be unable to vote in-person due to jury duty.
- You are sixty (60) years of age or older.
- You have a physical disability and an inaccessible polling place.
- You are hospitalized, ill or physically disabled and unable to appear at your polling place to vote; and/or you have determined it is impossible or unreasonable to vote in-person due to the COVID-19 situation.

Case 3:20-cv-00374 Document 40-2 Filed 06/12/20 Page 132 of 1351 PageID #: 298

- You are the caretaker of a person who is hospitalized, ill, or disabled, and/or you have determined it is impossible or unreasonable to vote in-person due to the COVID-19 situation.
- You are a candidate for office in the election.
- You serve as an Election Day official or as a member or employee of the election commission.
- You are observing a religious holiday that prevents you from voting in person during the early voting period and on Election Day.
- You or your spouse possess a valid commercial drivers license (CDL) or Transportation Worker Identification Credential (TWIC) card and you will be working outside the state or county of registration during the open hours of early voting and Election Day and have no specific out-of-county or out-of-state address to which mail may be sent or received during such time.
- You are a member of the military or is an overseas citizen. read more (<https://sos.tn.gov/products/elections/militaryoverseas-uocava-absentee-information>)...

2. How can I request an absentee by-mail ballot?

You must submit a written request containing the information below to your local county election commission office (http://tnsos.org/elections/election_commissions.php) by the seventh day before Election Day. You can use the absentee ballot request form (https://sos-tn-gov-files.tnsosfiles.com/5%20Request%20for%20Absentee%20Ballot.pdf?S4vtTZYExuORGPGsQSHS_Hr2L4yd6ai1) to make sure all required information is provided.

You can submit your written request for an absentee ballot by mail, fax, or e-mail. If e-mailing your request, be sure the attached document contains the information below and your scanned signature.

1. Name of the registered voter
2. Address of the voter's residence
3. Voter's social security number
4. Voter's date of birth
5. Address to mail the ballot
6. The election in which the voter wishes to participate. If the election involves a primary, the political party in which the voter wishes to participate.
7. Reason the voter wishes to vote absentee. If applicable, a copy of the CDL containing the CDL number or the TWIC card must be included in the voter's request.
8. Voter's signature

A request that contains this information will be processed and a ballot will be mailed to the voter.

NOTICE: A person who is not an employee of an election commission commits a Class E felony if such person gives an application for an absentee ballot to any person or commits a Class A misdemeanor if such person gives an unsolicited request for application for absentee ballot to any person. T.C.A. § 2-6-202(c)(3) and (4).

3. What if I do not provide all of the information required on the absentee by-mail ballot application?

The county election commission will return the application to you so you can make corrections and resubmit your application.

4. Do I qualify for the permanent absentee list?

You will receive an application for ballot for each election if your licensed physician signs a statement (<http://sharetn.gov.tnsosfiles.com/sos/election/forms/ss-3023.pdf>) stating that, in the their judgment, you are medically unable to vote in person. The statement must be filed not less than seven (7) days before the election and signed under the penalty of perjury.

5. When can I request my ballot?

You may request an absentee by-mail ballot no earlier than ninety (90) days before the election and no later than seven (7) days before the election. To be processed for the next election, the application must be received by the election commission no later than seven (7) days before the election.

The deadline for the August 6 election is Thursday, July 30.

Requests for the November presidential election cannot be received until August 5.

6. What if I do not receive or ruin my ballot and can no longer use it?

You should notify your county election commission (http://tnsos.org/elections/election_commissions.php).

7.What is the deadline to return my ballot so it can be counted?

You must mail your ballot in time for your county election commission to receive it no later than the close of polls on Election Day.

8. Can I hand deliver my ballot to the election office?

No. You must return your ballot by mail (USPS, FedEx, UPS, etc.).

9. Is any additional information if I registered to vote by mail?

Unless you are on the permanent absentee voting register or enrolled in the Safe at Home program, you must appear in-person to vote in the first election after you have registered by mail. If you have already voted in-person since you registered, then no additional information will be required to vote by mail.

Category: Voter Information (/taxonomy/term/388)

Subcategory: Absentee Voting (/elections/absentee-voting)

Elections Menu

Elections Home (/elections)

Candidate Information (/elections/candidate-information)

Election Information (/elections/election-information)

Voter Information (/elections/voter-information)

Elections FAQs (/elections/elections-faqs)

State Election Commission (/products/elections/state-election-commission)

TN Highway Officials Certification Board (/elections/thocb)

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Library & Archives Visitor Information (<https://sos.tn.gov/node/5755>)

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Secretary of State Bio (<https://sos.tn.gov/node/5497>)

Secretary of State Newsroom (<https://sos.tn.gov/newsroom>)

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Charitable Solicitations and Gaming (<https://sos.tn.gov/charitable>)

Elections (<https://sos.tn.gov/elections>)

Human Resources and Organizational Development (<https://sos.tn.gov/hr>)

Library & Archives (<https://sos.tn.gov/tsla>)

Division of Publications (<https://sos.tn.gov/publications>)

Records Management (<https://sos.tn.gov/rmd>)

LINKS

Case 3:20-cv-00374 Document 40-2 Filed 06/12/20 Page 135 of 1351 PageID #: 301

Tennessee General Assembly (<http://capitol.tn.gov>)

Bureau of Ethics and Campaign Finance (<https://www.tn.gov/tref/>)

Tennessee Code Unannotated (<http://www.lexisnexis.com/hottopics/tncode/>)

State Comptroller (<http://www.comptroller.tn.gov/>)

State Treasurer (<http://treasury.tn.gov/>)

National Association of Secretaries of State (<http://nass.org>)

Title VI / EEO Information (<http://sos-tn-gov-files.s3.amazonaws.com/Title%20VI%20Form.pdf>)

Public Records Policy and Records Request Form (<https://sos.tn.gov/node/7457>)

Tennessee Secretary of State (<https://sos.tn.gov>)

Tre Hargett

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EXHIBIT 6

Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the August 4, 2016 Election as Submitted by the Counties

County:	Registered Voters:	Total Votes Cast:	Voter Turnout:	Absentee By Mail: Voters	Early Voters:	Percentage of Early Voters From Total Votes Cast:	Percentage of Early and Absentee Voters From Total Votes Cast:
Anderson	45,923	4,362	9.50%	167	2446	56.08%	59.90%
Bedford	24,085	2,651	11.01%	49	1258	47.45%	49.30%
Benton	10,561	2,557	24.21%	67	1598	62.50%	65.12%
Bledsoe	8,151	1,950	23.92%	51	552	28.31%	30.92%
Blount	77,573	12,067	15.56%	271	6482	53.72%	55.96%
Bradley	64,284	8,846	13.76%	123	5440	61.50%	62.89%
Campbell	23,921	4,040	16.89%	96	1696	41.98%	44.36%
Cannon	8,627	1,850	21.44%	34	596	32.22%	34.05%
Carroll	17,876	2,293	12.83%	40	950	41.43%	43.17%
Carter	32,749	3,481	10.63%	187	1230	35.33%	40.71%
Cheatham	23,670	4,032	17.03%	61	2203	54.64%	56.15%
Chester	10,599	1,855	17.50%	49	861	46.42%	49.06%
Claiborne	19,426	6,371	32.80%	169	3217	50.49%	53.15%
Clay	5,673	1,850	32.61%	92	822	44.43%	49.41%
Cocke	22,437	3,493	15.57%	81	1824	52.22%	54.54%
Coffee	31,726	5,728	18.05%	51	2674	46.68%	47.57%
Crockett	8,361	1,351	16.16%	12	557	41.23%	42.12%
Cumberland	39,179	5,824	14.87%	160	3245	55.72%	58.46%
Davidson	388,694	47,064	12.11%	762	23456	49.84%	51.46%
Decatur	7,215	1,869	25.90%	27	900	48.15%	49.60%
DeKalb	11,462	2,462	21.48%	50	1010	41.02%	43.05%
Dickson	29,806	3,825	12.83%	168	1507	39.40%	43.79%
Dyer	21,596	2,795	12.94%	29	1530	54.74%	55.78%
Fayette	27,200	6,759	24.85%	67	3031	44.84%	45.84%
Fentress	11,997	3,143	26.20%	63	1838	58.48%	60.48%
Franklin	24,911	4,021	16.14%	71	1874	46.61%	48.37%
Gibson	29,854	4,607	15.43%	62	1542	33.47%	34.82%
Giles	18,531	2,547	13.74%	58	1276	50.10%	52.38%
Grainger	14,752	1,823	12.36%	76	724	39.71%	43.88%
Greene	41,083	5,808	14.14%	146	2318	39.91%	42.42%
Grundy	7,577	1,637	21.60%	36	547	33.41%	35.61%
Hamblen	34,431	4,083	11.86%	103	1873	45.87%	48.40%
Hamilton	240,033	29,108	12.13%	573	11082	38.07%	40.04%
Hancock	4,962	1,381	27.83%	101	460	33.31%	40.62%
Hardeman	14,649	3,926	26.80%	91	1962	49.97%	52.29%
Hardin	15,827	3,620	22.87%	33	1601	44.23%	45.14%
Hawkins	31,672	5,704	18.01%	144	2706	47.44%	49.96%
Haywood	10,970	2,541	23.16%	129	1409	55.45%	60.53%
Henderson	17,055	2,043	11.98%	32	866	42.39%	43.95%
Henry	19,839	4,635	23.36%	38	2378	51.31%	52.13%
Hickman	13,984	1,414	10.11%	29	612	43.28%	45.33%
Houston	5,186	1,339	25.82%	72	632	47.20%	52.58%
Humphreys	12,640	1,919	15.18%	104	1053	54.87%	60.29%
Jackson	8,680	1,743	20.08%	49	642	36.83%	39.64%
Jefferson	29,898	2,370	7.93%	78	989	41.73%	45.02%
Johnson	11,068	2,190	19.79%	57	1122	51.23%	53.84%
Knox	295,214	21,484	7.28%	886	12423	57.82%	61.95%
Lake	3,793	1,515	39.94%	47	852	56.24%	59.34%

Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the August 4, 2016 Election as Submitted by the Counties

County:	Registered Voters:	Total Votes Cast:	Voter Turnout:	Absentee By Mail: Voters	Early Voters:	Percentage of Early Voters From Total Votes Cast:	Percentage of Early and Absentee Voters From Total Votes Cast:
Lauderdale	13,567	2,417	17.82%	192	965	39.93%	47.87%
Lawrence	24,332	1,397	5.74%	30	587	42.02%	44.17%
Lewis	7,553	726	9.61%	22	345	47.52%	50.55%
Lincoln	20,288	2,550	12.57%	33	1180	46.27%	47.57%
Loudon	32,870	2,318	7.05%	115	1564	67.47%	72.43%
Macon	12,332	2,276	18.46%	48	1289	56.63%	58.74%
Madison	61,637	12,479	20.25%	225	5970	47.84%	49.64%
Marion	17,464	3,558	20.37%	50	1391	39.09%	40.50%
Marshall	17,851	3,218	18.03%	69	1487	46.21%	48.35%
Maury	45,352	7,816	17.23%	97	3853	49.30%	50.54%
McMinn	30,624	2,850	9.31%	70	1622	56.91%	59.37%
McNairy	15,877	4,443	27.98%	75	2062	46.41%	48.10%
Meigs	7,341	1,751	23.85%	47	823	47.00%	49.69%
Monroe	28,587	8,473	29.64%	757	4064	47.96%	56.90%
Montgomery	106,423	8,309	7.81%	241	4319	51.98%	54.88%
Moore	4,696	1,473	31.37%	27	647	43.92%	45.76%
Morgan	12,146	963	7.93%	34	386	40.08%	43.61%
Obion	18,636	2,624	14.08%	30	1288	49.09%	50.23%
Overton	14,065	3,462	24.61%	68	1906	55.05%	57.02%
Perry	5,341	2,333	43.68%	84	1017	43.59%	47.19%
Pickett	4,005	1,295	32.33%	44	563	43.47%	46.87%
Polk	12,612	2,756	21.85%	116	1063	38.57%	42.78%
Putnam	41,504	5,033	12.13%	130	2233	44.37%	46.95%
Rhea	19,620	2,481	12.65%	93	1210	48.77%	52.52%
Roane	33,805	8,061	23.85%	176	4665	57.87%	60.05%
Robertson	39,948	5,566	13.93%	74	2506	45.02%	46.35%
Rutherford	158,987	21,900	13.77%	242	12322	56.26%	57.37%
Scott	13,817	3,695	26.74%	177	1819	49.23%	54.02%
Sequatchie	9,514	1,178	12.38%	9	598	50.76%	51.53%
Sevier	60,022	4,279	7.13%	98	1936	45.24%	47.53%
Shelby	556,674	83,308	14.97%	685	43379	52.07%	52.89%
Smith	11,802	1,599	13.55%	26	796	49.78%	51.41%
Stewart	8,477	1,732	20.43%	90	991	57.22%	62.41%
Sullivan	85,724	11,319	13.20%	282	5762	50.91%	53.40%
Sumner	105,209	13,458	12.79%	255	4910	36.48%	38.38%
Tipton	39,658	5,693	14.36%	57	3278	57.58%	58.58%
Trousdale	5,196	757	14.57%	6	452	59.71%	60.50%
Unicoi	10,848	2,720	25.07%	66	1628	59.85%	62.28%
Union	11,602	2,291	19.75%	151	550	24.01%	30.60%
Van Buren	4,501	573	12.73%	7	194	33.86%	35.08%
Warren	18,028	3,267	18.12%	38	1627	49.80%	50.96%
Washington	76,082	7,196	9.46%	230	3126	43.44%	46.64%
Wayne	10,336	3,058	29.59%	41	1513	49.48%	50.82%
Weakley	18,214	2,256	12.39%	64	1082	47.96%	50.80%
White	15,752	3,750	23.81%	78	1772	47.25%	49.33%
Williamson	143,208	17,410	12.16%	159	9104	52.29%	53.21%
Wilson	77,108	11,464	14.87%	157	5188	45.25%	46.62%
Total:	3,968,635	557,507	14.05%	11,806	272,898	48.95%	51.07%

EXHIBIT 7

Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the November 8, 2016 Election as Submitted by the Counties

County:	Registered Voters:	Total Votes Cast:	Voter Turnout:	Absentee By Mail: Voters	Early Voters:	Percentage of Early Voters From Total Votes Cast:	Percentage of Early and Absentee Voters From Total Votes Cast:
Anderson	47,195	30,509	64.64%	1,050	20,488	67.15%	70.60%
Bedford	24,887	15,489	62.24%	282	10,120	65.34%	67.16%
Benton	10,755	6,388	59.40%	163	4,304	67.38%	69.93%
Bledsoe	8,285	4,755	57.39%	163	1,403	29.51%	32.93%
Blount	79,595	53,303	66.97%	1,510	32,949	61.81%	64.65%
Bradley	65,892	39,062	59.28%	766	27,379	70.09%	72.05%
Campbell	24,333	12,808	52.64%	307	6,864	53.59%	55.99%
Cannon	8,805	5,359	60.86%	133	2,626	49.00%	51.48%
Carroll	18,056	10,555	58.46%	251	5,363	50.81%	53.19%
Carter	33,589	21,319	63.47%	648	10,971	51.46%	54.50%
Cheatham	24,432	16,173	66.20%	329	10,984	67.92%	69.95%
Chester	10,792	6,629	61.43%	177	4,087	61.65%	64.32%
Claiborne	19,792	10,940	55.27%	307	6,415	58.64%	61.44%
Clay	5,702	2,951	51.75%	94	1,515	51.34%	54.52%
Cocke	22,791	12,273	53.85%	324	6,685	54.47%	57.11%
Coffee	32,656	20,172	61.77%	409	12,351	61.23%	63.26%
Crockett	8,490	5,458	64.29%	92	3,074	56.32%	58.01%
Cumberland	40,339	26,694	66.17%	1,060	16,810	62.97%	66.94%
Davidson	405,956	252,830	62.28%	5,571	172,938	68.40%	70.60%
Decatur	7,352	4,639	63.10%	139	2,696	58.12%	61.11%
DeKalb	11,686	7,015	60.03%	205	3,729	53.16%	56.08%
Dickson	30,720	19,007	61.87%	610	10,866	57.17%	60.38%
Dyer	21,998	13,428	61.04%	217	8,620	64.19%	65.81%
Fayette	28,063	19,554	69.68%	307	12,727	65.09%	66.66%
Fentress	12,259	7,466	60.90%	200	4,742	63.51%	66.19%
Franklin	25,583	16,556	64.71%	445	9,224	55.71%	58.40%
Gibson	30,499	19,715	64.64%	324	10,081	51.13%	52.78%
Giles	18,945	11,213	59.19%	244	6,608	58.93%	61.11%
Grainger	14,986	8,163	54.47%	244	4,343	53.20%	56.19%
Greene	41,747	23,833	57.09%	762	10,762	45.16%	48.35%
Grundy	7,695	4,847	62.99%	104	2,308	47.62%	49.76%
Hamblen	35,185	20,907	59.42%	484	12,837	61.40%	63.72%
Hamilton	247,712	145,049	58.56%	4,035	70,716	48.75%	51.53%
Hancock	4,966	2,290	46.11%	77	909	39.69%	43.06%
Hardeman	14,781	9,405	63.63%	462	5,227	55.58%	60.49%
Hardin	16,213	10,053	62.01%	222	5,669	56.39%	58.60%
Hawkins	32,571	21,004	64.49%	481	12,575	59.87%	62.16%
Haywood	11,154	6,964	62.44%	337	4,274	61.37%	66.21%
Henderson	17,429	10,393	59.63%	233	6,528	62.81%	65.05%
Henry	20,350	13,042	64.09%	340	7,784	59.68%	62.29%
Hickman	14,254	7,944	55.73%	194	4,452	56.04%	58.48%
Houston	5,268	3,250	61.69%	165	1,851	56.95%	62.03%
Humphreys	12,890	7,320	56.79%	243	4,729	64.60%	67.92%
Jackson	8,782	4,511	51.37%	139	1,926	42.70%	45.78%
Jefferson	30,968	19,312	62.36%	856	11,669	60.42%	64.86%
Johnson	11,242	6,643	59.09%	239	3,974	59.82%	63.42%
Knox	305,106	184,843	60.58%	5,235	136,639	73.92%	76.75%
Lake	3,785	1,994	52.68%	59	1,138	57.07%	60.03%

Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the November 8, 2016 Election as Submitted by the Counties

County:	Registered Voters:	Total Votes Cast:	Voter Turnout:	Absentee By Mail: Voters	Early Voters:	Percentage of Early Voters From Total Votes Cast:	Percentage of Early and Absentee Voters From Total Votes Cast:
Lauderdale	13,758	8,131	59.10%	317	4,804	59.08%	62.98%
Lawrence	24,585	15,834	64.41%	271	7,926	50.06%	51.77%
Lewis	7,710	4,677	60.66%	129	2,796	59.78%	62.54%
Lincoln	20,817	13,494	64.82%	310	7,284	53.98%	56.28%
Loudon	34,079	23,861	70.02%	1,304	17,546	73.53%	79.00%
Macon	12,677	7,562	59.65%	124	5,156	68.18%	69.82%
Madison	62,935	38,868	61.76%	1,137	24,561	63.19%	66.12%
Marion	17,807	11,016	61.86%	291	4,996	45.35%	47.99%
Marshall	18,461	11,570	62.67%	227	7,157	61.86%	63.82%
Maury	55,500	35,727	64.37%	658	23,504	65.79%	67.63%
McMinn	31,310	19,134	61.11%	450	11,716	61.23%	63.58%
McNairy	16,133	10,156	62.95%	244	5,407	53.24%	55.64%
Meigs	7,466	4,355	58.33%	119	2,566	58.92%	61.65%
Monroe	29,153	17,445	59.84%	937	10,106	57.93%	63.30%
Montgomery	111,231	58,286	52.40%	2,699	34,156	58.60%	63.23%
Moore	4,813	2,956	61.42%	55	1,789	60.52%	62.38%
Morgan	12,336	6,839	55.44%	193	3,491	51.05%	53.87%
Obion	19,112	12,355	64.65%	308	7,588	61.42%	63.91%
Overton	14,265	8,356	58.58%	208	4,824	57.73%	60.22%
Perry	5,403	2,881	53.32%	72	1,343	46.62%	49.11%
Pickett	4,022	2,662	66.19%	115	1,258	47.26%	51.58%
Polk	12,820	7,107	55.44%	209	3,149	44.31%	47.25%
Putnam	42,874	27,500	64.14%	696	17,119	62.25%	64.78%
Rhea	20,025	11,290	56.38%	325	6,502	57.59%	60.47%
Roane	34,557	22,143	64.08%	665	14,277	64.48%	67.48%
Robertson	41,579	27,374	65.84%	477	15,981	58.38%	60.12%
Rutherford	167,336	108,612	64.91%	1,826	77,590	71.44%	73.12%
Scott	13,920	7,203	51.75%	260	3,934	54.62%	58.23%
Sequatchie	9,706	5,748	59.22%	92	3,214	55.92%	57.52%
Sevier	62,214	36,655	58.92%	981	19,868	54.20%	56.88%
Shelby	567,545	341,731	60.21%	5,883	237,763	69.58%	71.30%
Smith	12,006	7,505	62.51%	135	4,624	61.61%	63.41%
Stewart	8,670	5,336	61.55%	234	3,306	61.96%	66.34%
Sullivan	96,771	63,449	65.57%	2,101	43,503	68.56%	71.88%
Sumner	109,504	72,251	65.98%	1,811	44,078	61.01%	63.51%
Tipton	40,533	23,687	58.44%	367	16,983	71.70%	73.25%
Trousdale	5,375	3,203	59.59%	70	2,114	66.00%	68.19%
Unicoi	11,120	7,282	65.49%	214	4,613	63.35%	66.29%
Union	11,810	6,306	53.40%	300	2,291	36.33%	41.09%
Van Buren	4,506	2,447	54.31%	51	1,248	51.00%	53.09%
Warren	21,953	13,844	63.06%	203	8,487	61.30%	62.77%
Washington	79,139	50,432	63.73%	1,418	29,527	58.55%	61.36%
Wayne	10,465	5,893	56.31%	150	2,957	50.18%	52.72%
Weakley	18,753	12,365	65.94%	305	7,381	59.69%	62.16%
White	16,144	10,016	62.04%	255	5,926	59.17%	61.71%
Williamson	150,089	108,234	72.11%	2,762	81,124	74.95%	77.50%
Wilson	80,800	57,466	71.12%	1,003	41,328	71.92%	73.66%
Total:	4,110,318	2,545,271	61.92%	64,199	1,625,790	63.87%	66.40%

EXHIBIT 8

Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the August 2, 2018 Election as Submitted by the Counties

County:	Registered Voters:	Total Votes Cast:	Voter Turnout:	Absentee By Mail: Voters	Early Voters:	Percentage of Early Voters From Total Votes Cast:	Percentage of Early and Absentee Voters From Total Votes Cast:
Anderson	45,127	14,081	31.20%	275	7,668	54.46%	56.41%
Bedford	23,134	8,705	37.63%	94	4,817	55.34%	56.42%
Benton	10,971	4,631	42.21%	52	2,787	60.18%	61.30%
Bledsoe	8,205	3,339	40.69%	58	910	27.25%	28.99%
Blount	81,295	22,321	27.46%	362	10,014	44.86%	46.49%
Bradley	65,319	16,056	24.58%	149	9,475	59.01%	59.94%
Campbell	23,488	10,017	42.65%	200	5,113	51.04%	53.04%
Cannon	8,426	4,215	50.02%	82	1,768	41.95%	43.89%
Carroll	17,397	6,246	35.90%	86	3,017	48.30%	49.68%
Carter	33,188	11,396	34.34%	230	4,685	41.11%	43.13%
Cheatham	25,134	7,522	29.93%	82	3,770	50.12%	51.21%
Chester	10,301	3,725	36.16%	116	1,966	52.78%	55.89%
Claiborne	18,340	8,435	45.99%	206	4,712	55.86%	58.30%
Clay	5,711	2,583	45.23%	97	1,298	50.25%	54.01%
Cocke	21,897	7,659	34.98%	149	3,969	51.82%	53.77%
Coffee	30,905	11,509	37.24%	110	5,991	52.05%	53.01%
Crockett	7,408	3,141	42.40%	31	1,436	45.72%	46.70%
Cumberland	40,762	12,910	31.67%	271	6,234	48.29%	50.39%
Davidson	409,941	114,073	27.83%	1,070	57,193	50.14%	51.08%
Decatur	7,167	3,733	52.09%	65	2,143	57.41%	59.15%
DeKalb	11,477	4,839	42.16%	106	2,178	45.01%	47.20%
Dickson	31,111	9,977	32.07%	195	4,077	40.86%	42.82%
Dyer	21,209	6,892	32.50%	43	3,567	51.76%	52.38%
Fayette	27,689	9,756	35.23%	82	4,672	47.89%	48.73%
Fentress	11,916	6,189	51.94%	110	4,004	64.70%	66.47%
Franklin	24,295	8,633	35.53%	106	4,080	47.26%	48.49%
Gibson	28,969	10,328	35.65%	104	4,199	40.66%	41.66%
Giles	18,809	6,815	36.23%	93	3,810	55.91%	57.27%
Grainger	13,435	3,766	28.03%	118	1,384	36.75%	39.88%
Greene	41,522	12,646	30.46%	304	5,538	43.79%	46.20%
Grundy	7,574	3,142	41.48%	47	1,182	37.62%	39.12%
Hamblen	34,266	8,544	24.93%	142	3,739	43.76%	45.42%
Hamilton	248,729	57,120	22.96%	893	20,701	36.24%	37.80%
Hancock	4,777	1,584	33.16%	67	511	32.26%	36.49%
Hardeman	14,075	5,797	41.19%	133	2,952	50.92%	53.22%
Hardin	15,709	6,676	42.50%	72	3,412	51.11%	52.19%
Hawkins	28,454	9,422	33.11%	168	4,004	42.50%	44.28%
Haywood	10,614	4,648	43.79%	209	2,541	54.67%	59.17%
Henderson	16,518	6,090	36.87%	65	3,209	52.69%	53.76%
Henry	19,301	6,947	35.99%	77	3,818	54.96%	56.07%
Hickman	13,354	5,659	42.38%	81	2,939	51.93%	53.37%
Houston	5,405	2,976	55.06%	137	1,534	51.55%	56.15%
Humphreys	12,353	3,911	31.66%	116	2,208	56.46%	59.42%
Jackson	8,109	3,738	46.10%	115	1,498	40.07%	43.15%
Jefferson	30,938	8,852	28.61%	123	4,403	49.74%	51.13%
Johnson	11,087	5,331	48.08%	112	3,050	57.21%	59.31%
Knox	308,569	81,195	26.31%	1,446	44,307	54.57%	56.35%
Lake	3,721	1,802	48.43%	54	1,107	61.43%	64.43%

Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the August 2, 2018 Election as Submitted by the Counties

County:	Registered Voters:	Total Votes Cast:	Voter Turnout:	Absentee By Mail: Voters	Early Voters:	Percentage of Early Voters From Total Votes Cast:	Percentage of Early and Absentee Voters From Total Votes Cast:
Lauderdale	13,231	4,257	32.17%	195	2,061	48.41%	53.00%
Lawrence	23,758	9,308	39.18%	53	3,633	39.03%	39.60%
Lewis	7,577	3,632	47.93%	81	2,064	56.83%	59.06%
Lincoln	19,794	5,377	27.16%	38	2,391	44.47%	45.17%
Loudon	34,566	12,376	35.80%	321	7,619	61.56%	64.16%
Macon	12,480	6,437	51.58%	83	4,802	74.60%	75.89%
Madison	58,259	18,002	30.90%	299	9,267	51.48%	53.14%
Marion	17,252	4,869	28.22%	59	1,946	39.97%	41.18%
Marshall	17,237	6,719	38.98%	80	3,670	54.62%	55.81%
Maury	50,247	19,447	38.70%	177	10,045	51.65%	52.56%
McMinn	30,840	9,024	29.26%	126	4,102	45.46%	46.85%
McNairy	15,168	5,928	39.08%	86	2,812	47.44%	48.89%
Meigs	7,401	2,809	37.95%	52	1,476	52.55%	54.40%
Monroe	29,128	10,327	35.45%	588	5,175	50.11%	55.81%
Montgomery	104,777	20,690	19.75%	237	10,312	49.84%	50.99%
Moore	4,965	2,364	47.61%	39	1,383	58.50%	60.15%
Morgan	10,483	5,256	50.14%	102	2,477	47.13%	49.07%
Obion	19,586	7,469	38.13%	66	4,193	56.14%	57.02%
Overton	13,505	5,277	39.07%	104	2,583	48.95%	50.92%
Perry	5,121	2,630	51.36%	47	1,302	49.51%	51.29%
Pickett	3,996	2,038	51.00%	64	840	41.22%	44.36%
Polk	13,058	4,198	32.15%	174	1,772	42.21%	46.36%
Putnam	41,040	13,866	33.79%	207	6,711	48.40%	49.89%
Rhea	18,314	6,985	38.14%	142	3,666	52.48%	54.52%
Roane	32,071	12,409	38.69%	210	6,857	55.26%	56.95%
Robertson	40,976	14,182	34.61%	141	6,542	46.13%	47.12%
Rutherford	164,347	42,878	26.09%	339	22,516	52.51%	53.30%
Scott	13,674	7,363	53.85%	353	4,457	60.53%	65.33%
Sequatchie	10,074	4,572	45.38%	37	2,727	59.65%	60.45%
Sevier	61,945	13,694	22.11%	208	5,061	36.96%	38.48%
Shelby	561,701	155,698	27.72%	1,023	85,467	54.89%	55.55%
Smith	11,584	5,472	47.24%	58	3,103	56.71%	57.77%
Stewart	8,464	4,190	49.50%	135	2,590	61.81%	65.04%
Sullivan	92,250	26,300	28.51%	419	11,955	45.46%	47.05%
Sumner	105,114	28,237	26.86%	325	10,503	37.20%	38.35%
Tipton	35,921	9,409	26.19%	72	4,991	53.04%	53.81%
Trousdale	5,243	2,372	45.24%	31	1,537	64.80%	66.10%
Unicoi	10,407	3,526	33.88%	52	1,747	49.55%	51.02%
Union	10,749	5,191	48.29%	257	1,631	31.42%	36.37%
Van Buren	4,607	1,785	38.75%	19	745	41.74%	42.80%
Warren	21,361	10,137	47.46%	72	5,738	56.60%	57.31%
Washington	75,031	19,119	25.48%	292	8,320	43.52%	45.04%
Wayne	9,504	4,729	49.76%	65	2,386	50.45%	51.83%
Weakley	16,035	6,853	42.74%	110	3,731	54.44%	56.05%
White	15,051	6,343	42.14%	127	3,208	50.58%	52.58%
Williamson	148,988	44,119	29.61%	326	20,655	46.82%	47.56%
Wilson	81,347	30,478	37.47%	280	17,265	56.65%	57.57%
Total:	4,026,328	1,227,913	30.50%	17,474	613,624	49.97%	51.40%

EXHIBIT 9

Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the November 6, 2018 Election as Submitted by the Counties

County:	Registered Voters:	Total Votes Cast:	Voter Turnout:	Absentee By Mail: Voters	Early Voters:	Percentage of Early Voters From Total Votes Cast:	Percentage of Early and Absentee Voters From Total Votes Cast:
Anderson	46,430	26,310	56.67%	677	16,766	63.72%	66.30%
Bedford	23,813	13,148	55.21%	212	7,402	56.30%	57.91%
Benton	11,117	5,381	48.40%	117	3,461	64.32%	66.49%
Bledsoe	8,352	4,113	49.25%	94	1,155	28.08%	30.37%
Blount	83,606	47,305	56.58%	1,075	28,365	59.96%	62.23%
Bradley	66,845	34,256	51.25%	515	21,693	63.33%	64.83%
Campbell	23,763	10,340	43.51%	256	5,132	49.63%	52.11%
Cannon	8,617	4,691	54.44%	95	2,104	44.85%	46.88%
Carroll	17,623	8,903	50.52%	167	4,273	48.00%	49.87%
Carter	34,026	18,865	55.44%	442	9,343	49.53%	51.87%
Cheatham	26,003	14,582	56.08%	220	9,045	62.03%	63.54%
Chester	10,413	5,364	51.51%	106	3,197	59.60%	61.58%
Claiborne	18,618	8,625	46.33%	206	4,659	54.02%	56.41%
Clay	5,751	2,608	45.35%	81	1,354	51.92%	55.02%
Cocke	22,285	10,564	47.40%	284	5,649	53.47%	56.16%
Coffee	31,630	17,151	54.22%	243	9,609	56.03%	57.44%
Crockett	8,008	4,565	57.01%	58	2,365	51.81%	53.08%
Cumberland	41,799	24,111	57.68%	755	14,597	60.54%	63.67%
Davidson	427,577	245,860	57.50%	4,096	156,364	63.60%	65.26%
Decatur	7,242	3,903	53.89%	109	2,132	54.62%	57.42%
DeKalb	11,735	6,043	51.50%	125	3,015	49.89%	51.96%
Dickson	31,916	16,874	52.87%	373	8,719	51.67%	53.88%
Dyer	21,637	11,273	52.10%	142	6,538	58.00%	59.26%
Fayette	28,318	17,360	61.30%	206	9,384	54.06%	55.24%
Fentress	12,102	6,493	53.65%	145	4,213	64.89%	67.12%
Franklin	24,871	14,047	56.48%	303	7,381	52.55%	54.70%
Gibson	29,608	16,389	55.35%	234	7,436	45.37%	46.80%
Giles	19,114	9,738	50.95%	198	5,344	54.88%	56.91%
Grainger	13,722	6,952	50.66%	191	3,377	48.58%	51.32%
Greene	42,246	20,742	49.10%	583	9,209	44.40%	47.21%
Grundy	7,711	3,820	49.54%	81	1,812	47.43%	49.55%
Hamblen	35,119	17,596	50.10%	368	9,617	54.65%	56.75%
Hamilton	255,759	134,494	52.59%	2,778	65,212	48.49%	50.55%
Hancock	4,805	1,837	38.23%	64	764	41.59%	45.07%
Hardeman	14,231	7,677	53.95%	187	4,041	52.64%	55.07%
Hardin	16,034	8,298	51.75%	135	4,316	52.01%	53.64%
Hawkins	31,525	17,694	56.13%	362	9,682	54.72%	56.77%
Haywood	10,832	5,971	55.12%	281	3,305	55.35%	60.06%
Henderson	16,697	8,753	52.42%	141	4,919	56.20%	57.81%
Henry	19,798	10,977	55.44%	213	6,201	56.49%	58.43%
Hickman	13,619	7,053	51.79%	118	3,881	55.03%	56.70%
Houston	5,433	2,790	51.35%	149	1,505	53.94%	59.28%
Humphreys	12,576	5,947	47.29%	178	3,674	61.78%	64.77%
Jackson	8,179	3,972	48.56%	124	1,678	42.25%	45.37%
Jefferson	31,725	16,314	51.42%	395	9,442	57.88%	60.30%
Johnson	11,220	5,990	53.39%	160	3,504	58.50%	61.17%
Knox	318,167	167,589	52.67%	3,856	114,515	68.33%	70.63%
Lake	3,722	1,528	41.05%	36	897	58.70%	61.06%

Statistical Analysis of Voter Turnout for the November 6, 2018 Election as Submitted by the Counties

County:	Registered Voters:	Total Votes Cast:	Voter Turnout:	Absentee By Mail: Voters	Early Voters:	Percentage of Early Voters From Total Votes Cast:	Percentage of Early and Absentee Voters From Total Votes Cast:
Lauderdale	13,362	6,788	50.80%	242	3,962	58.37%	61.93%
Lawrence	24,224	13,129	54.20%	171	6,026	45.90%	47.20%
Lewis	7,673	4,084	53.23%	116	2,318	56.76%	59.60%
Lincoln	20,215	10,650	52.68%	146	5,198	48.81%	50.18%
Loudon	35,464	21,879	61.69%	817	15,468	70.70%	74.43%
Macon	12,777	6,424	50.28%	92	4,208	65.50%	66.94%
Madison	59,407	33,255	55.98%	787	18,879	56.77%	59.14%
Marion	17,674	9,318	52.72%	174	4,254	45.65%	47.52%
Marshall	17,810	10,110	56.77%	145	5,709	56.47%	57.90%
Maury	59,201	32,866	55.52%	478	19,242	58.55%	60.00%
McMinn	31,474	16,034	50.94%	326	8,279	51.63%	53.67%
McNairy	15,410	8,242	53.48%	149	4,076	49.45%	51.26%
Meigs	7,503	3,840	51.18%	84	2,111	54.97%	57.16%
Monroe	29,571	14,710	49.74%	684	8,021	54.53%	59.18%
Montgomery	109,727	52,455	47.81%	1,198	30,231	57.63%	59.92%
Moore	4,976	2,501	50.26%	62	1,360	54.38%	56.86%
Morgan	10,675	5,715	53.54%	142	2,648	46.33%	48.82%
Obion	19,766	9,692	49.03%	173	5,387	55.58%	57.37%
Overton	13,694	7,321	53.46%	164	3,976	54.31%	56.55%
Perry	5,188	2,486	47.92%	56	1,269	51.05%	53.30%
Pickett	4,021	2,300	57.20%	81	1,112	48.35%	51.87%
Polk	13,237	5,866	44.32%	134	2,369	40.39%	42.67%
Putnam	42,763	24,596	57.52%	477	14,035	57.06%	59.00%
Rhea	18,825	9,530	50.62%	224	4,966	52.11%	54.46%
Roane	32,844	19,582	59.62%	446	11,972	61.14%	63.42%
Robertson	42,260	24,296	57.49%	328	12,416	51.10%	52.45%
Rutherford	173,083	99,744	57.63%	1,192	65,064	65.23%	66.43%
Scott	13,782	5,585	40.52%	189	2,730	48.88%	52.26%
Sequatchie	10,233	5,063	49.48%	68	2,743	54.18%	55.52%
Sevier	63,274	30,381	48.01%	646	14,608	48.08%	50.21%
Shelby	579,034	295,810	51.09%	3,617	188,219	63.63%	64.85%
Smith	11,830	6,616	55.93%	87	3,726	56.32%	57.63%
Stewart	8,602	4,531	52.67%	149	2,710	59.81%	63.10%
Sullivan	96,284	54,944	57.06%	1,238	33,605	61.16%	63.42%
Sumner	109,371	66,016	60.36%	1,159	34,795	52.71%	54.46%
Tipton	36,806	19,636	53.35%	226	12,825	65.31%	66.46%
Trousdale	5,360	2,669	49.79%	36	1,660	62.20%	63.54%
Unicoi	10,635	6,371	59.91%	128	3,930	61.69%	63.69%
Union	10,948	5,317	48.57%	257	1,602	30.13%	34.96%
Van Buren	4,637	2,267	48.89%	24	1,170	51.61%	52.67%
Warren	21,773	11,574	53.16%	155	6,358	54.93%	56.27%
Washington	77,903	45,543	58.46%	1,070	25,205	55.34%	57.69%
Wayne	9,650	4,804	49.78%	106	2,352	48.96%	51.17%
Weakley	18,203	10,045	55.18%	209	5,209	51.86%	53.94%
White	15,378	8,523	55.42%	189	4,708	55.24%	57.46%
Williamson	156,065	106,046	67.95%	1,906	73,100	68.93%	70.73%
Wilson	84,828	53,418	62.97%	755	35,083	65.68%	67.09%
Total:	4,163,359	2,267,428	54.46%	43,236	1,343,140	59.24%	61.14%

EXHIBIT 10

I request an ABSENTEE BALLOT from the DAVIDSON COUNTY ELECTION COMMISSION for:
State and Federal Primary & County General Election
August 6, 2020

1. PRINT Name: _____ 2. Phone: _____

3. Davidson Co. address where you live: _____
_____ Check if NEW Address ☐

4. Mail my absentee ballot to this address (if different from above): _____

5. Date of Birth: _____ 6. ENTIRE Social Security number: _____ - _____ - _____

7. Email (optional, but helpful for communication): _____

8. THIS ELECTION IS A PRIMARY. SELECT ONE:

☐ **REPUBLICAN**
& County General

☐ **DEMOCRATIC**
& County General

☐ **County General ONLY**

9. My legal reason for voting Absentee is (**CHECK ONE**):

- ☐ I am over 60 years of age.
☐ I am hospitalized, ill, or physically disabled, and I am unable to appear at my polling place for this election.
☐ I have determined it is impossible or unreasonable to vote in person due to the COVID-19 situation, and therefore qualify as hospitalized, ill, or disabled and unable to appear at my polling place.
☐ I am a caretaker of a person who is hospitalized, ill or physically disabled.
☐ I will be outside of Davidson County during all hours of Early Voting (**July 17-Aug 1**) and Election Day.
☐ I am enrolled as a full-time student or I am the spouse of a student at an institution outside Davidson County.
☐ I am a voter with a disability and my polling place is inaccessible.
☐ I reside in a licensed facility, outside the county, providing relatively permanent care, i.e. nursing home.
☐ I am a candidate.
☐ I am on jury duty in a state or federal court.
☐ I am serving as an election official or a member or employee of the Election Commission on Election Day.
☐ I am observing a religious holiday that prevents me from voting early or on Election Day.
☐ I am a member of the **military**, spouse, or dependent ☐ an activated **National Guard** member on state orders ☐
an **overseas citizen** and otherwise qualified to vote in TN ☐ (See #4 above: you must include a mailing address outside Davidson County, even if ballot is emailed) Send military/overseas ballot by: Mail ☐ Email ☐ (**Provide email on Line 7**)

I swear or affirm, under penalty of perjury, that all information on this form is true and correct and that I am eligible to vote in this election.

Signature of Voter: _____

Digital Signature NOT Accepted.....Original Signature REQUIRED

Completed form must be
received in Election
Commission office between:

May 8, 2020 and
July 30, 2020

If voter cannot sign or if assistance is given, the following is REQUIRED:

Signature and address of person assisting: _____

Signature and address of person witnessing: _____

Mail, Fax, OR Email to:

Davidson County Election Commission

ATTN: Absentee Department

P.O. Box 650

Nashville, TN 37202-0650

Fax: 615-880-1729

Email: moaballot@nashville.gov

A new Absentee Ballot Request must be submitted for the November 3, 2020 election, if needed.

EXHIBIT 11



May 29, 2020

Re: Election Mail

Due to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Postal Service anticipates that many voters will choose to use the mail to participate in upcoming elections, including the 2020 General Election in November. This letter is a follow-up communication to the 2020 Official Election Mail Kit (Kit 600), which was provided to elections officials in March and which is available at <https://about.usps.com/kits/kit600.pdf>.

Following up on several topics addressed in that Election Mail Kit, this letter highlights some key aspects of the Postal Service's delivery processes, to allow you to take those processes into account when making decisions and when educating the public on what to expect when using the mail to vote. You will also find some additional recommendations that the Postal Service has regarding how to ensure the efficient and timely handling of mail pertaining to elections (which includes ballots as well as registration cards, absentee-ballot applications, polling-place notifications, or other materials sent from authorized election officials to allow citizens to participate in the voting process, and is collectively referred to as "Election Mail"). These and other issues are discussed in the above mentioned Election Mail Kit and in Publication 632, *State and Local Election Mail – User's Guide*, which is enclosed to this letter. Publication 632 and other Election Mail resources are available on the Postal Service's Election Mail website at <https://about.usps.com/election-mail/election-mail-resources.htm>.

How Election Mail can be Sent

As an initial matter, the Postal Service offers a variety of mailing services that voters and election officials may utilize to transmit Election Mail. The two main classes of mail that are used for Election Mail are First-Class Mail and USPS Marketing Mail, the latter of which includes the Nonprofit postage rate. These mail classes have different delivery standards and price ranges, and are subject to eligibility requirements that include the volume of a given mailing and the mailpiece's contents, weight, and size. As a general matter, all Election Mail (including ballots) mailed from individual voters to state or local election officials *must* be sent by First-Class Mail. Election materials (including blank absentee ballots) mailed from state or local election officials to voters may generally be sent by either First-Class Mail or Marketing Mail.

Mail Processing Times Need to be Considered when Communicating Deadlines

It is important to note that First-Class Mail and Marketing Mail have different delivery standards, and that delivery times further depend on the origin and destination of a given mailpiece. Most domestic First-Class Mail is delivered in 2-5 days. Most domestic Marketing Mail is delivered in 3-10 days. *However, the Postal Service cannot guarantee a specific delivery date or alter standards to comport with individual state election laws.*

To account for delivery standards and to allow for contingencies (e.g., weather issues or unforeseen events), voters should mail their return ballots at least 1 week prior to the due date established by state law. Similarly, for election materials (such as blank ballots) sent to voters, the Postal Service also recommends that state or local election officials use First-Class Mail and allow 1 week for delivery to voters.

It is critical that the Postal Service's delivery standards be kept in mind when informing voters how to successfully participate in an election using the mail, and when state and local election officials are making decisions as to the establishment of deadlines and the means used to send a piece of Election Mail to voters. Voters should be made aware of these transit times when offered the opportunity to request that an absentee ballot be mailed to them, and when deciding when to mail a ballot back to election officials. For example, if a state law requires completed ballots to be received by election officials by a specified date (such as Election Day) in order to be counted, voters should be aware of the possibility that completed ballots mailed less than a week before that date may not, in fact, arrive by the state's deadline. Similarly, if a state law allows a qualified voter to request an absentee ballot shortly before Election Day and requires the state or local election official to mail that ballot to the voter, voters should be made aware that the absentee ballot may not reach the voter before Election Day if requested less than a week before the election.

Proper Labeling Helps Avoid Delivery Delays and Increases Mailpiece Visibility

The Postal Service is committed to the efficient and timely processing and delivery of Election Mail in accordance with its delivery standards, and has developed labeling to provide greater visibility for these mailpieces during processing, including the Official Election Mail logo, which is used on all Election Mail, and Tag 191, *Domestic and International Ballots*, which is used specifically for ballots. Neither Tag 191 nor the Official Election Mail logo is mandatory, and they do not upgrade service or substitute for postage, but they help to alert the Postal Service of the presence of Election Mail in the postal network and distinguish Election Mail from the millions of other mailpieces that are moving through the network.

The Postal Service further recommends that election officials use Intelligent Mail barcodes for their Election Mail. These barcodes are used to improve a mailer's ability to track individual mailpieces and gain greater mailstream visibility. The Postal Service also offers an Intelligent Mail barcode identifier specifically for ballots that increases mailpiece visibility within the processing system, is used by the Postal Service to sort individual mailpieces, and can be used both by the Postal Service and by the mailer to track the delivery and return of ballots.

Consult with Election Mail Coordinators BEFORE Printing Mailpieces

In addition, the Postal Service has assigned election mail coordinators to each locality that stand ready to assist and consult with state and local election officials concerning the logistics of their mailings and the services that are available. A list of election mail coordinators may be found on our website at: <https://about.usps.com/election-mail/political-election-mail-coordinators.pdf>. Also, mailpiece design analysts will assist election officials in designing and preparing envelopes that are consistent with postal regulations, increase

mailpiece visibility, facilitate the application of postmarks, and allow officials to receive available postage discounts. You may reach a mailpiece design analyst by calling the MDA Customer Service Help Desk at 855-593-6093 (between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. Central Time, Monday through Friday) or by sending an email to MDA@usps.gov. Mailpieces that do not adhere to the Postal Service's requirements may experience longer processing times or other delivery problems. To avoid incurring delivery delays and unnecessary costs, the Postal Service strongly recommends that state and local election officials work with the Postal Service **before** designing and printing any mailpieces for use in elections.

This letter, which has been sent to local and state election officials around the country, is part of a broader outreach effort aimed at educating all interested parties about the Postal Service's mailing requirements and services. The Postal Service is proud of its role as an important component of the nation's democratic process and it remains committed to providing the resources needed to implement a successful election season.



Thomas J. Marshall

Enclosure

EXHIBIT 12

Case 3:20-cv-00374 Document 40-2 Filed 06/12/20 Page 158 of 1351 PageID #: 324

Jurisdiction Name	B15C	B16A	B16B	B16C	B17A	B17B	B17C	B14	B17C	B18A	B18B	B18C	B20A	B20B	B20C	B21A	B21B	B21C	B22A	B22B	B22C	B22D	B22E	B22F	B22G	B22H	B22I	B22J	B22K	B22L	B22M	B22N	B22O	B22P	B22Q	B22R	B22S	B22T	B22U	B22V	B22W	B22X	B22Y	B22Z	B23A	B23B	B23C	B23D	B23E	B23F	B23G	B23H	B23I	B23J	B23K	B23L	B23M	B23N	B23O	B23P	B23Q	B23R	B23S	B23T	B23U	B23V	B23W	B23X	B23Y	B23Z	B24A	B24B	B24C	B24D	B24E	B24F	B24G	B24H	B24I	B24J	B24K	B24L	B24M	B24N	B24O	B24P	B24Q	B24R	B24S	B24T	B24U	B24V	B24W	B24X	B24Y	B24Z	B25A	B25B	B25C	B25D	B25E	B25F	B25G	B25H	B25I	B25J	B25K	B25L	B25M	B25N	B25O	B25P	B25Q	B25R	B25S	B25T	B25U	B25V	B25W	B25X	B25Y	B25Z	B26A	B26B	B26C	B26D	B26E	B26F	B26G	B26H	B26I	B26J	B26K	B26L	B26M	B26N	B26O	B26P	B26Q	B26R	B26S	B26T	B26U	B26V	B26W	B26X	B26Y	B26Z	B27A	B27B	B27C	B27D	B27E	B27F	B27G	B27H	B27I	B27J	B27K	B27L	B27M	B27N	B27O	B27P	B27Q	B27R	B27S	B27T	B27U	B27V	B27W	B27X	B27Y	B27Z	B28A	B28B	B28C	B28D	B28E	B28F	B28G	B28H	B28I	B28J	B28K	B28L	B28M	B28N	B28O	B28P	B28Q	B28R	B28S	B28T	B28U	B28V	B28W	B28X	B28Y	B28Z	B29A	B29B	B29C	B29D	B29E	B29F	B29G	B29H	B29I	B29J	B29K	B29L	B29M	B29N	B29O	B29P	B29Q	B29R	B29S	B29T	B29U	B29V	B29W	B29X	B29Y	B29Z	B30A	B30B	B30C	B30D	B30E	B30F	B30G	B30H	B30I	B30J	B30K	B30L	B30M	B30N	B30O	B30P	B30Q	B30R	B30S	B30T	B30U	B30V	B30W	B30X	B30Y	B30Z	B31A	B31B	B31C	B31D	B31E	B31F	B31G	B31H	B31I	B31J	B31K	B31L	B31M	B31N	B31O	B31P	B31Q	B31R	B31S	B31T	B31U	B31V	B31W	B31X	B31Y	B31Z	B32A	B32B	B32C	B32D	B32E	B32F	B32G	B32H	B32I	B32J	B32K	B32L	B32M	B32N	B32O	B32P	B32Q	B32R	B32S	B32T	B32U	B32V	B32W	B32X	B32Y	B32Z	B33A	B33B	B33C	B33D	B33E	B33F	B33G	B33H	B33I	B33J	B33K	B33L	B33M	B33N	B33O	B33P	B33Q	B33R	B33S	B33T	B33U	B33V	B33W	B33X	B33Y	B33Z	B34A	B34B	B34C	B34D	B34E	B34F	B34G	B34H	B34I	B34J	B34K	B34L	B34M	B34N	B34O	B34P	B34Q	B34R	B34S	B34T	B34U	B34V	B34W	B34X	B34Y	B34Z	B35A	B35B	B35C	B35D	B35E	B35F	B35G	B35H	B35I	B35J	B35K	B35L	B35M	B35N	B35O	B35P	B35Q	B35R	B35S	B35T	B35U	B35V	B35W	B35X	B35Y	B35Z	B36A	B36B	B36C	B36D	B36E	B36F	B36G	B36H	B36I	B36J	B36K	B36L	B36M	B36N	B36O	B36P	B36Q	B36R	B36S	B36T	B36U	B36V	B36W	B36X	B36Y	B36Z	B37A	B37B	B37C	B37D	B37E	B37F	B37G	B37H	B37I	B37J	B37K	B37L	B37M	B37N	B37O	B37P	B37Q	B37R	B37S	B37T	B37U	B37V	B37W	B37X	B37Y	B37Z	B38A	B38B	B38C	B38D	B38E	B38F	B38G	B38H	B38I	B38J	B38K	B38L	B38M	B38N	B38O	B38P	B38Q	B38R	B38S	B38T	B38U	B38V	B38W	B38X	B38Y	B38Z	B39A	B39B	B39C	B39D	B39E	B39F	B39G	B39H	B39I	B39J	B39K	B39L	B39M	B39N	B39O	B39P	B39Q	B39R	B39S	B39T	B39U	B39V	B39W	B39X	B39Y	B39Z	B40A	B40B	B40C	B40D	B40E	B40F	B40G	B40H	B40I	B40J	B40K	B40L	B40M	B40N	B40O	B40P	B40Q	B40R	B40S	B40T	B40U	B40V	B40W	B40X	B40Y	B40Z	B41A	B41B	B41C	B41D	B41E	B41F	B41G	B41H	B41I	B41J	B41K	B41L	B41M	B41N	B41O	B41P	B41Q	B41R	B41S	B41T	B41U	B41V	B41W	B41X	B41Y	B41Z	B42A	B42B	B42C	B42D	B42E	B42F	B42G	B42H	B42I	B42J	B42K	B42L	B42M	B42N	B42O	B42P	B42Q	B42R	B42S	B42T	B42U	B42V	B42W	B42X	B42Y	B42Z	B43A	B43B	B43C	B43D	B43E	B43F	B43G	B43H	B43I	B43J	B43K	B43L	B43M	B43N	B43O	B43P	B43Q	B43R	B43S	B43T	B43U	B43V	B43W	B43X	B43Y	B43Z	B44A	B44B	B44C	B44D	B44E	B44F	B44G	B44H	B44I	B44J	B44K	B44L	B44M	B44N	B44O	B44P	B44Q	B44R	B44S	B44T	B44U	B44V	B44W	B44X	B44Y	B44Z	B45A	B45B	B45C	B45D	B45E	B45F	B45G	B45H	B45I	B45J	B45K	B45L	B45M	B45N	B45O	B45P	B45Q	B45R	B45S	B45T	B45U	B45V	B45W	B45X	B45Y	B45Z	B46A	B46B	B46C	B46D	B46E	B46F	B46G	B46H	B46I	B46J	B46K	B46L	B46M	B46N	B46O	B46P	B46Q	B46R	B46S	B46T	B46U	B46V	B46W	B46X	B46Y	B46Z	B47A	B47B	B47C	B47D	B47E	B47F	B47G	B47H	B47I	B47J	B47K	B47L	B47M	B47N	B47O	B47P	B47Q	B47R	B47S	B47T	B47U	B47V	B47W	B47X	B47Y	B47Z	B48A	B48B	B48C	B48D	B48E	B48F	B48G	B48H	B48I	B48J	B48K	B48L	B48M	B48N	B48O	B48P	B48Q	B48R	B48S	B48T	B48U	B48V	B48W	B48X	B48Y	B48Z	B49A	B49B	B49C	B49D	B49E	B49F	B49G	B49H	B49I	B49J	B49K	B49L	B49M	B49N	B49O	B49P	B49Q	B49R	B49S	B49T	B49U	B49V	B49W	B49X	B49Y	B49Z	B50A	B50B	B50C	B50D	B50E	B50F	B50G	B50H	B50I	B50J	B50K	B50L	B50M	B50N	B50O	B50P	B50Q	B50R	B50S	B50T	B50U	B50V	B50W	B50X	B50Y	B50Z	B51A	B51B	B51C	B51D	B51E	B51F	B51G	B51H	B51I	B51J	B51K	B51L	B51M	B51N	B51O	B51P	B51Q	B51R	B51S	B51T	B51U	B51V	B51W	B51X	B51Y	B51Z	B52A	B52B	B52C	B52D	B52E	B52F	B52G	B52H	B52I	B52J	B52K	B52L	B52M	B52N	B52O	B52P	B52Q	B52R	B52S	B52T	B52U	B52V	B52W	B52X	B52Y	B52Z	B53A	B53B	B53C	B53D	B53E	B53F	B53G	B53H	B53I	B53J	B53K	B53L	B53M	B53N	B53O	B53P	B53Q	B53R	B53S	B53T	B53U	B53V	B53W	B53X	B53Y	B53Z	B54A	B54B	B54C	B54D	B54E	B54F	B54G	B54H	B54I	B54J	B54K	B54L	B54M	B54N	B54O	B54P	B54Q	B54R	B54S	B54T	B54U	B54V	B54W	B54X	B54Y	B54Z	B55A	B55B	B55C	B55D	B55E	B55F	B55G	B55H	B55I	B55J	B55K	B55L	B55M	B55N	B55O	B55P	B55Q	B55R	B55S	B55T	B55U	B55V	B55W	B55X	B55Y	B55Z	B56A	B56B	B56C	B56D	B56E	B56F	B56G	B56H	B56I	B56J	B56K	B56L	B56M	B56N	B56O	B56P	B56Q	B56R	B56S	B56T	B56U	B56V	B56W	B56X	B56Y	B56Z	B57A	B57B	B57C	B57D	B57E	B57F	B57G	B57H	B57I	B57J	B57K	B57L	B57M	B57N	B57O	B57P	B57Q	B57R	B57S	B57T	B57U	B57V	B57W	B57X	B57Y	B57Z	B58A	B58B	B58C	B58D	B58E	B58F	B58G	B58H	B58I	B58J	B58K	B58L	B58M	B58N	B58O	B58P	B58Q	B58R	B58S	B58T	B58U	B58V	B58W	B58X	B58Y	B58Z	B59A	B59B	B59C	B59D	B59E	B59F	B59G	B59H	B59I	B59J	B59K	B59L	B59M	B59N	B59O	B59P	B59Q	B59R	B59S	B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Jurisdiction Name	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	D9	D10	D11	D12	D13	D14	D15	D16	D17	D18	D19	D20	D21	D22	D23	D24	D25	D26	D27	D28	D29	D30	D31	D32	D33	D34	D35	D36	D37	D38	D39	D40	D41	D42	D43	D44	D45	D46	D47	D48	D49	D50	D51	D52	D53	D54	D55	D56	D57	D58	D59	D60	D61	D62	D63	D64	D65	D66	D67	D68	D69	D70	D71	D72	D73	D74	D75	D76	D77	D78	D79	D80	D81	D82	D83	D84	D85	D86	D87	D88	D89	D90	D91	D92	D93	D94	D95	D96	D97	D98	D99	D100	D101	D102	D103	D104	D105	D106	D107	D108	D109	D110	D111	D112	D113	D114	D115	D116	D117	D118	D119	D120	D121	D122	D123	D124	D125	D126	D127	D128	D129	D130	D131	D132	D133	D134	D135	D136	D137	D138	D139	D140	D141	D142	D143	D144	D145	D146	D147	D148	D149	D150	D151	D152	D153	D154	D155	D156	D157	D158	D159	D160	D161	D162	D163	D164	D165	D166	D167	D168	D169	D170	D171	D172	D173	D174	D175	D176	D177	D178	D179	D180	D181	D182	D183	D184	D185	D186	D187	D188	D189	D190	D191	D192	D193	D194	D195	D196	D197	D198	D199	D200	D201	D202	D203	D204	D205	D206	D207	D208	D209	D210	D211	D212	D213	D214	D215	D216	D217	D218	D219	D220	D221	D222	D223	D224	D225	D226	D227	D228	D229	D230	D231	D232	D233	D234	D235	D236	D237	D238	D239	D240	D241	D242	D243	D244	D245	D246	D247	D248	D249	D250	D251	D252	D253	D254	D255	D256	D257	D258	D259	D260	D261	D262	D263	D264	D265	D266	D267	D268	D269	D270	D271	D272	D273	D274	D275	D276	D277	D278	D279	D280	D281	D282	D283	D284	D285	D286	D287	D288	D289	D290	D291	D292	D293	D294	D295	D296	D297	D298	D299	D300	D301	D302	D303	D304	D305	D306	D307	D308	D309	D310	D311	D312	D313	D314	D315	D316	D317	D318	D319	D320	D321	D322	D323	D324	D325	D326	D327	D328	D329	D330	D331	D332	D333	D334	D335	D336	D337	D338	D339	D340	D341	D342	D343	D344	D345	D346	D347	D348	D349	D350	D351	D352	D353	D354	D355	D356	D357	D358	D359	D360	D361	D362	D363	D364	D365	D366	D367	D368	D369	D370	D371	D372	D373	D374	D375	D376	D377	D378	D379	D380	D381	D382	D383	D384	D385	D386	D387	D388	D389	D390	D391	D392	D393	D394	D395	D396	D397	D398	D399	D400	D401	D402	D403	D404	D405	D406	D407	D408	D409	D410	D411	D412	D413	D414	D415	D416	D417	D418	D419	D420	D421	D422	D423	D424	D425	D426	D427	D428	D429	D430	D431	D432	D433	D434	D435	D436	D437	D438	D439	D440	D441	D442	D443	D444	D445	D446	D447	D448	D449	D450	D451	D452	D453	D454	D455	D456	D457	D458	D459	D460	D461	D462	D463	D464	D465	D466	D467	D468	D469	D470	D471	D472	D473	D474	D475	D476	D477	D478	D479	D480	D481	D482	D483	D484	D485	D486	D487	D488	D489	D490	D491	D492	D493	D494	D495	D496	D497	D498	D499	D500	D501	D502	D503	D504	D505	D506	D507	D508	D509	D510	D511	D512	D513	D514	D515	D516	D517	D518	D519	D520	D521	D522	D523	D524	D525	D526	D527	D528	D529	D530	D531	D532	D533	D534	D535	D536	D537	D538	D539	D540	D541	D542	D543	D544	D545	D546	D547	D548	D549	D550	D551	D552	D553	D554	D555	D556	D557	D558	D559	D560	D561	D562	D563	D564	D565	D566	D567	D568	D569	D570	D571	D572	D573	D574	D575	D576	D577	D578	D579	D580	D581	D582	D583	D584	D585	D586	D587	D588	D589	D590	D591	D592	D593	D594	D595	D596	D597	D598	D599	D600	D601	D602	D603	D604	D605	D606	D607	D608	D609	D610	D611	D612	D613	D614	D615	D616	D617	D618	D619	D620	D621	D622	D623	D624	D625	D626	D627	D628	D629	D630	D631	D632	D633	D634	D635	D636	D637	D638	D639	D640	D641	D642	D643	D644	D645	D646	D647	D648	D649	D650	D651	D652	D653	D654	D655	D656	D657	D658	D659	D660	D661	D662	D663	D664	D665	D666	D667	D668	D669	D670	D671	D672	D673	D674	D675	D676	D677	D678	D679	D680	D681	D682	D683	D684	D685	D686	D687	D688	D689	D690	D691	D692	D693	D694	D695	D696	D697	D698	D699	D700	D701	D702	D703	D704	D705	D706	D707	D708	D709	D710	D711	D712	D713	D714	D715	D716	D717	D718	D719	D720	D721	D722	D723	D724	D725	D726	D727	D728	D729	D730	D731	D732	D733	D734	D735	D736	D737	D738	D739	D740	D741	D742	D743	D744	D745	D746	D747	D748	D749	D750	D751	D752	D753	D754	D755	D756	D757	D758	D759	D760	D761	D762	D763	D764	D765	D766	D767	D768	D769	D770	D771	D772	D773	D774	D775	D776	D777	D778	D779	D780	D781	D782	D783	D784	D785	D786	D787	D788	D789	D790	D791	D792	D793	D794	D795	D796	D797	D798	D799	D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805	D806	D807	D808	D809	D810	D811	D812	D813	D814	D815	D816	D817	D818	D819	D820	D821	D822	D823	D824	D825	D826	D827	D828	D829	D830	D831	D832	D833	D834	D835	D836	D837	D838	D839	D840	D841	D842	D843	D844	D845	D846	D847	D848	D849	D850	D851	D852	D853	D854	D855	D856	D857	D858	D859	D860	D861	D862	D863	D864	D865	D866	D867	D868	D869	D870	D871	D872	D873	D874	D875	D876	D877	D878	D879	D880	D881	D882	D883	D884	D885	D886	D887	D888	D889	D890	D891	D892	D893	D894	D895	D896	D897	D898	D899	D900	D901	D902	D903	D904	D905	D906	D907	D908	D909	D910	D911	D912	D913	D914	D915	D916	D917	D918	D919	D920	D921	D922	D923	D924	D925	D926	D927	D928	D929	D930	D931	D932	D933	D934	D935	D936	D937	D938	D939	D940	D941	D942	D943	D944	D945	D946	D947	D948	D949	D950	D951	D952	D953	D954	D955	D956	D957	D958	D959	D960	D961	D962	D963	D964	D965	D966	D967	D968	D969	D970	D971	D972	D973	D974	D975	D976	D977	D978	D979	D980	D981	D982	D983	D984	D985	D986	D987	D988	D989	D990	D991	D992	D993	D994	D995	D996	D997	D998	D999	D1000	D1001	D1002	D1003	D1004	D1005	D1006	D1007	D1008	D1009	D1010	D1011	D1012	D1013	D1014	D1015	D1016	D1017	D1018	D1019	D1020	D1021	D1022	D1023	D1024	D1025	D1026	D1027	D1028	D1029	D1030	D1031	D1032	D1033	D1034	D1035	D1036	D1037	D1038	D1039	D1040	D1041	D1042	D1043	D1044	D1045	D1046	D1047	D1048	D1049	D1050	D1051	D1052	D1053	D1054	D1055	D1056	D1057	D1058	D1059	D1060	D1061	D1062	D1063	D1064	D1065	D1066	D1067	D1068	D1069	D1070	D1071	D1072	D1073	D1074	D1075	D1076	D1077	D1078	D1079	D1080	D1081	D1082	D1083	D1084	D1085	D1086	D1087	D1088	D1089	D1090	D1091	D1092	D1093	D1094	D1095	D1096	D1097	D1098	D1099	D1100	D1101	D1102	D1103	D1104	D1105	D1106	D1107	D1108	D1109	D1110	D1111	D1112	D1113	D1114	D1115	D1116	D1117	D1118	D1119	D1120	D1121	D1122	D1123	D1124	D1125	D1126	D1127	D1128	D1129	D1130	D1131	D1132	D1133	D1134	D1135	D1136	D1137	D1138	D1139	D1140	D1141	D1142	D1143	D1144	D1145	D1146	D1147	D1148	D1149	D1150	D1151	D1152	D1153	D1154	D1155	D1156	D1157	D1158	D1159	D1160	D1161	D1162	D1163	D1164	D1165	D1166	D1167	D1168	D1169	D1170	D1171	D1172	D1173	D1174	D1175	D1176	D1177	D1178	D1179	D1180	D1181	D1182	D1183	D1184	D1185	D1186	D1187	D1188	D1189	D1190	D1191	D1192	D1193	D1194	D1195	D1196	D1197	D1198	D1199	D1200	D1201	D1202	D1203	D1204	D1205	D1206	D1207	D1208	D1209	D1210	D1211	D1212	D1213	D1214	D1215	D1216	D1217	D1218	D1219	D1220	D1221	D1222	D1223	D1224	D1225	D1226	D1227	D1228	D1229	D1230	D1231	D1232	D1233	D1234	D1235	D1236	D1237	D1238	D1239	D1240	D1241	D1242	D1243	D1244	D1245	D1246	D1247	D1248	D1249	D1250	D1251	D1252	D1253	D1254	D1255	D1256	D1257	D1258	D1259	D1260	D1261	D1262	D1263	D1264	D1265	D1266	D1267	D1268	D1269	D1270	D1271	D1272	D1273	D1274	D1275	D1276	D1277	D1278	D1279	D1280	D1281	D1282	D1283	D1284	D1285	D1286	D1287	D1288	D1289	D1290	D1291	D1292	D1293	D1294	D1295	D1296	D1297	D1298	D1299	D1300	D1301	D1302	D1303	D1304	D1305	D1306	D1307	D1308	D1309	D1310	D1311	D1312	D1313	D1314	D1315	D1316	D1317	D1318	D1319	D1320	D1321	D1322	D1323	D1324	D1325	D1326	D1327	D1328	D1329	D1330	D1331	D1332	D1333	D1334	D1335	D1336	D1337	D1338	D1339	D1340	D1341	D1342	D1343	D1344	D1345	D1346	D1347	D1348	D1349	D1350	D1351	D1352	D1353	D1354	D1355	D1356	D1357	D1358	D1359	D1360	D1361	D1362	D1363	D1364	D1365	D1366	D1367	D1368	D1369	D1370	D1371	D1372	D1373	D1374	D1375	D1376	D1377	D1378	D1379	D1380	D1381	D1382	D1383	D1384	D1385	D1386	D1387	D1388	D1389	D1390	D1391	D1392	D1393	D1394	D1395	D1396	D1397	D1398	D1399	D1400	D1401	D1402	D1403	D1404	D1405	D1406	D1407	D1408	D1409	D1410	D1411	D1412	D1413	D1414	D1415	D1416	D1417	D1418	D1419	D1420	D1421	D1422	D1423	D1424	D1425	D1426	D1427	D1428	D1429	D1430	D1431	D1432	D1433	D1434	D1435	D1436	D1437	D1438	D1439	D1440	D1441	D1442	D1443	D1444	D1445	D1446	D1447	D1448	D1449	D1450	D1451	D1452	D1453	D1454	D1455	D1456	D1457	D1458	D1459	D1460	D1461	D1462	D1463	D1464	D1465	D1466	D1467	D1468	D1469	D1470	D1471	D1472	D1473	D1474	D1475	D1476	D1477	D1478	D1479	D1480	D1481	D1482	D1483	D1484	D1485	D1486	D1487	D1488	D1489	D1490	D1491	D1492	D1493	D1494	D1495	D1
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Jurisdiction Name	E2_1	E2_2	E2_3	E2_4	E2_5	E2_6	E2_7	E2_8	E2_9	E2_10	E2_11	E2_12	E2_13	E2_14	E2_15	E2_16	E2_17	E2_18	E2_19	E2_20	E2_21	E2_22	E2_23	E2_24	E2_25	E2_26	E2_27	E2_28	E2_29	E2_30	E2_31	E2_32	E2_33	E2_34	E2_35	E2_36	E2_37	E2_38	E2_39	E2_40	E2_41	E2_42	E2_43	E2_44	E2_45	E2_46	E2_47	E2_48	E2_49	E2_50	E2_51	E2_52	E2_53	E2_54	E2_55	E2_56	E2_57	E2_58	E2_59	E2_60	E2_61	E2_62	E2_63	E2_64	E2_65	E2_66	E2_67	E2_68	E2_69	E2_70	E2_71	E2_72	E2_73	E2_74	E2_75	E2_76	E2_77	E2_78	E2_79	E2_80	E2_81	E2_82	E2_83	E2_84	E2_85	E2_86	E2_87	E2_88	E2_89	E2_90	E2_91	E2_92	E2_93	E2_94	E2_95	E2_96	E2_97	E2_98	E2_99	E2_100	E2_101	E2_102	E2_103	E2_104	E2_105	E2_106	E2_107	E2_108	E2_109	E2_110	E2_111	E2_112	E2_113	E2_114	E2_115	E2_116	E2_117	E2_118	E2_119	E2_120	E2_121	E2_122	E2_123	E2_124	E2_125	E2_126	E2_127	E2_128	E2_129	E2_130	E2_131	E2_132	E2_133	E2_134	E2_135	E2_136	E2_137	E2_138	E2_139	E2_140	E2_141	E2_142	E2_143	E2_144	E2_145	E2_146	E2_147	E2_148	E2_149	E2_150	E2_151	E2_152	E2_153	E2_154	E2_155	E2_156	E2_157	E2_158	E2_159	E2_160	E2_161	E2_162	E2_163	E2_164	E2_165	E2_166	E2_167	E2_168	E2_169	E2_170	E2_171	E2_172	E2_173	E2_174	E2_175	E2_176	E2_177	E2_178	E2_179	E2_180	E2_181	E2_182	E2_183	E2_184	E2_185	E2_186	E2_187	E2_188	E2_189	E2_190	E2_191	E2_192	E2_193	E2_194	E2_195	E2_196	E2_197	E2_198	E2_199	E2_200	E2_201	E2_202	E2_203	E2_204	E2_205	E2_206	E2_207	E2_208	E2_209	E2_210	E2_211	E2_212	E2_213	E2_214	E2_215	E2_216	E2_217	E2_218	E2_219	E2_220	E2_221	E2_222	E2_223	E2_224	E2_225	E2_226	E2_227	E2_228	E2_229	E2_230	E2_231	E2_232	E2_233	E2_234	E2_235	E2_236	E2_237	E2_238	E2_239	E2_240	E2_241	E2_242	E2_243	E2_244	E2_245	E2_246	E2_247	E2_248	E2_249	E2_250	E2_251	E2_252	E2_253	E2_254	E2_255	E2_256	E2_257	E2_258	E2_259	E2_260	E2_261	E2_262	E2_263	E2_264	E2_265	E2_266	E2_267	E2_268	E2_269	E2_270	E2_271	E2_272	E2_273	E2_274	E2_275	E2_276	E2_277	E2_278	E2_279	E2_280	E2_281	E2_282	E2_283	E2_284	E2_285	E2_286	E2_287	E2_288	E2_289	E2_290	E2_291	E2_292	E2_293	E2_294	E2_295	E2_296	E2_297	E2_298	E2_299	E2_300	E2_301	E2_302	E2_303	E2_304	E2_305	E2_306	E2_307	E2_308	E2_309	E2_310	E2_311	E2_312	E2_313	E2_314	E2_315	E2_316	E2_317	E2_318	E2_319	E2_320	E2_321	E2_322	E2_323	E2_324	E2_325	E2_326	E2_327	E2_328	E2_329	E2_330	E2_331	E2_332	E2_333	E2_334	E2_335	E2_336	E2_337	E2_338	E2_339	E2_340	E2_341	E2_342	E2_343	E2_344	E2_345	E2_346	E2_347	E2_348	E2_349	E2_350	E2_351	E2_352	E2_353	E2_354	E2_355	E2_356	E2_357	E2_358	E2_359	E2_360	E2_361	E2_362	E2_363	E2_364	E2_365	E2_366	E2_367	E2_368	E2_369	E2_370	E2_371	E2_372	E2_373	E2_374	E2_375	E2_376	E2_377	E2_378	E2_379	E2_380	E2_381	E2_382	E2_383	E2_384	E2_385	E2_386	E2_387	E2_388	E2_389	E2_390	E2_391	E2_392	E2_393	E2_394	E2_395	E2_396	E2_397	E2_398	E2_399	E2_400	E2_401	E2_402	E2_403	E2_404	E2_405	E2_406	E2_407	E2_408	E2_409	E2_410	E2_411	E2_412	E2_413	E2_414	E2_415	E2_416	E2_417	E2_418	E2_419	E2_420	E2_421	E2_422	E2_423	E2_424	E2_425	E2_426	E2_427	E2_428	E2_429	E2_430	E2_431	E2_432	E2_433	E2_434	E2_435	E2_436	E2_437	E2_438	E2_439	E2_440	E2_441	E2_442	E2_443	E2_444	E2_445	E2_446	E2_447	E2_448	E2_449	E2_450	E2_451	E2_452	E2_453	E2_454	E2_455	E2_456	E2_457	E2_458	E2_459	E2_460	E2_461	E2_462	E2_463	E2_464	E2_465	E2_466	E2_467	E2_468	E2_469	E2_470	E2_471	E2_472	E2_473	E2_474	E2_475	E2_476	E2_477	E2_478	E2_479	E2_480	E2_481	E2_482	E2_483	E2_484	E2_485	E2_486	E2_487	E2_488	E2_489	E2_490	E2_491	E2_492	E2_493	E2_494	E2_495	E2_496	E2_497	E2_498	E2_499	E2_500	E2_501	E2_502	E2_503	E2_504	E2_505	E2_506	E2_507	E2_508	E2_509	E2_510	E2_511	E2_512	E2_513	E2_514	E2_515	E2_516	E2_517	E2_518	E2_519	E2_520	E2_521	E2_522	E2_523	E2_524	E2_525	E2_526	E2_527	E2_528	E2_529	E2_530	E2_531	E2_532	E2_533	E2_534	E2_535	E2_536	E2_537	E2_538	E2_539	E2_540	E2_541	E2_542	E2_543	E2_544	E2_545	E2_546	E2_547	E2_548	E2_549	E2_550	E2_551	E2_552	E2_553	E2_554	E2_555	E2_556	E2_557	E2_558	E2_559	E2_560	E2_561	E2_562	E2_563	E2_564	E2_565	E2_566	E2_567	E2_568	E2_569	E2_570	E2_571	E2_572	E2_573	E2_574	E2_575	E2_576	E2_577	E2_578	E2_579	E2_580	E2_581	E2_582	E2_583	E2_584	E2_585	E2_586	E2_587	E2_588	E2_589	E2_590	E2_591	E2_592	E2_593	E2_594	E2_595	E2_596	E2_597	E2_598	E2_599	E2_600	E2_601	E2_602	E2_603	E2_604	E2_605	E2_606	E2_607	E2_608	E2_609	E2_610	E2_611	E2_612	E2_613	E2_614	E2_615	E2_616	E2_617	E2_618	E2_619	E2_620	E2_621	E2_622	E2_623	E2_624	E2_625	E2_626	E2_627	E2_628	E2_629	E2_630	E2_631	E2_632	E2_633	E2_634	E2_635	E2_636	E2_637	E2_638	E2_639	E2_640	E2_641	E2_642	E2_643	E2_644	E2_645	E2_646	E2_647	E2_648	E2_649	E2_650	E2_651	E2_652	E2_653	E2_654	E2_655	E2_656	E2_657	E2_658	E2_659	E2_660	E2_661	E2_662	E2_663	E2_664	E2_665	E2_666	E2_667	E2_668	E2_669	E2_670	E2_671	E2_672	E2_673	E2_674	E2_675	E2_676	E2_677	E2_678	E2_679	E2_680	E2_681	E2_682	E2_683	E2_684	E2_685	E2_686	E2_687	E2_688	E2_689	E2_690	E2_691	E2_692	E2_693	E2_694	E2_695	E2_696	E2_697	E2_698	E2_699	E2_700	E2_701	E2_702	E2_703	E2_704	E2_705	E2_706	E2_707	E2_708	E2_709	E2_710	E2_711	E2_712	E2_713	E2_714	E2_715	E2_716	E2_717	E2_718	E2_719	E2_720	E2_721	E2_722	E2_723	E2_724	E2_725	E2_726	E2_727	E2_728	E2_729	E2_730	E2_731	E2_732	E2_733	E2_734	E2_735	E2_736	E2_737	E2_738	E2_739	E2_740	E2_741	E2_742	E2_743	E2_744	E2_745	E2_746	E2_747	E2_748	E2_749	E2_750	E2_751	E2_752	E2_753	E2_754	E2_755	E2_756	E2_757	E2_758	E2_759	E2_760	E2_761	E2_762	E2_763	E2_764	E2_765	E2_766	E2_767	E2_768	E2_769	E2_770	E2_771	E2_772	E2_773	E2_774	E2_775	E2_776	E2_777	E2_778	E2_779	E2_780	E2_781	E2_782	E2_783	E2_784	E2_785	E2_786	E2_787	E2_788	E2_789	E2_790	E2_791	E2_792	E2_793	E2_794	E2_795	E2_796	E2_797	E2_798	E2_799	E2_800	E2_801	E2_802	E2_803	E2_804	E2_805	E2_806	E2_807	E2_808	E2_809	E2_810	E2_811	E2_812	E2_813	E2_814	E2_815	E2_816	E2_817	E2_818	E2_819	E2_820	E2_821	E2_822	E2_823	E2_824	E2_825	E2_826	E2_827	E2_828	E2_829	E2_830	E2_831	E2_832	E2_833	E2_834	E2_835	E2_836	E2_837	E2_838	E2_839	E2_840	E2_841	E2_842	E2_843	E2_844	E2_845	E2_846	E2_847	E2_848	E2_849	E2_850	E2_851	E2_852	E2_853	E2_854	E2_855	E2_856	E2_857	E2_858	E2_859	E2_860	E2_861	E2_862	E2_863	E2_864	E2_865	E2_866	E2_867	E2_868	E2_869	E2_870	E2_871	E2_872	E2_873	E2_874	E2_875	E2_876	E2_877	E2_878	E2_879	E2_880	E2_881	E2_882	E2_883	E2_884	E2_885	E2_886	E2_887	E2_888	E2_889	E2_890	E2_891	E2_892	E2_893	E2_894	E2_895	E2_896	E2_897	E2_898	E2_899	E2_900	E2_901	E2_902	E2_903	E2_904	E2_905	E2_906	E2_907	E2_908	E2_909	E2_910	E2_911	E2_912	E2_913	E2_914	E2_915	E2_916	E2_917	E2_918	E2_919	E2_920	E2_921	E2_922	E2_923	E2_924	E2_925	E2_926	E2_927	E2_928	E2_929	E2_930	E2_931	E2_932	E2_933	E2_934	E2_935	E2_936	E2_937	E2_938	E2_939	E2_940	E2_941	E2_942	E2_943	E2_944	E2_945	E2_946	E2_947	E2_948	E2_949	E2_950	E2_951	E2_952	E2_953	E2_954	E2_955	E2_956	E2_957	E2_958	E2_959	E2_960	E2_961	E2_962	E2_963	E2_964	E2_965	E2_966	E2_967	E2_968	E2_969	E2_970	E2_971	E2_972	E2_973	E2_974	E2_975	E2_976	E2_977	E2_978	E2_979	E2_980	E2_981	E2_982	E2_983	E2_984	E2_985	E2_986	E2_987	E2_988	E2_989	E2_990	E2_991	E2_992	E2_993	E2_994	E2_995	E2_996	E2_997	E2_998	E2_999	E2_1000	E2_1001	E2_1002	E2_1003	E2_1004	E2_1005	E2_1006	E2_1007	E2_1008	E2_1009	E2_1010	E2_1011	E2_1012	E2_1013	E2_1014	E2_1015	E2_1016	E2_1017	E2_1018	E2_1019	E2_1020	E2_1021	E2_1022	E2_1023	E2_1024	E2_1025	E2_1026	E2_1027	E2_1028	E2_1029	E2_1030	E2_1031	E2_1032	E2_1033	E2_1034	E2_1035	E2_1036	E2_1037	E2_1038	E2_1039	E2_1040	E2_1041	E2_1042	E2_1043	E2_1044	E2_1045	E2_1046	E2_1047	E2_1048	E2_1049	E2_1050	E2_1051	E2_1052	E2_1053	E2_1054	E2_1055	E2_1056	E2_1057	E2_1058	E2_1059	E2_1060	E2_1061	E2_1062	E2_1063	E2_1064	E2_1065	E2_1066	E2_1067	E2_1068	E2_1069	E2_1070	E2_1071	E2_1072	E2_1073	E2_1074	E2_1075	E2_1076	E2_1077	E2_1078	E2_1079	E2_1080	E2_1081	E2_1082	E2_1083	E2_1084	E2_1085	E2_1086	E2_1087	E2_1088	E2_1089	E2_1090	E2_1091	E2_1092	E2_1093	E2_1094	E2_1095	E2_1096	E2_1097	E2_1098	E2_1099	E2_1100	E2_1101	E2_1102	E2_1103	E2_1104	E2_1105	E2_1106	E2_1107	E2_1108	E2_1109	E2_1110	E2_1111	E2_1112	E2_1113	E2_1114	E2_1115	E2_1116	E2_1117	E2_1118	E2_1119	E2_1120	E2_1121	E2_1122	E2_1123	E2_1124	E2_1125	E2_1126	E2_1127	E2_1128	E2_1129	E2_1130	E2_1131	E2_1132	E2_1133	E2_1134	E2_1135	E2_1136	E2_1137	E2_1138	E2_1139	E2_1140	E2_1141	E2_1142	E2_1143	E2_1144	E2_1145	E2_1146	E2_1147	E2_1148	E2_1149	E2_1150	E2_1151	E2_1152	E2_1153	E2_1154	E2_1155	E2_1156	E2_1157	E2_1158	E2_1159	E2_1160	E2_1161	E2_1162	E2_1163	E2_1164	E2_1165	E2_1166	E2_1167	E2_1168	E2_1169	E2_1170	E2_1171	E2_1172	E2_1173	E2_1174	E2_1175	E2_1176	E2_1177	E2_1178	E2_1179	E2_1180	E2_1181	E2_1182	E2_1183	E2_1184	E2_1185	E2_1186	E2_1187	E2_1188	E2_1189	E2_1190	E2_1191	E2_1192	E2_1193	E2_1194	E2_1195	E2_1196	E2_1197	E2_1198	E2_1199	E2_1200	E2_1201	E2_1202	E2_1203	E2_1204	E2_1205	E2_1206	E2_1207	E2_1208	E2_1209	E2_1210	E2_1211	E2_1212	E2_1213	E2_1214	E2_1215	E2_1216	E2_1217	E2_1218	E2_1219	E2_1220	E2_1221	E2_1222	E2_1223
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Jurisdiction Name	F12b Tally:	F12c Provision Person	F12d Tally By	F12e Mail	F12 General	F12Comm F13
Jurisdiction Name	Special	Ballot	Mail	Ballot	Comment	5
ANNEBORN COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
BESFORD COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
BLEDSCOE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
BLOUNT COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
BOLIVAR COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
CAMPBELL COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
CANNON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
CARROLL COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
CATER COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
CHATHAM COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
CLATSOP COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
CLATSOP COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
CLAY COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
COCKE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
COFFEE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
CLAMBER BAND COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
DAVIDSON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
DECATUR COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
DEKALB COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
DEKALB COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
FAVETTE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
FENTRESS COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
FRANKLIN COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
GIBSON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
GIBSON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
GRANFEE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
GREENE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
GRUNDY COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
HAMBLETON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
HAMILTON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
HARDMAN COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
HARDMAN COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
HAWKINS COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
HAYWOOD COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
HENRY COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
HICKMAN COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
HOUSTON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
HUMPHREY'S COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
JACKSON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
JACKSON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
JOHNSON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
KNOX COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
LAKE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
LAUDERDALE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
LEWIS COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
LEWIS COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
LOULOUN COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
LOULOUN COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
MCNAB COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
MCNAB COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
MADISON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
MADISON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
MAIRSHALL COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
MAUR COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
MAUR COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
MONTGOMERY COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
MONTGOMERY COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
MOORE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
MORGAN COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
PIBON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
PIBON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
PICKETT COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
POLK COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
PULNAM COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
PULNAM COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
RAHEA COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
RAHEA COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
ROBERTSON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
ROBERTSON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
SCOTT COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
SECUATCHIE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
SECUATCHIE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
SHELBY COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
SHELBY COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
SMITH COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
STEWART COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
SULLIVAN COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
SUNNER COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
SUNNER COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
TROUSDALE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
UNICO COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
UNICO COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
VAN BUREN COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
VAN BUREN COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
WASHINGTON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
WASHINGTON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
WAYNE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
WEAKEY COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
WHITE COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
WILLIAMSON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
WILLIAMSON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo
WILSON COUNTY	Both	cent	Central	lo	Central	lo

EXHIBIT 13

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:05
Page:1 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Jurisdiction Wide			
00100			
Polling	6031	1083	17.96%
Absentee	6031	56	0.93%
Early Vote	6031	1464	24.27%
Provisional	6031	33	0.55%
Total	6031	2636	43.71%
00200			
Polling	4995	881	17.64%
Absentee	4995	38	0.76%
Early Vote	4995	1596	31.95%
Provisional	4995	10	0.20%
Total	4995	2525	50.55%
01100			
Polling	2795	395	14.13%
Absentee	2795	10	0.36%
Early Vote	2795	500	17.89%
Provisional	2795	4	0.14%
Total	2795	909	32.52%
01200			
Polling	1046	175	16.73%
Absentee	1046	31	2.96%
Early Vote	1046	287	27.44%
Provisional	1046	1	0.10%
Total	1046	494	47.23%
01300			
Polling	2299	387	16.83%
Absentee	2299	5	0.22%
Early Vote	2299	346	15.05%
Provisional	2299	4	0.17%
Total	2299	742	32.27%
01601			
Polling	4161	1017	24.44%
Absentee	4161	45	1.08%
Early Vote	4161	1641	39.44%
Provisional	4161	11	0.26%
Total	4161	2714	65.22%
01603			
Polling	3351	496	14.80%
Absentee	3351	29	0.87%
Early Vote	3351	1163	34.71%
Provisional	3351	7	0.21%
Total	3351	1695	50.58%
01700			
Polling	2110	326	15.45%
Absentee	2110	42	1.99%
Early Vote	2110	624	29.57%
Provisional	2110	10	0.47%
Total	2110	1002	47.49%
02001			
Polling	3381	832	24.61%
Absentee	3381	45	1.33%
Early Vote	3381	1329	39.31%
Provisional	3381	7	0.21%
Total	3381	2213	65.45%
02003			
Polling	4480	701	15.65%
Absentee	4480	14	0.31%

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
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Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:05
Page:2 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Early Vote	4480	1028	22.95%
Provisional	4480	11	0.25%
Total	4480	1754	39.15%
02100			
Polling	3257	471	14.46%
Absentee	3257	13	0.40%
Early Vote	3257	714	21.92%
Provisional	3257	11	0.34%
Total	3257	1209	37.12%
02600			
Polling	2983	499	16.73%
Absentee	2983	10	0.34%
Early Vote	2983	638	21.39%
Provisional	2983	4	0.13%
Total	2983	1151	38.59%
02800			
Polling	2142	445	20.77%
Absentee	2142	22	1.03%
Early Vote	2142	825	38.52%
Provisional	2142	2	0.09%
Total	2142	1294	60.41%
03102			
Polling	2623	482	18.38%
Absentee	2623	15	0.57%
Early Vote	2623	870	33.17%
Provisional	2623	6	0.23%
Total	2623	1373	52.34%
03104			
Polling	3046	509	16.71%
Absentee	3046	19	0.62%
Early Vote	3046	1067	35.03%
Provisional	3046	3	0.10%
Total	3046	1598	52.46%
03300			
Polling	1068	262	24.53%
Absentee	1068	4	0.37%
Early Vote	1068	267	25.00%
Provisional	1068	2	0.19%
Total	1068	535	50.09%
03402			
Polling	2175	335	15.40%
Absentee	2175	5	0.23%
Early Vote	2175	413	18.99%
Provisional	2175	2	0.09%
Total	2175	755	34.71%
03601			
Polling	2770	648	23.39%
Absentee	2770	40	1.44%
Early Vote	2770	953	34.40%
Provisional	2770	3	0.11%
Total	2770	1644	59.35%
03602			
Polling	2744	570	20.77%
Absentee	2744	12	0.44%
Early Vote	2744	804	29.30%
Provisional	2744	5	0.18%
Total	2744	1391	50.69%
03700			

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:05
Page:3 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Polling	3332	539	16.18%
Absentee	3332	9	0.27%
Early Vote	3332	509	15.28%
Provisional	3332	4	0.12%
Total	3332	1061	31.84%
04103			
Polling	3283	555	16.91%
Absentee	3283	32	0.97%
Early Vote	3283	731	22.27%
Provisional	3283	3	0.09%
Total	3283	1321	40.24%
04201			
Polling	3247	593	18.26%
Absentee	3247	8	0.25%
Early Vote	3247	615	18.94%
Provisional	3247	3	0.09%
Total	3247	1219	37.54%
04401			
Polling	4099	785	19.15%
Absentee	4099	40	0.98%
Early Vote	4099	1594	38.89%
Provisional	4099	1	0.02%
Total	4099	2420	59.04%
04405			
Polling	2936	446	15.19%
Absentee	2936	59	2.01%
Early Vote	2936	900	30.65%
Provisional	2936	8	0.27%
Total	2936	1413	48.13%
04502			
Polling	4339	727	16.76%
Absentee	4339	16	0.37%
Early Vote	4339	1074	24.75%
Provisional	4339	10	0.23%
Total	4339	1827	42.11%
04504			
Polling	5409	1048	19.38%
Absentee	5409	62	1.15%
Early Vote	5409	1988	36.75%
Provisional	5409	6	0.11%
Total	5409	3104	57.39%
04602			
Polling	4361	793	18.18%
Absentee	4361	70	1.61%
Early Vote	4361	1393	31.94%
Provisional	4361	15	0.34%
Total	4361	2271	52.08%
04700			
Polling	3847	663	17.23%
Absentee	3847	12	0.31%
Early Vote	3847	808	21.00%
Provisional	3847	3	0.08%
Total	3847	1486	38.63%
04900			
Polling	3576	640	17.90%
Absentee	3576	14	0.39%
Early Vote	3576	849	23.74%
Provisional	3576	3	0.08%

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:05
Page:4 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Total	3576	1506	42.11%
05001			
Polling	1439	235	16.33%
Absentee	1439	2	0.14%
Early Vote	1439	388	26.96%
Provisional	1439	3	0.21%
Total	1439	628	43.64%
05002			
Polling	2779	363	13.06%
Absentee	2779	8	0.29%
Early Vote	2779	658	23.68%
Provisional	2779	7	0.25%
Total	2779	1036	37.28%
05201			
Polling	1864	352	18.88%
Absentee	1864	11	0.59%
Early Vote	1864	424	22.75%
Provisional	1864	3	0.16%
Total	1864	790	42.38%
05301			
Polling	3486	671	19.25%
Absentee	3486	12	0.34%
Early Vote	3486	632	18.13%
Provisional	3486	1	0.03%
Total	3486	1316	37.75%
05400			
Polling	4737	862	18.20%
Absentee	4737	28	0.59%
Early Vote	4737	1247	26.32%
Provisional	4737	4	0.08%
Total	4737	2141	45.20%
05502			
Polling	3391	736	21.70%
Absentee	3391	55	1.62%
Early Vote	3391	1619	47.74%
Provisional	3391	3	0.09%
Total	3391	2413	71.16%
05700			
Polling	4632	780	16.84%
Absentee	4632	73	1.58%
Early Vote	4632	2453	52.96%
Provisional	4632	2	0.04%
Total	4632	3308	71.42%
05801			
Polling	2977	652	21.90%
Absentee	2977	8	0.27%
Early Vote	2977	669	22.47%
Provisional	2977	9	0.30%
Total	2977	1338	44.94%
05804			
Polling	3820	630	16.49%
Absentee	3820	11	0.29%
Early Vote	3820	691	18.09%
Provisional	3820	11	0.29%
Total	3820	1343	35.16%
05905			
Polling	3913	791	20.21%
Absentee	3913	10	0.26%

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:05
Page:5 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Early Vote	3913	892	22.80%
Provisional	3913	3	0.08%
Total	3913	1696	43.34%
06003			
Polling	2379	492	20.68%
Absentee	2379	14	0.59%
Early Vote	2379	624	26.23%
Provisional	2379	4	0.17%
Total	2379	1134	47.67%
06005			
Polling	1722	307	17.83%
Absentee	1722	2	0.12%
Early Vote	1722	341	19.80%
Provisional	1722	1	0.06%
Total	1722	651	37.80%
06006			
Polling	2206	410	18.59%
Absentee	2206	15	0.68%
Early Vote	2206	451	20.44%
Provisional	2206	2	0.09%
Total	2206	878	39.80%
06007			
Polling	4382	854	19.49%
Absentee	4382	10	0.23%
Early Vote	4382	1074	24.51%
Provisional	4382	8	0.18%
Total	4382	1946	44.41%
06009			
Polling	2713	443	16.33%
Absentee	2713	8	0.29%
Early Vote	2713	541	19.94%
Provisional	2713	2	0.07%
Total	2713	994	36.64%
06100			
Polling	2252	439	19.49%
Absentee	2252	7	0.31%
Early Vote	2252	404	17.94%
Provisional	2252	0	0.00%
Total	2252	850	37.74%
06200			
Polling	2237	343	15.33%
Absentee	2237	9	0.40%
Early Vote	2237	344	15.38%
Provisional	2237	4	0.18%
Total	2237	700	31.29%
06400			
Polling	3341	702	21.01%
Absentee	3341	49	1.47%
Early Vote	3341	1458	43.64%
Provisional	3341	6	0.18%
Total	3341	2215	66.30%
06600			
Polling	4230	791	18.70%
Absentee	4230	20	0.47%
Early Vote	4230	1337	31.61%
Provisional	4230	6	0.14%
Total	4230	2154	50.92%
06701			

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:05
Page:6 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Polling	3458	757	21.89%
Absentee	3458	19	0.55%
Early Vote	3458	1227	35.48%
Provisional	3458	9	0.26%
Total	3458	2012	58.18%
06703			
Polling	2151	494	22.97%
Absentee	2151	15	0.70%
Early Vote	2151	910	42.31%
Provisional	2151	7	0.33%
Total	2151	1426	66.29%
06801			
Polling	2423	596	24.60%
Absentee	2423	62	2.56%
Early Vote	2423	896	36.98%
Provisional	2423	3	0.12%
Total	2423	1557	64.26%
06803			
Polling	3294	644	19.55%
Absentee	3294	60	1.82%
Early Vote	3294	1431	43.44%
Provisional	3294	13	0.39%
Total	3294	2148	65.21%
06902			
Polling	2026	311	15.35%
Absentee	2026	5	0.25%
Early Vote	2026	276	13.62%
Provisional	2026	10	0.49%
Total	2026	602	29.71%
07001			
Polling	3295	479	14.54%
Absentee	3295	8	0.24%
Early Vote	3295	673	20.42%
Provisional	3295	1	0.03%
Total	3295	1161	35.24%
07002			
Polling	3266	464	14.21%
Absentee	3266	11	0.34%
Early Vote	3266	536	16.41%
Provisional	3266	1	0.03%
Total	3266	1012	30.99%
07104			
Polling	5301	770	14.53%
Absentee	5301	7	0.13%
Early Vote	5301	1242	23.43%
Provisional	5301	8	0.15%
Total	5301	2027	38.24%
07203			
Polling	3883	636	16.38%
Absentee	3883	6	0.15%
Early Vote	3883	910	23.44%
Provisional	3883	5	0.13%
Total	3883	1557	40.10%
07207			
Polling	3141	520	16.56%
Absentee	3141	12	0.38%
Early Vote	3141	960	30.56%
Provisional	3141	6	0.19%

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:05
Page:7 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Total	3141	1498	47.69%
07301			
Polling	2301	281	12.21%
Absentee	2301	20	0.87%
Early Vote	2301	345	14.99%
Provisional	2301	2	0.09%
Total	2301	648	28.16%
07303			
Polling	3684	585	15.88%
Absentee	3684	7	0.19%
Early Vote	3684	817	22.18%
Provisional	3684	8	0.22%
Total	3684	1417	38.46%
07401			
Polling	4325	648	14.98%
Absentee	4325	10	0.23%
Early Vote	4325	1097	25.36%
Provisional	4325	1	0.02%
Total	4325	1756	40.60%
07402			
Polling	3977	594	14.94%
Absentee	3977	13	0.33%
Early Vote	3977	1179	29.65%
Provisional	3977	8	0.20%
Total	3977	1794	45.11%
07405			
Polling	2970	506	17.04%
Absentee	2970	9	0.30%
Early Vote	2970	828	27.88%
Provisional	2970	5	0.17%
Total	2970	1348	45.39%
07409			
Polling	2968	484	16.31%
Absentee	2968	3	0.10%
Early Vote	2968	612	20.62%
Provisional	2968	8	0.27%
Total	2968	1107	37.30%
07501			
Polling	2511	358	14.26%
Absentee	2511	11	0.44%
Early Vote	2511	688	27.40%
Provisional	2511	2	0.08%
Total	2511	1059	42.17%
07506			
Polling	4668	781	16.73%
Absentee	4668	10	0.21%
Early Vote	4668	1387	29.71%
Provisional	4668	6	0.13%
Total	4668	2184	46.79%
07507			
Polling	4265	648	15.19%
Absentee	4265	17	0.40%
Early Vote	4265	1107	25.96%
Provisional	4265	0	0.00%
Total	4265	1772	41.55%
07511			
Polling	3998	682	17.06%
Absentee	3998	21	0.53%

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:05
Page:8 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Early Vote	3998	1405	35.14%
Provisional	3998	5	0.13%
Total	3998	2113	52.85%
07604			
Polling	2705	474	17.52%
Absentee	2705	12	0.44%
Early Vote	2705	950	35.12%
Provisional	2705	3	0.11%
Total	2705	1439	53.20%
07605			
Polling	2560	351	13.71%
Absentee	2560	6	0.23%
Early Vote	2560	753	29.41%
Provisional	2560	7	0.27%
Total	2560	1117	43.63%
07606			
Polling	3910	620	15.86%
Absentee	3910	17	0.43%
Early Vote	3910	1191	30.46%
Provisional	3910	2	0.05%
Total	3910	1830	46.80%
07701			
Polling	3935	576	14.64%
Absentee	3935	17	0.43%
Early Vote	3935	1434	36.44%
Provisional	3935	2	0.05%
Total	3935	2029	51.56%
07703			
Polling	3193	432	13.53%
Absentee	3193	23	0.72%
Early Vote	3193	996	31.19%
Provisional	3193	3	0.09%
Total	3193	1454	45.54%
07803			
Polling	4069	488	11.99%
Absentee	4069	15	0.37%
Early Vote	4069	1090	26.79%
Provisional	4069	7	0.17%
Total	4069	1600	39.32%
07901			
Polling	5290	683	12.91%
Absentee	5290	82	1.55%
Early Vote	5290	1296	24.50%
Provisional	5290	13	0.25%
Total	5290	2074	39.21%
07902			
Polling	3020	524	17.35%
Absentee	3020	15	0.50%
Early Vote	3020	1114	36.89%
Provisional	3020	5	0.17%
Total	3020	1658	54.90%
07903			
Polling	3891	718	18.45%
Absentee	3891	11	0.28%
Early Vote	3891	1128	28.99%
Provisional	3891	2	0.05%
Total	3891	1859	47.78%
07907			

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:05
Page:9 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Polling	2602	394	15.14%
Absentee	2602	5	0.19%
Early Vote	2602	793	30.48%
Provisional	2602	2	0.08%
Total	2602	1194	45.89%
08002			
Polling	3892	684	17.57%
Absentee	3892	98	2.52%
Early Vote	3892	1594	40.96%
Provisional	3892	20	0.51%
Total	3892	2396	61.56%
08101			
Polling	3654	633	17.32%
Absentee	3654	65	1.78%
Early Vote	3654	1420	38.86%
Provisional	3654	4	0.11%
Total	3654	2122	58.07%
08103			
Polling	3243	634	19.55%
Absentee	3243	50	1.54%
Early Vote	3243	1460	45.02%
Provisional	3243	1	0.03%
Total	3243	2145	66.14%
08105			
Polling	2960	566	19.12%
Absentee	2960	53	1.79%
Early Vote	2960	958	32.36%
Provisional	2960	6	0.20%
Total	2960	1583	53.48%
08107			
Polling	5186	1051	20.27%
Absentee	5186	50	0.96%
Early Vote	5186	1555	29.98%
Provisional	5186	3	0.06%
Total	5186	2659	51.27%
08202			
Polling	1064	224	21.05%
Absentee	1064	3	0.28%
Early Vote	1064	310	29.14%
Provisional	1064	5	0.47%
Total	1064	542	50.94%
08300			
Polling	1501	227	15.12%
Absentee	1501	2	0.13%
Early Vote	1501	290	19.32%
Provisional	1501	0	0.00%
Total	1501	519	34.58%
08402			
Polling	1062	191	17.98%
Absentee	1062	2	0.19%
Early Vote	1062	317	29.85%
Provisional	1062	3	0.28%
Total	1062	513	48.31%
08600			
Polling	4282	629	14.69%
Absentee	4282	26	0.61%
Early Vote	4282	1342	31.34%
Provisional	4282	5	0.12%

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:05
Page:10 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Total	4282	2002	46.75%
08702			
Polling	2964	481	16.23%
Absentee	2964	6	0.20%
Early Vote	2964	902	30.43%
Provisional	2964	8	0.27%
Total	2964	1397	47.13%
08703			
Polling	4747	836	17.61%
Absentee	4747	17	0.36%
Early Vote	4747	1533	32.29%
Provisional	4747	8	0.17%
Total	4747	2394	50.43%
08704			
Polling	3205	500	15.60%
Absentee	3205	13	0.41%
Early Vote	3205	1094	34.13%
Provisional	3205	14	0.44%
Total	3205	1621	50.58%
08802			
Polling	1798	393	21.86%
Absentee	1798	13	0.72%
Early Vote	1798	559	31.09%
Provisional	1798	1	0.06%
Total	1798	966	53.73%
08803			
Polling	4812	710	14.75%
Absentee	4812	19	0.39%
Early Vote	4812	844	17.54%
Provisional	4812	6	0.12%
Total	4812	1579	32.81%
08804			
Polling	2353	367	15.60%
Absentee	2353	6	0.25%
Early Vote	2353	463	19.68%
Provisional	2353	3	0.13%
Total	2353	839	35.66%
08901			
Polling	2588	449	17.35%
Absentee	2588	14	0.54%
Early Vote	2588	555	21.45%
Provisional	2588	16	0.62%
Total	2588	1034	39.95%
08902			
Polling	3379	760	22.49%
Absentee	3379	10	0.30%
Early Vote	3379	654	19.35%
Provisional	3379	16	0.47%
Total	3379	1440	42.62%
09002			
Polling	4404	676	15.35%
Absentee	4404	11	0.25%
Early Vote	4404	905	20.55%
Provisional	4404	8	0.18%
Total	4404	1600	36.33%
09003			
Polling	3314	565	17.05%
Absentee	3314	12	0.36%

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:11 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Early Vote	3314	904	27.28%
Provisional	3314	1	0.03%
Total	3314	1482	44.72%
09101			
Polling	5085	825	16.22%
Absentee	5085	66	1.30%
Early Vote	5085	1787	35.14%
Provisional	5085	16	0.31%
Total	5085	2694	52.98%
09102			
Polling	4410	754	17.10%
Absentee	4410	65	1.47%
Early Vote	4410	1573	35.67%
Provisional	4410	7	0.16%
Total	4410	2399	54.40%
09104			
Polling	4450	848	19.06%
Absentee	4450	26	0.58%
Early Vote	4450	1635	36.74%
Provisional	4450	8	0.18%
Total	4450	2517	56.56%
09201			
Polling	1634	273	16.71%
Absentee	1634	1	0.06%
Early Vote	1634	368	22.52%
Provisional	1634	4	0.24%
Total	1634	646	39.53%
09301			
Polling	3545	563	15.88%
Absentee	3545	2	0.06%
Early Vote	3545	675	19.04%
Provisional	3545	3	0.08%
Total	3545	1243	35.06%
09303			
Polling	3179	367	11.54%
Absentee	3179	123	3.87%
Early Vote	3179	542	17.05%
Provisional	3179	5	0.16%
Total	3179	1037	32.62%
09403			
Polling	4463	751	16.83%
Absentee	4463	19	0.43%
Early Vote	4463	1234	27.65%
Provisional	4463	7	0.16%
Total	4463	2011	45.06%
09406			
Polling	2437	515	21.13%
Absentee	2437	5	0.21%
Early Vote	2437	555	22.77%
Provisional	2437	5	0.21%
Total	2437	1080	44.32%
09407			
Polling	5534	1000	18.07%
Absentee	5534	16	0.29%
Early Vote	5534	1176	21.25%
Provisional	5534	0	0.00%
Total	5534	2192	39.61%
09408			

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:12 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Polling	3276	666	20.33%
Absentee	3276	14	0.43%
Early Vote	3276	1079	32.94%
Provisional	3276	3	0.09%
Total	3276	1762	53.79%
09501			
Polling	4147	881	21.24%
Absentee	4147	21	0.51%
Early Vote	4147	1177	28.38%
Provisional	4147	8	0.19%
Total	4147	2087	50.33%
09505			
Polling	3166	679	21.45%
Absentee	3166	22	0.69%
Early Vote	3166	1140	36.01%
Provisional	3166	18	0.57%
Total	3166	1859	58.72%
09506			
Polling	3375	558	16.53%
Absentee	3375	21	0.62%
Early Vote	3375	1144	33.90%
Provisional	3375	5	0.15%
Total	3375	1728	51.20%
09507			
Polling	2886	517	17.91%
Absentee	2886	15	0.52%
Early Vote	2886	895	31.01%
Provisional	2886	6	0.21%
Total	2886	1433	49.65%
09508			
Polling	4475	720	16.09%
Absentee	4475	32	0.72%
Early Vote	4475	1816	40.58%
Provisional	4475	8	0.18%
Total	4475	2576	57.56%
09601			
Polling	3577	691	19.32%
Absentee	3577	15	0.42%
Early Vote	3577	1118	31.26%
Provisional	3577	3	0.08%
Total	3577	1827	51.08%
09602			
Polling	4305	825	19.16%
Absentee	4305	31	0.72%
Early Vote	4305	1433	33.29%
Provisional	4305	11	0.26%
Total	4305	2300	53.43%
ARL01			
Polling	5773	1153	19.97%
Absentee	5773	26	0.45%
Early Vote	5773	2318	40.15%
Provisional	5773	11	0.19%
Total	5773	3508	60.77%
ARL02			
Polling	2968	540	18.19%
Absentee	2968	14	0.47%
Early Vote	2968	1055	35.55%
Provisional	2968	5	0.17%

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:13 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Total	2968	1614	54.38%
BAR03			
Polling	3245	604	18.61%
Absentee	3245	27	0.83%
Early Vote	3245	1372	42.28%
Provisional	3245	1	0.03%
Total	3245	2004	61.76%
BAR04			
Polling	4846	715	14.75%
Absentee	4846	26	0.54%
Early Vote	4846	1976	40.78%
Provisional	4846	8	0.17%
Total	4846	2725	56.23%
BAR05			
Polling	4505	1010	22.42%
Absentee	4505	39	0.87%
Early Vote	4505	1563	34.69%
Provisional	4505	9	0.20%
Total	4505	2621	58.18%
BAR06			
Polling	3558	730	20.52%
Absentee	3558	15	0.42%
Early Vote	3558	1179	33.14%
Provisional	3558	8	0.22%
Total	3558	1932	54.30%
BAR08			
Polling	5451	896	16.44%
Absentee	5451	34	0.62%
Early Vote	5451	2257	41.41%
Provisional	5451	8	0.15%
Total	5451	3195	58.61%
BAR09			
Polling	4396	820	18.65%
Absentee	4396	90	2.05%
Early Vote	4396	1655	37.65%
Provisional	4396	1	0.02%
Total	4396	2566	58.37%
BAR11			
Polling	2934	632	21.54%
Absentee	2934	63	2.15%
Early Vote	2934	1135	38.68%
Provisional	2934	4	0.14%
Total	2934	1834	62.51%
BAR13			
Polling	5318	967	18.18%
Absentee	5318	30	0.56%
Early Vote	5318	2029	38.15%
Provisional	5318	6	0.11%
Total	5318	3032	57.01%
BRU01			
Polling	2559	477	18.64%
Absentee	2559	22	0.86%
Early Vote	2559	1155	45.13%
Provisional	2559	9	0.35%
Total	2559	1663	64.99%
BRU02			
Polling	4845	978	20.19%
Absentee	4845	22	0.45%

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:14 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Early Vote	4845	1891	39.03%
Provisional	4845	11	0.23%
Total	4845	2902	59.90%
COL01			
Polling	4889	942	19.27%
Absentee	4889	25	0.51%
Early Vote	4889	1952	39.93%
Provisional	4889	4	0.08%
Total	4889	2923	59.79%
COL02			
Polling	4775	862	18.05%
Absentee	4775	45	0.94%
Early Vote	4775	1827	38.26%
Provisional	4775	7	0.15%
Total	4775	2741	57.40%
COL03			
Polling	3987	604	15.15%
Absentee	3987	18	0.45%
Early Vote	3987	1723	43.22%
Provisional	3987	6	0.15%
Total	3987	2351	58.97%
COL04			
Polling	4335	697	16.08%
Absentee	4335	33	0.76%
Early Vote	4335	1990	45.91%
Provisional	4335	10	0.23%
Total	4335	2730	62.98%
COL05			
Polling	2502	545	21.78%
Absentee	2502	28	1.12%
Early Vote	2502	965	38.57%
Provisional	2502	2	0.08%
Total	2502	1540	61.55%
COL06			
Polling	3584	523	14.59%
Absentee	3584	48	1.34%
Early Vote	3584	1570	43.81%
Provisional	3584	3	0.08%
Total	3584	2144	59.82%
COL07			
Polling	3883	852	21.94%
Absentee	3883	32	0.82%
Early Vote	3883	1496	38.53%
Provisional	3883	9	0.23%
Total	3883	2389	61.52%
COL08			
Polling	2554	523	20.48%
Absentee	2554	32	1.25%
Early Vote	2554	992	38.84%
Provisional	2554	6	0.23%
Total	2554	1553	60.81%
COL09			
Polling	4063	608	14.96%
Absentee	4063	55	1.35%
Early Vote	4063	1754	43.17%
Provisional	4063	9	0.22%
Total	4063	2426	59.71%
COR03			

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:15 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Polling	5214	961	18.43%
Absentee	5214	29	0.56%
Early Vote	5214	2136	40.97%
Provisional	5214	9	0.17%
Total	5214	3135	60.13%
COR04			
Polling	2147	282	13.13%
Absentee	2147	34	1.58%
Early Vote	2147	830	38.66%
Provisional	2147	4	0.19%
Total	2147	1150	53.56%
COR05			
Polling	3857	845	21.91%
Absentee	3857	13	0.34%
Early Vote	3857	1054	27.33%
Provisional	3857	11	0.29%
Total	3857	1923	49.86%
EAD00			
Polling	1852	513	27.70%
Absentee	1852	16	0.86%
Early Vote	1852	705	38.07%
Provisional	1852	2	0.11%
Total	1852	1236	66.74%
FOR01			
Polling	2976	495	16.63%
Absentee	2976	27	0.91%
Early Vote	2976	1086	36.49%
Provisional	2976	4	0.13%
Total	2976	1612	54.17%
FOR02			
Polling	1628	227	13.94%
Absentee	1628	24	1.47%
Early Vote	1628	598	36.73%
Provisional	1628	4	0.25%
Total	1628	853	52.40%
FOR03			
Polling	4129	823	19.93%
Absentee	4129	15	0.36%
Early Vote	4129	1429	34.61%
Provisional	4129	4	0.10%
Total	4129	2271	55.00%
GER02			
Polling	4575	769	16.81%
Absentee	4575	80	1.75%
Early Vote	4575	2082	45.51%
Provisional	4575	5	0.11%
Total	4575	2936	64.17%
GER03			
Polling	3688	743	20.15%
Absentee	3688	96	2.60%
Early Vote	3688	1457	39.51%
Provisional	3688	4	0.11%
Total	3688	2300	62.36%
GER04			
Polling	4840	962	19.88%
Absentee	4840	72	1.49%
Early Vote	4840	2254	46.57%
Provisional	4840	6	0.12%

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:16 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Total	4840	3294	68.06%
GER05			
Polling	5127	1006	19.62%
Absentee	5127	72	1.40%
Early Vote	5127	2287	44.61%
Provisional	5127	5	0.10%
Total	5127	3370	65.73%
GER06			
Polling	2561	548	21.40%
Absentee	2561	43	1.68%
Early Vote	2561	1284	50.14%
Provisional	2561	2	0.08%
Total	2561	1877	73.29%
GER08			
Polling	2407	519	21.56%
Absentee	2407	28	1.16%
Early Vote	2407	1118	46.45%
Provisional	2407	2	0.08%
Total	2407	1667	69.26%
GER10			
Polling	3307	583	17.63%
Absentee	3307	92	2.78%
Early Vote	3307	1633	49.38%
Provisional	3307	8	0.24%
Total	3307	2316	70.03%
GER11			
Polling	4461	719	16.12%
Absentee	4461	57	1.28%
Early Vote	4461	2136	47.88%
Provisional	4461	8	0.18%
Total	4461	2920	65.46%
GER12			
Polling	1418	255	17.98%
Absentee	1418	21	1.48%
Early Vote	1418	714	50.35%
Provisional	1418	3	0.21%
Total	1418	993	70.03%
LAK01			
Polling	6222	870	13.98%
Absentee	6222	35	0.56%
Early Vote	6222	3167	50.90%
Provisional	6222	17	0.27%
Total	6222	4089	65.72%
LAK02			
Polling	2654	568	21.40%
Absentee	2654	17	0.64%
Early Vote	2654	846	31.88%
Provisional	2654	2	0.08%
Total	2654	1433	53.99%
LUC01			
Polling	1383	328	23.72%
Absentee	1383	8	0.58%
Early Vote	1383	495	35.79%
Provisional	1383	4	0.29%
Total	1383	835	60.38%
LUC03			
Polling	1687	287	17.01%
Absentee	1687	6	0.36%

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:17 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Early Vote	1687	511	30.29%
Provisional	1687	2	0.12%
Total	1687	806	47.78%
MCC00			
Polling	2400	415	17.29%
Absentee	2400	6	0.25%
Early Vote	2400	612	25.50%
Provisional	2400	5	0.21%
Total	2400	1038	43.25%
MIL01			
Polling	4777	672	14.07%
Absentee	4777	30	0.63%
Early Vote	4777	1935	40.51%
Provisional	4777	3	0.06%
Total	4777	2640	55.26%
MIL02			
Polling	5270	640	12.14%
Absentee	5270	38	0.72%
Early Vote	5270	1806	34.27%
Provisional	5270	10	0.19%
Total	5270	2494	47.32%
MOR01			
Polling	5787	1018	17.59%
Absentee	5787	26	0.45%
Early Vote	5787	2001	34.58%
Provisional	5787	6	0.10%
Total	5787	3051	52.72%
MOR02			
Polling	2900	559	19.28%
Absentee	2900	20	0.69%
Early Vote	2900	1137	39.21%
Provisional	2900	4	0.14%
Total	2900	1720	59.31%
ROS05			
Polling	3979	740	18.60%
Absentee	3979	10	0.25%
Early Vote	3979	1513	38.02%
Provisional	3979	9	0.23%
Total	3979	2272	57.10%
ROS13			
Polling	5164	1101	21.32%
Absentee	5164	17	0.33%
Early Vote	5164	1559	30.19%
Provisional	5164	9	0.17%
Total	5164	2686	52.01%
ROS14			
Polling	3569	717	20.09%
Absentee	3569	8	0.22%
Early Vote	3569	1225	34.32%
Provisional	3569	4	0.11%
Total	3569	1954	54.75%
ROS15			
Polling	2985	627	21.01%
Absentee	2985	10	0.34%
Early Vote	2985	895	29.98%
Provisional	2985	7	0.23%
Total	2985	1539	51.56%
ROS16			

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:18 of 1134

	TURN OUT		
	Reg. Voters	Cards Cast	% Turnout
Polling	5136	1072	20.87%
Absentee	5136	15	0.29%
Early Vote	5136	1803	35.11%
Provisional	5136	22	0.43%
Total	5136	2912	56.70%
STE00			
Polling	4146	771	18.60%
Absentee	4146	24	0.58%
Early Vote	4146	1825	44.02%
Provisional	4146	6	0.14%
Total	4146	2626	63.34%
Total			
Polling	579034	102976	17.78%
Absentee	579034	4335	0.75%
Early Vote	579034	187501	32.38%
Provisional	579034	998	0.17%
Total	579034	295810	51.09%

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date: 11/26/18
Time: 18:12:06
Page: 19 of 1134

	GOVERNOR									
	Reg. Voters	Times Counted	Total Votes	Bill Lee		Karl Dean		Mark CoonRippy Brown		
Jurisdiction Wide										
00100										
Polling	6031	1083	1059	300	28.33%	713	67.33%	5	0.47%	
Absentee	6031	56	56	14	25.00%	40	71.43%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	6031	1464	1448	314	21.69%	1100	75.97%	1	0.07%	
Provisional	6031	33	29	7	24.14%	20	68.97%	0	0.00%	
Total	6031	2636	2592	635	24.50%	1873	72.26%	6	0.23%	
00200										
Polling	4995	881	877	242	27.59%	630	71.84%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	4995	38	37	6	16.22%	31	83.78%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4995	1596	1581	401	25.36%	1165	73.69%	4	0.25%	
Provisional	4995	10	10	0	0.00%	10	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	4995	2525	2505	649	25.91%	1836	73.29%	4	0.16%	
01100										
Polling	2795	395	384	32	8.33%	331	86.20%	3	0.78%	
Absentee	2795	10	9	1	11.11%	8	88.89%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2795	500	479	40	8.35%	413	86.22%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	2795	4	4	0	0.00%	3	75.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2795	909	876	73	8.33%	755	86.19%	3	0.34%	
01200										
Polling	1046	175	171	15	8.77%	143	83.63%	1	0.58%	
Absentee	1046	31	31	1	3.23%	30	96.77%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	1046	287	279	9	3.23%	255	91.40%	2	0.72%	
Provisional	1046	1	1	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	1046	494	482	25	5.19%	428	88.80%	3	0.62%	
01300										
Polling	2299	387	372	20	5.38%	328	88.17%	2	0.54%	
Absentee	2299	5	5	0	0.00%	5	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2299	346	327	7	2.14%	291	88.99%	1	0.31%	
Provisional	2299	4	4	0	0.00%	3	75.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2299	742	708	27	3.81%	627	88.56%	3	0.42%	
01601										
Polling	4161	1017	1013	299	29.52%	706	69.69%	1	0.10%	
Absentee	4161	45	45	5	11.11%	39	86.67%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4161	1641	1630	340	20.86%	1283	78.71%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	4161	11	11	1	9.09%	10	90.91%	0	0.00%	
Total	4161	2714	2699	645	23.90%	2038	75.51%	1	0.04%	
01603										
Polling	3351	496	490	134	27.35%	341	69.59%	1	0.20%	
Absentee	3351	29	28	5	17.86%	23	82.14%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3351	1163	1139	231	20.28%	889	78.05%	2	0.18%	
Provisional	3351	7	7	1	14.29%	5	71.43%	0	0.00%	
Total	3351	1695	1664	371	22.30%	1258	75.60%	3	0.18%	
01700										
Polling	2110	326	319	42	13.17%	271	84.95%	2	0.63%	
Absentee	2110	42	40	7	17.50%	32	80.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2110	624	610	94	15.41%	500	81.97%	4	0.66%	
Provisional	2110	10	10	0	0.00%	10	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2110	1002	979	143	14.61%	813	83.04%	6	0.61%	
02001										
Polling	3381	832	827	192	23.22%	625	75.57%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	3381	45	44	8	18.18%	36	81.82%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3381	1329	1320	237	17.95%	1077	81.59%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	3381	7	7	0	0.00%	6	85.71%	0	0.00%	
Total	3381	2213	2198	437	19.88%	1744	79.34%	0	0.00%	
02003										
Polling	4480	701	689	56	8.13%	588	85.34%	2	0.29%	
Absentee	4480	14	13	0	0.00%	13	100.00%	0	0.00%	

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:20 of 1134

	GOVERNOR									
	Reg. Voters	Times Counted	Total Votes	Bill Lee		Karl Dean		Mark CoonRippy Brown		
Early Vote	4480	1028	981	57	5.81%	876	89.30%	5	0.51%	
Provisional	4480	11	10	1	10.00%	8	80.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	4480	1754	1693	114	6.73%	1485	87.71%	7	0.41%	
02100										
Polling	3257	471	454	15	3.30%	415	91.41%	1	0.22%	
Absentee	3257	13	12	1	8.33%	11	91.67%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3257	714	680	27	3.97%	609	89.56%	1	0.15%	
Provisional	3257	11	11	0	0.00%	10	90.91%	0	0.00%	
Total	3257	1209	1157	43	3.72%	1045	90.32%	2	0.17%	
02600										
Polling	2983	499	484	15	3.10%	436	90.08%	2	0.41%	
Absentee	2983	10	10	0	0.00%	10	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2983	638	609	26	4.27%	535	87.85%	4	0.66%	
Provisional	2983	4	4	0	0.00%	3	75.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2983	1151	1107	41	3.70%	984	88.89%	6	0.54%	
02800										
Polling	2142	445	442	125	28.28%	312	70.59%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	2142	22	22	6	27.27%	16	72.73%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2142	825	821	183	22.29%	628	76.49%	3	0.37%	
Provisional	2142	2	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2142	1294	1287	314	24.40%	958	74.44%	3	0.23%	
03102										
Polling	2623	482	473	63	13.32%	387	81.82%	3	0.63%	
Absentee	2623	15	15	2	13.33%	13	86.67%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2623	870	859	81	9.43%	754	87.78%	4	0.47%	
Provisional	2623	6	6	0	0.00%	6	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2623	1373	1353	146	10.79%	1160	85.74%	7	0.52%	
03104										
Polling	3046	509	495	52	10.51%	417	84.24%	2	0.40%	
Absentee	3046	19	18	0	0.00%	18	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3046	1067	1041	71	6.82%	937	90.01%	4	0.38%	
Provisional	3046	3	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3046	1598	1556	123	7.90%	1374	88.30%	6	0.39%	
03300										
Polling	1068	262	259	67	25.87%	177	68.34%	2	0.77%	
Absentee	1068	4	4	1	25.00%	3	75.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	1068	267	265	54	20.38%	202	76.23%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	1068	2	2	0	0.00%	1	50.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	1068	535	530	122	23.02%	383	72.26%	2	0.38%	
03402										
Polling	2175	335	322	8	2.48%	291	90.37%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	2175	5	5	0	0.00%	5	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2175	413	395	16	4.05%	353	89.37%	1	0.25%	
Provisional	2175	2	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2175	755	724	24	3.31%	651	89.92%	1	0.14%	
03601										
Polling	2770	648	645	167	25.89%	467	72.40%	1	0.16%	
Absentee	2770	40	40	8	20.00%	32	80.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2770	953	947	148	15.63%	788	83.21%	3	0.32%	
Provisional	2770	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2770	1644	1635	323	19.76%	1290	78.90%	4	0.24%	
03602										
Polling	2744	570	542	41	7.56%	469	86.53%	4	0.74%	
Absentee	2744	12	12	1	8.33%	11	91.67%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2744	804	772	51	6.61%	689	89.25%	3	0.39%	
Provisional	2744	5	5	0	0.00%	5	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2744	1391	1331	93	6.99%	1174	88.20%	7	0.53%	
03700										

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:21 of 1134

GOVERNOR										
	Reg. Voters	Times Counted	Total Votes	Bill Lee		Karl Dean		Mark CoonRippy Brown		
Polling	3332	539	524	47	8.97%	429	81.87%	5	0.95%	
Absentee	3332	9	9	0	0.00%	9	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3332	509	493	38	7.71%	419	84.99%	3	0.61%	
Provisional	3332	4	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3332	1061	1029	85	8.26%	860	83.58%	8	0.78%	
04103										
Polling	3283	555	537	24	4.47%	464	86.41%	3	0.56%	
Absentee	3283	32	32	2	6.25%	29	90.63%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3283	731	705	33	4.68%	634	89.93%	2	0.28%	
Provisional	3283	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3283	1321	1277	59	4.62%	1130	88.49%	5	0.39%	
04201										
Polling	3247	593	566	21	3.71%	506	89.40%	5	0.88%	
Absentee	3247	8	8	0	0.00%	8	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3247	615	575	26	4.52%	518	90.09%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	3247	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3247	1219	1152	47	4.08%	1035	89.84%	5	0.43%	
04401										
Polling	4099	785	783	439	56.07%	339	43.30%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	4099	40	40	15	37.50%	25	62.50%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4099	1594	1590	759	47.74%	821	51.64%	2	0.13%	
Provisional	4099	1	1	0	0.00%	1	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	4099	2420	2414	1213	50.25%	1186	49.13%	2	0.08%	
04405										
Polling	2936	446	436	89	20.41%	326	74.77%	3	0.69%	
Absentee	2936	59	58	34	58.62%	24	41.38%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2936	900	888	292	32.88%	572	64.41%	3	0.34%	
Provisional	2936	8	7	2	28.57%	4	57.14%	0	0.00%	
Total	2936	1413	1389	417	30.02%	926	66.67%	6	0.43%	
04502										
Polling	4339	727	697	41	5.88%	618	88.67%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	4339	16	16	0	0.00%	16	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4339	1074	1032	47	4.55%	930	90.12%	10	0.97%	
Provisional	4339	10	10	0	0.00%	10	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	4339	1827	1755	88	5.01%	1574	89.69%	10	0.57%	
04504										
Polling	5409	1048	1037	366	35.29%	647	62.39%	1	0.10%	
Absentee	5409	62	62	19	30.65%	43	69.35%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	5409	1988	1975	729	36.91%	1231	62.33%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	5409	6	6	2	33.33%	4	66.67%	0	0.00%	
Total	5409	3104	3080	1116	36.23%	1925	62.50%	1	0.03%	
04602										
Polling	4361	793	787	344	43.71%	428	54.38%	2	0.25%	
Absentee	4361	70	70	30	42.86%	39	55.71%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4361	1393	1377	592	42.99%	770	55.92%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	4361	15	15	6	40.00%	9	60.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	4361	2271	2249	972	43.22%	1246	55.40%	2	0.09%	
04700										
Polling	3847	663	610	17	2.79%	558	91.48%	7	1.15%	
Absentee	3847	12	12	0	0.00%	12	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3847	808	774	29	3.75%	695	89.79%	4	0.52%	
Provisional	3847	3	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3847	1486	1398	46	3.29%	1267	90.63%	11	0.79%	
04900										
Polling	3576	640	609	24	3.94%	533	87.52%	5	0.82%	
Absentee	3576	14	14	0	0.00%	13	92.86%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3576	849	810	26	3.21%	731	90.25%	6	0.74%	
Provisional	3576	3	3	0	0.00%	2	66.67%	0	0.00%	

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:22 of 1134

	GOVERNOR									
	Reg. Voters	Times Counted	Total Votes	Bill Lee		Karl Dean		Mark CoonRippy Brown		
Total	3576	1506	1436	50	3.48%	1279	89.07%	11	0.77%	
05001										
Polling	1439	235	222	8	3.60%	194	87.39%	2	0.90%	
Absentee	1439	2	2	0	0.00%	1	50.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	1439	388	370	11	2.97%	339	91.62%	2	0.54%	
Provisional	1439	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	1439	628	597	19	3.18%	537	89.95%	4	0.67%	
05002										
Polling	2779	363	346	6	1.73%	319	92.20%	3	0.87%	
Absentee	2779	8	8	0	0.00%	8	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2779	658	621	28	4.51%	558	89.86%	1	0.16%	
Provisional	2779	7	7	1	14.29%	6	85.71%	0	0.00%	
Total	2779	1036	982	35	3.56%	891	90.73%	4	0.41%	
05201										
Polling	1864	352	341	10	2.93%	313	91.79%	2	0.59%	
Absentee	1864	11	11	0	0.00%	11	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	1864	424	406	23	5.67%	362	89.16%	1	0.25%	
Provisional	1864	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	1864	790	761	33	4.34%	689	90.54%	3	0.39%	
05301										
Polling	3486	671	653	249	38.13%	363	55.59%	3	0.46%	
Absentee	3486	12	12	7	58.33%	5	41.67%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3486	632	624	249	39.90%	355	56.89%	2	0.32%	
Provisional	3486	1	1	1	100.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3486	1316	1290	506	39.22%	723	56.05%	5	0.39%	
05400										
Polling	4737	862	851	382	44.89%	435	51.12%	5	0.59%	
Absentee	4737	28	27	14	51.85%	13	48.15%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4737	1247	1225	642	52.41%	562	45.88%	2	0.16%	
Provisional	4737	4	4	0	0.00%	4	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	4737	2141	2107	1038	49.26%	1014	48.13%	7	0.33%	
05502										
Polling	3391	736	732	457	62.43%	270	36.89%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	3391	55	55	17	30.91%	38	69.09%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3391	1619	1612	950	58.93%	656	40.69%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	3391	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3391	2413	2402	1424	59.28%	967	40.26%	0	0.00%	
05700										
Polling	4632	780	773	510	65.98%	256	33.12%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	4632	73	73	28	38.36%	45	61.64%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4632	2453	2439	1535	62.94%	894	36.65%	1	0.04%	
Provisional	4632	2	2	1	50.00%	1	50.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	4632	3308	3287	2074	63.10%	1196	36.39%	1	0.03%	
05801										
Polling	2977	652	642	96	14.95%	508	79.13%	3	0.47%	
Absentee	2977	8	8	2	25.00%	6	75.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2977	669	644	105	16.30%	521	80.90%	4	0.62%	
Provisional	2977	9	9	0	0.00%	8	88.89%	0	0.00%	
Total	2977	1338	1303	203	15.58%	1043	80.05%	7	0.54%	
05804										
Polling	3820	630	613	102	16.64%	480	78.30%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	3820	11	11	2	18.18%	9	81.82%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3820	691	666	143	21.47%	488	73.27%	4	0.60%	
Provisional	3820	11	11	2	18.18%	9	81.82%	0	0.00%	
Total	3820	1343	1301	249	19.14%	986	75.79%	4	0.31%	
05905										
Polling	3913	791	765	38	4.97%	664	86.80%	5	0.65%	
Absentee	3913	10	10	1	10.00%	9	90.00%	0	0.00%	

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date: 11/26/18
Time: 18:12:06
Page: 23 of 1134

	GOVERNOR									
	Reg. Voters	Times Counted	Total Votes	Bill Lee		Karl Dean		Mark CoonRippy Brown		
Early Vote	3913	892	854	37	4.33%	764	89.46%	6	0.70%	
Provisional	3913	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3913	1696	1632	76	4.66%	1440	88.24%	11	0.67%	
06003										
Polling	2379	492	477	20	4.19%	430	90.15%	5	1.05%	
Absentee	2379	14	12	1	8.33%	11	91.67%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2379	624	593	29	4.89%	531	89.54%	4	0.67%	
Provisional	2379	4	4	0	0.00%	4	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2379	1134	1086	50	4.60%	976	89.87%	9	0.83%	
06005										
Polling	1722	307	298	12	4.03%	268	89.93%	2	0.67%	
Absentee	1722	2	2	1	50.00%	1	50.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	1722	341	323	13	4.02%	291	90.09%	1	0.31%	
Provisional	1722	1	1	0	0.00%	1	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	1722	651	624	26	4.17%	561	89.90%	3	0.48%	
06006										
Polling	2206	410	398	23	5.78%	360	90.45%	1	0.25%	
Absentee	2206	15	15	4	26.67%	11	73.33%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2206	451	440	28	6.36%	393	89.32%	3	0.68%	
Provisional	2206	2	2	0	0.00%	1	50.00%	1	50.00%	
Total	2206	878	855	55	6.43%	765	89.47%	5	0.58%	
06007										
Polling	4382	854	828	48	5.80%	720	86.96%	1	0.12%	
Absentee	4382	10	10	0	0.00%	9	90.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4382	1074	1040	58	5.58%	928	89.23%	6	0.58%	
Provisional	4382	8	8	0	0.00%	7	87.50%	0	0.00%	
Total	4382	1946	1886	106	5.62%	1664	88.23%	7	0.37%	
06009										
Polling	2713	443	423	12	2.84%	385	91.02%	2	0.47%	
Absentee	2713	8	8	1	12.50%	7	87.50%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2713	541	509	25	4.91%	453	89.00%	4	0.79%	
Provisional	2713	2	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2713	994	942	38	4.03%	847	89.92%	6	0.64%	
06100										
Polling	2252	439	425	14	3.29%	389	91.53%	1	0.24%	
Absentee	2252	7	7	0	0.00%	6	85.71%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2252	404	383	13	3.39%	350	91.38%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	2252	0	0	0	-	0	-	0	-	
Total	2252	850	815	27	3.31%	745	91.41%	1	0.12%	
06200										
Polling	2237	343	336	127	37.80%	187	55.65%	2	0.60%	
Absentee	2237	9	8	7	87.50%	1	12.50%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2237	344	337	160	47.48%	162	48.07%	3	0.89%	
Provisional	2237	4	4	1	25.00%	3	75.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2237	700	685	295	43.07%	353	51.53%	5	0.73%	
06400										
Polling	3341	702	695	421	60.58%	270	38.85%	1	0.14%	
Absentee	3341	49	49	20	40.82%	28	57.14%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3341	1458	1452	778	53.58%	667	45.94%	1	0.07%	
Provisional	3341	6	6	2	33.33%	4	66.67%	0	0.00%	
Total	3341	2215	2202	1221	55.45%	969	44.01%	2	0.09%	
06600										
Polling	4230	791	778	320	41.13%	431	55.40%	3	0.39%	
Absentee	4230	20	20	13	65.00%	7	35.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4230	1337	1326	555	41.86%	736	55.51%	2	0.15%	
Provisional	4230	6	6	0	0.00%	5	83.33%	0	0.00%	
Total	4230	2154	2130	888	41.69%	1179	55.35%	5	0.23%	
06701										

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:24 of 1134

GOVERNOR										
	Reg. Voters	Times Counted	Total Votes	Bill Lee		Karl Dean		Mark CoonRippy Brown		
Polling	3458	757	749	408	54.47%	321	42.86%	3	0.40%	
Absentee	3458	19	19	8	42.11%	11	57.89%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3458	1227	1217	595	48.89%	610	50.12%	1	0.08%	
Provisional	3458	9	9	5	55.56%	3	33.33%	1	11.11%	
Total	3458	2012	1994	1016	50.95%	945	47.39%	5	0.25%	
06703										
Polling	2151	494	488	322	65.98%	162	33.20%	1	0.20%	
Absentee	2151	15	15	7	46.67%	8	53.33%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2151	910	904	508	56.19%	386	42.70%	2	0.22%	
Provisional	2151	7	7	1	14.29%	5	71.43%	0	0.00%	
Total	2151	1426	1414	838	59.26%	561	39.67%	3	0.21%	
06801										
Polling	2423	596	596	319	53.52%	267	44.80%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	2423	62	60	25	41.67%	34	56.67%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2423	896	892	434	48.65%	454	50.90%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	2423	3	3	2	66.67%	1	33.33%	0	0.00%	
Total	2423	1557	1551	780	50.29%	756	48.74%	0	0.00%	
06803										
Polling	3294	644	640	422	65.94%	211	32.97%	1	0.16%	
Absentee	3294	60	59	31	52.54%	27	45.76%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3294	1431	1419	799	56.31%	615	43.34%	1	0.07%	
Provisional	3294	13	13	7	53.85%	6	46.15%	0	0.00%	
Total	3294	2148	2131	1259	59.08%	859	40.31%	2	0.09%	
06902										
Polling	2026	311	300	68	22.67%	216	72.00%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	2026	5	5	3	60.00%	2	40.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2026	276	266	53	19.92%	205	77.07%	2	0.75%	
Provisional	2026	10	10	0	0.00%	9	90.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2026	602	581	124	21.34%	432	74.35%	2	0.34%	
07001										
Polling	3295	479	459	40	8.71%	390	84.97%	1	0.22%	
Absentee	3295	8	8	3	37.50%	5	62.50%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3295	673	644	86	13.35%	529	82.14%	2	0.31%	
Provisional	3295	1	1	0	0.00%	1	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3295	1161	1112	129	11.60%	925	83.18%	3	0.27%	
07002										
Polling	3266	464	444	49	11.04%	358	80.63%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	3266	11	11	6	54.55%	5	45.45%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3266	536	516	49	9.50%	433	83.91%	4	0.78%	
Provisional	3266	1	1	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3266	1012	972	104	10.70%	796	81.89%	4	0.41%	
07104										
Polling	5301	770	728	40	5.49%	647	88.87%	4	0.55%	
Absentee	5301	7	7	2	28.57%	5	71.43%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	5301	1242	1184	79	6.67%	1037	87.58%	6	0.51%	
Provisional	5301	8	7	0	0.00%	7	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	5301	2027	1926	121	6.28%	1696	88.06%	10	0.52%	
07203										
Polling	3883	636	612	36	5.88%	526	85.95%	2	0.33%	
Absentee	3883	6	6	2	33.33%	4	66.67%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3883	910	885	90	10.17%	754	85.20%	3	0.34%	
Provisional	3883	5	5	1	20.00%	4	80.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3883	1557	1508	129	8.55%	1288	85.41%	5	0.33%	
07207										
Polling	3141	520	506	53	10.47%	423	83.60%	2	0.40%	
Absentee	3141	12	12	2	16.67%	10	83.33%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3141	960	929	119	12.81%	781	84.07%	1	0.11%	
Provisional	3141	6	6	1	16.67%	5	83.33%	0	0.00%	

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:25 of 1134

	GOVERNOR									
	Reg. Voters	Times Counted	Total Votes	Bill Lee		Karl Dean		Mark CoonRippy Brown		
Total	3141	1498	1453	175	12.04%	1219	83.90%	3	0.21%	
07301										
Polling	2301	281	271	26	9.59%	222	81.92%	3	1.11%	
Absentee	2301	20	20	4	20.00%	15	75.00%	1	5.00%	
Early Vote	2301	345	337	25	7.42%	291	86.35%	1	0.30%	
Provisional	2301	2	2	0	0.00%	1	50.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2301	648	630	55	8.73%	529	83.97%	5	0.79%	
07303										
Polling	3684	585	561	37	6.60%	495	88.24%	4	0.71%	
Absentee	3684	7	6	2	33.33%	4	66.67%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3684	817	794	69	8.69%	681	85.77%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	3684	8	7	0	0.00%	6	85.71%	0	0.00%	
Total	3684	1417	1368	108	7.89%	1186	86.70%	4	0.29%	
07401										
Polling	4325	648	635	59	9.29%	538	84.72%	5	0.79%	
Absentee	4325	10	10	2	20.00%	8	80.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4325	1097	1066	113	10.60%	917	86.02%	3	0.28%	
Provisional	4325	1	1	0	0.00%	1	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	4325	1756	1712	174	10.16%	1464	85.51%	8	0.47%	
07402										
Polling	3977	594	575	39	6.78%	501	87.13%	6	1.04%	
Absentee	3977	13	13	1	7.69%	12	92.31%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3977	1179	1156	99	8.56%	1024	88.58%	2	0.17%	
Provisional	3977	8	8	0	0.00%	7	87.50%	0	0.00%	
Total	3977	1794	1752	139	7.93%	1544	88.13%	8	0.46%	
07405										
Polling	2970	506	495	75	15.15%	381	76.97%	2	0.40%	
Absentee	2970	9	9	5	55.56%	4	44.44%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2970	828	802	117	14.59%	647	80.67%	3	0.37%	
Provisional	2970	5	4	1	25.00%	2	50.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2970	1348	1310	198	15.11%	1034	78.93%	5	0.38%	
07409										
Polling	2968	484	470	30	6.38%	410	87.23%	1	0.21%	
Absentee	2968	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2968	612	591	44	7.45%	519	87.82%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	2968	8	8	0	0.00%	8	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2968	1107	1072	74	6.90%	940	87.69%	1	0.09%	
07501										
Polling	2511	358	327	12	3.67%	298	91.13%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	2511	11	9	0	0.00%	9	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2511	688	648	35	5.40%	574	88.58%	3	0.46%	
Provisional	2511	2	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2511	1059	986	47	4.77%	883	89.55%	3	0.30%	
07506										
Polling	4668	781	754	22	2.92%	669	88.73%	8	1.06%	
Absentee	4668	10	10	0	0.00%	10	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4668	1387	1309	34	2.60%	1172	89.53%	12	0.92%	
Provisional	4668	6	6	0	0.00%	6	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	4668	2184	2079	56	2.69%	1857	89.32%	20	0.96%	
07507										
Polling	4265	648	622	13	2.09%	560	90.03%	3	0.48%	
Absentee	4265	17	16	0	0.00%	16	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4265	1107	1037	33	3.18%	925	89.20%	7	0.68%	
Provisional	4265	0	0	0	-	0	-	0	-	
Total	4265	1772	1675	46	2.75%	1501	89.61%	10	0.60%	
07511										
Polling	3998	682	642	22	3.43%	566	88.16%	2	0.31%	
Absentee	3998	21	20	1	5.00%	19	95.00%	0	0.00%	

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:26 of 1134

		GOVERNOR									
		Reg. Voters		Times Counted	Total Votes		Bill Lee		Karl Dean		Mark CoonRippy Brown
Early Vote		3998	1405	1352	42	3.11%	1246	92.16%	3	0.22%	
Provisional		3998	5	5	0	0.00%	5	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total		3998	2113	2019	65	3.22%	1836	90.94%	5	0.25%	
07604											
Polling		2705	474	464	27	5.82%	414	89.22%	1	0.22%	
Absentee		2705	12	12	0	0.00%	12	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote		2705	950	897	25	2.79%	837	93.31%	4	0.45%	
Provisional		2705	3	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total		2705	1439	1375	52	3.78%	1265	92.00%	5	0.36%	
07605											
Polling		2560	351	344	10	2.91%	311	90.41%	2	0.58%	
Absentee		2560	6	6	0	0.00%	6	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote		2560	753	712	17	2.39%	650	91.29%	2	0.28%	
Provisional		2560	7	7	0	0.00%	7	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total		2560	1117	1069	27	2.53%	974	91.11%	4	0.37%	
07606											
Polling		3910	620	582	24	4.12%	522	89.69%	3	0.52%	
Absentee		3910	17	17	4	23.53%	13	76.47%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote		3910	1191	1138	34	2.99%	1048	92.09%	6	0.53%	
Provisional		3910	2	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total		3910	1830	1739	62	3.57%	1585	91.14%	9	0.52%	
07701											
Polling		3935	576	559	24	4.29%	509	91.06%	0	0.00%	
Absentee		3935	17	17	2	11.76%	15	88.24%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote		3935	1434	1374	50	3.64%	1267	92.21%	5	0.36%	
Provisional		3935	2	2	0	0.00%	1	50.00%	0	0.00%	
Total		3935	2029	1952	76	3.89%	1792	91.80%	5	0.26%	
07703											
Polling		3193	432	415	30	7.23%	360	86.75%	4	0.96%	
Absentee		3193	23	22	4	18.18%	16	72.73%	1	4.55%	
Early Vote		3193	996	963	34	3.53%	872	90.55%	5	0.52%	
Provisional		3193	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total		3193	1454	1403	68	4.85%	1251	89.17%	10	0.71%	
07803											
Polling		4069	488	473	16	3.38%	430	90.91%	3	0.63%	
Absentee		4069	15	15	3	20.00%	12	80.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote		4069	1090	1060	42	3.96%	968	91.32%	4	0.38%	
Provisional		4069	7	6	0	0.00%	6	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total		4069	1600	1554	61	3.93%	1416	91.12%	7	0.45%	
07901											
Polling		5290	683	658	23	3.50%	596	90.58%	1	0.15%	
Absentee		5290	82	81	6	7.41%	74	91.36%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote		5290	1296	1247	66	5.29%	1112	89.17%	7	0.56%	
Provisional		5290	13	12	1	8.33%	9	75.00%	0	0.00%	
Total		5290	2074	1998	96	4.80%	1791	89.64%	8	0.40%	
07902											
Polling		3020	524	508	27	5.31%	458	90.16%	8	1.57%	
Absentee		3020	15	14	3	21.43%	10	71.43%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote		3020	1114	1083	38	3.51%	1001	92.43%	2	0.18%	
Provisional		3020	5	5	0	0.00%	5	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total		3020	1658	1610	68	4.22%	1474	91.55%	10	0.62%	
07903											
Polling		3891	718	687	45	6.55%	613	89.23%	1	0.15%	
Absentee		3891	11	10	1	10.00%	9	90.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote		3891	1128	1086	46	4.24%	991	91.25%	5	0.46%	
Provisional		3891	2	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total		3891	1859	1785	92	5.15%	1615	90.48%	6	0.34%	
07907											

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:27 of 1134

	GOVERNOR									
	Reg. Voters	Times Counted	Total Votes	Bill Lee		Karl Dean		Mark CoonRippy Brown		
Polling	2602	394	389	18	4.63%	351	90.23%	1	0.26%	
Absentee	2602	5	5	0	0.00%	5	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2602	793	765	32	4.18%	699	91.37%	2	0.26%	
Provisional	2602	2	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2602	1194	1161	50	4.31%	1057	91.04%	3	0.26%	
08002										
Polling	3892	684	681	388	56.98%	286	42.00%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	3892	98	97	45	46.39%	51	52.58%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3892	1594	1579	806	51.04%	757	47.94%	2	0.13%	
Provisional	3892	20	20	10	50.00%	10	50.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3892	2396	2377	1249	52.55%	1104	46.45%	2	0.08%	
08101										
Polling	3654	633	630	356	56.51%	265	42.06%	1	0.16%	
Absentee	3654	65	64	33	51.56%	30	46.88%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3654	1420	1409	819	58.13%	576	40.88%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	3654	4	4	0	0.00%	4	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3654	2122	2107	1208	57.33%	875	41.53%	1	0.05%	
08103										
Polling	3243	634	627	392	62.52%	226	36.04%	2	0.32%	
Absentee	3243	50	50	26	52.00%	24	48.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3243	1460	1450	837	57.72%	601	41.45%	2	0.14%	
Provisional	3243	1	1	1	100.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3243	2145	2128	1256	59.02%	851	39.99%	4	0.19%	
08105										
Polling	2960	566	553	131	23.69%	405	73.24%	2	0.36%	
Absentee	2960	53	51	16	31.37%	35	68.63%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2960	958	945	181	19.15%	740	78.31%	2	0.21%	
Provisional	2960	6	6	1	16.67%	5	83.33%	0	0.00%	
Total	2960	1583	1555	329	21.16%	1185	76.21%	4	0.26%	
08107										
Polling	5186	1051	1038	375	36.13%	630	60.69%	2	0.19%	
Absentee	5186	50	48	15	31.25%	32	66.67%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	5186	1555	1538	515	33.49%	997	64.82%	3	0.20%	
Provisional	5186	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	5186	2659	2627	905	34.45%	1662	63.27%	5	0.19%	
08202										
Polling	1064	224	217	28	12.90%	175	80.65%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	1064	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	1064	310	299	17	5.69%	264	88.29%	2	0.67%	
Provisional	1064	5	5	0	0.00%	5	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	1064	542	524	45	8.59%	447	85.31%	2	0.38%	
08300										
Polling	1501	227	218	22	10.09%	181	83.03%	1	0.46%	
Absentee	1501	2	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	1501	290	273	28	10.26%	230	84.25%	3	1.10%	
Provisional	1501	0	0	0	-	0	-	0	-	
Total	1501	519	493	50	10.14%	413	83.77%	4	0.81%	
08402										
Polling	1062	191	185	13	7.03%	157	84.86%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	1062	2	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	1062	317	304	16	5.26%	276	90.79%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	1062	3	3	1	33.33%	2	66.67%	0	0.00%	
Total	1062	513	494	30	6.07%	437	88.46%	0	0.00%	
08600										
Polling	4282	629	596	70	11.74%	498	83.56%	1	0.17%	
Absentee	4282	26	25	6	24.00%	19	76.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4282	1342	1299	185	14.24%	1065	81.99%	1	0.08%	
Provisional	4282	5	5	1	20.00%	4	80.00%	0	0.00%	

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:28 of 1134

	GOVERNOR									
	Reg. Voters	Times Counted	Total Votes	Bill Lee		Karl Dean		Mark CoonRippy Brown		
Total	4282	2002	1925	262	13.61%	1586	82.39%	2	0.10%	
08702										
Polling	2964	481	471	44	9.34%	406	86.20%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	2964	6	6	0	0.00%	6	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2964	902	876	70	7.99%	777	88.70%	2	0.23%	
Provisional	2964	8	8	1	12.50%	6	75.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2964	1397	1361	115	8.45%	1195	87.80%	2	0.15%	
08703										
Polling	4747	836	827	169	20.44%	615	74.37%	6	0.73%	
Absentee	4747	17	16	5	31.25%	11	68.75%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4747	1533	1498	341	22.76%	1110	74.10%	4	0.27%	
Provisional	4747	8	8	0	0.00%	6	75.00%	1	12.50%	
Total	4747	2394	2349	515	21.92%	1742	74.16%	11	0.47%	
08704										
Polling	3205	500	495	121	24.44%	353	71.31%	1	0.20%	
Absentee	3205	13	13	9	69.23%	4	30.77%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3205	1094	1079	336	31.14%	711	65.89%	6	0.56%	
Provisional	3205	14	13	5	38.46%	8	61.54%	0	0.00%	
Total	3205	1621	1600	471	29.44%	1076	67.25%	7	0.44%	
08802										
Polling	1798	393	384	82	21.35%	292	76.04%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	1798	13	13	3	23.08%	9	69.23%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	1798	559	552	112	20.29%	429	77.72%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	1798	1	1	0	0.00%	1	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	1798	966	950	197	20.74%	731	76.95%	0	0.00%	
08803										
Polling	4812	710	692	127	18.35%	521	75.29%	5	0.72%	
Absentee	4812	19	19	12	63.16%	7	36.84%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4812	844	823	166	20.17%	626	76.06%	2	0.24%	
Provisional	4812	6	6	0	0.00%	6	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	4812	1579	1540	305	19.81%	1160	75.32%	7	0.45%	
08804										
Polling	2353	367	348	52	14.94%	268	77.01%	4	1.15%	
Absentee	2353	6	6	4	66.67%	2	33.33%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2353	463	442	53	11.99%	364	82.35%	2	0.45%	
Provisional	2353	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2353	839	799	109	13.64%	637	79.72%	6	0.75%	
08901										
Polling	2588	449	442	188	42.53%	236	53.39%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	2588	14	14	7	50.00%	7	50.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2588	555	547	205	37.48%	324	59.23%	1	0.18%	
Provisional	2588	16	15	2	13.33%	11	73.33%	0	0.00%	
Total	2588	1034	1018	402	39.49%	578	56.78%	1	0.10%	
08902										
Polling	3379	760	752	250	33.24%	467	62.10%	2	0.27%	
Absentee	3379	10	10	3	30.00%	7	70.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3379	654	644	203	31.52%	414	64.29%	5	0.78%	
Provisional	3379	16	16	3	18.75%	12	75.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3379	1440	1422	459	32.28%	900	63.29%	7	0.49%	
09002										
Polling	4404	676	648	68	10.49%	524	80.86%	4	0.62%	
Absentee	4404	11	11	7	63.64%	4	36.36%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4404	905	879	89	10.13%	745	84.76%	2	0.23%	
Provisional	4404	8	8	1	12.50%	7	87.50%	0	0.00%	
Total	4404	1600	1546	165	10.67%	1280	82.79%	6	0.39%	
09003										
Polling	3314	565	542	40	7.38%	470	86.72%	4	0.74%	
Absentee	3314	12	12	6	50.00%	6	50.00%	0	0.00%	

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:29 of 1134

	GOVERNOR									
	Reg. Voters	Times Counted	Total Votes	Bill Lee		Karl Dean		Mark CoonRippy Brown		
Early Vote	3314	904	876	109	12.44%	732	83.56%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	3314	1	1	0	0.00%	1	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3314	1482	1431	155	10.83%	1209	84.49%	4	0.28%	
09101										
Polling	5085	825	811	359	44.27%	417	51.42%	2	0.25%	
Absentee	5085	66	65	25	38.46%	39	60.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	5085	1787	1767	791	44.77%	956	54.10%	3	0.17%	
Provisional	5085	16	16	4	25.00%	12	75.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	5085	2694	2659	1179	44.34%	1424	53.55%	5	0.19%	
09102										
Polling	4410	754	747	332	44.44%	393	52.61%	2	0.27%	
Absentee	4410	65	63	37	58.73%	26	41.27%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4410	1573	1565	643	41.09%	903	57.70%	3	0.19%	
Provisional	4410	7	6	2	33.33%	4	66.67%	0	0.00%	
Total	4410	2399	2381	1014	42.59%	1326	55.69%	5	0.21%	
09104										
Polling	4450	848	841	424	50.42%	401	47.68%	1	0.12%	
Absentee	4450	26	26	7	26.92%	19	73.08%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4450	1635	1630	836	51.29%	766	46.99%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	4450	8	7	1	14.29%	6	85.71%	0	0.00%	
Total	4450	2517	2504	1268	50.64%	1192	47.60%	1	0.04%	
09201										
Polling	1634	273	269	22	8.18%	232	86.25%	2	0.74%	
Absentee	1634	1	1	0	0.00%	1	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	1634	368	353	19	5.38%	322	91.22%	2	0.57%	
Provisional	1634	4	3	0	0.00%	2	66.67%	0	0.00%	
Total	1634	646	626	41	6.55%	557	88.98%	4	0.64%	
09301										
Polling	3545	563	556	44	7.91%	493	88.67%	1	0.18%	
Absentee	3545	2	2	0	0.00%	2	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3545	675	652	38	5.83%	588	90.18%	1	0.15%	
Provisional	3545	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3545	1243	1213	82	6.76%	1086	89.53%	2	0.16%	
09303										
Polling	3179	367	356	31	8.71%	302	84.83%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	3179	123	121	90	74.38%	29	23.97%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3179	542	527	115	21.82%	388	73.62%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	3179	5	5	0	0.00%	5	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3179	1037	1009	236	23.39%	724	71.75%	0	0.00%	
09403										
Polling	4463	751	730	54	7.40%	633	86.71%	2	0.27%	
Absentee	4463	19	18	2	11.11%	16	88.89%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4463	1234	1196	99	8.28%	1052	87.96%	5	0.42%	
Provisional	4463	7	7	1	14.29%	6	85.71%	0	0.00%	
Total	4463	2011	1951	156	8.00%	1707	87.49%	7	0.36%	
09406										
Polling	2437	515	505	32	6.34%	435	86.14%	2	0.40%	
Absentee	2437	5	5	2	40.00%	3	60.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2437	555	541	40	7.39%	478	88.35%	1	0.18%	
Provisional	2437	5	5	0	0.00%	5	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	2437	1080	1056	74	7.01%	921	87.22%	3	0.28%	
09407										
Polling	5534	1000	973	69	7.09%	851	87.46%	5	0.51%	
Absentee	5534	16	16	3	18.75%	13	81.25%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	5534	1176	1145	75	6.55%	1026	89.61%	5	0.44%	
Provisional	5534	0	0	0	-	0	-	0	-	
Total	5534	2192	2134	147	6.89%	1890	88.57%	10	0.47%	
09408										

Statement of Votes Cast
Shelby County, TN
State and Federal General Election Municipal Elections
November 6, 2018
SOVC For Jurisdiction Wide, All Counters, All Races
Official Combined Results

Date:11/26/18
Time:18:12:06
Page:30 of 1134

GOVERNOR										
	Reg. Voters	Times Counted	Total Votes	Bill Lee		Karl Dean		Mark CoonRippy Brown		
Polling	3276	666	644	65	10.09%	556	86.34%	1	0.16%	
Absentee	3276	14	14	2	14.29%	12	85.71%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3276	1079	1055	110	10.43%	904	85.69%	7	0.66%	
Provisional	3276	3	3	1	33.33%	2	66.67%	0	0.00%	
Total	3276	1762	1716	178	10.37%	1474	85.90%	8	0.47%	
09501										
Polling	4147	881	872	319	36.58%	519	59.52%	4	0.46%	
Absentee	4147	21	20	9	45.00%	11	55.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4147	1177	1164	454	39.00%	684	58.76%	1	0.09%	
Provisional	4147	8	8	2	25.00%	5	62.50%	0	0.00%	
Total	4147	2087	2064	784	37.98%	1219	59.06%	5	0.24%	
09505										
Polling	3166	679	673	310	46.06%	342	50.82%	2	0.30%	
Absentee	3166	22	22	11	50.00%	11	50.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3166	1140	1130	565	50.00%	548	48.50%	2	0.18%	
Provisional	3166	18	18	4	22.22%	13	72.22%	0	0.00%	
Total	3166	1859	1843	890	48.29%	914	49.59%	4	0.22%	
09506										
Polling	3375	558	552	207	37.50%	329	59.60%	2	0.36%	
Absentee	3375	21	21	8	38.10%	13	61.90%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3375	1144	1132	476	42.05%	643	56.80%	3	0.27%	
Provisional	3375	5	5	1	20.00%	4	80.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3375	1728	1710	692	40.47%	989	57.84%	5	0.29%	
09507										
Polling	2886	517	510	204	40.00%	297	58.24%	1	0.20%	
Absentee	2886	15	15	6	40.00%	9	60.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2886	895	889	354	39.82%	514	57.82%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	2886	6	6	1	16.67%	4	66.67%	0	0.00%	
Total	2886	1433	1420	565	39.79%	824	58.03%	1	0.07%	
09508										
Polling	4475	720	717	252	35.15%	453	63.18%	1	0.14%	
Absentee	4475	32	31	12	38.71%	19	61.29%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4475	1816	1791	705	39.36%	1062	59.30%	4	0.22%	
Provisional	4475	8	7	1	14.29%	6	85.71%	0	0.00%	
Total	4475	2576	2546	970	38.10%	1540	60.49%	5	0.20%	
09601										
Polling	3577	691	686	211	30.76%	458	66.76%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	3577	15	15	4	26.67%	11	73.33%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	3577	1118	1108	366	33.03%	727	65.61%	2	0.18%	
Provisional	3577	3	3	0	0.00%	3	100.00%	0	0.00%	
Total	3577	1827	1812	581	32.06%	1199	66.17%	2	0.11%	
09602										
Polling	4305	825	819	344	42.00%	445	54.33%	4	0.49%	
Absentee	4305	31	31	21	67.74%	10	32.26%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	4305	1433	1418	641	45.20%	761	53.67%	0	0.00%	
Provisional	4305	11	11	7	63.64%	3	27.27%	0	0.00%	
Total	4305	2300	2279	1013	44.45%	1219	53.49%	4	0.18%	
ARL01										
Polling	5773	1153	1149	852	74.15%	280	24.37%	4	0.35%	
Absentee	5773	26	26	13	50.00%	13	50.00%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	5773	2318	2304	1633	70.88%	652	28.30%	1	0.04%	
Provisional	5773	11	11	5	45.45%	6	54.55%	0	0.00%	
Total	5773	3508	3490	2503	71.72%	951	27.25%	5	0.14%	
ARL02										
Polling	2968	540	536	402	75.00%	130	24.25%	0	0.00%	
Absentee	2968	14	14	8	57.14%	6	42.86%	0	0.00%	
Early Vote	2968	1055	1049	722	68.83%	319	30.41%	3	0.29%	
Provisional	2968	5	5	4	80.00%	1	20.00%	0	0.00%	